Company registration: 02384569

The Landmark Trustee Company Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2021

04/10/2022

COMPANIES HOUSE

Company Information

Directors

Alan Leibowitz
Ptolemy Dean
Dame Elizabeth Forgan DBE
Dr Douglas Gurr
Sarah Hall
John Hastings-Bass
Brian Millar
Sarah Porritt CBE
Helen Webb

Secretary

Jennifer Harding

Registered number

2384569

Registered office

Shottesbrooke, Maidenhead, Berkshire SL6 3SW

Auditor

BDO LLP, 2 City Place, Beehive Ring Road, Gatwick, West Sussex RH6 OPA

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2021

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Results

The company did not enter into any trading transactions during the year.

Principal activities and review of the business

The company is a trust corporation and continues to act as a trustee of The Landmark Trust, a registered charity (charity number 243312). The company did not trade during the year under review and accordingly no profit and loss account has been prepared.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

Alan Leibowitz (appointed 17 June 2021)
Lord Mendoza (retired 1 December 2021)
Ptolemy Dean (appointed 17 June 2021)
Dame Elizabeth Forgan DBE
Dr Douglas Gurr
Sarah Hall
John Hastings-Bass
Brian Millar
Sarah Porritt CBE
Helen Webb

The company has no share capital. The company is limited by guarantee of members.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2021 (Continued)

Directors' responsibilities (Continued)

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditor for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed a willingness to continue in office and a resolution to reappoint them as auditors will be proposed at the next annual general meeting.

This directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

By order of the Board

Jennifer Harding Secretary

Date: 15 September 2022

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Landmark Trustee Company Limited

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its position for the period then ended;
 - have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
 - have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of The Landmark Trustee Company Limited ("the Company") for the period ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remain independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the report and financial statements other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Other Companies Act 2006 reporting

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the directors for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control

as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under the Companies Act 2006 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Audit procedures capable of detecting irregularities including fraud performed by the engagement team included:

- Enquiries of management and those charged with governance, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud;
- Enquiry of entity staff in tax compliance functions to identify any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- Reviewing correspondence with HMRC and regulators;
- Reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance to identify any actual or
 potential frauds or any potential weaknesses in internal control which could result in fraud
 susceptibility; and
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Flona Condron
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Fiona Condron (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Gatwick, UK
Date 30 September 2022

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Company registration: 02384569

THE LANDMARK TRUSTEE COMPANY LIMITED

Balance sheet at 31 December 2021

	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
	£	£
Total net assets	Nil	Nil
		
Reserves	Nil	Nil
		

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

The financial statements were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 15 September 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

[Alan Leibowitz]

Director

The notes on page 9 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and are in accordance with applicable accounting standard FRS 102 1A, and the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting and Reporting by Charities issued by the Charity Commission in 2014 ("SORP 2019), applicable accounting policies and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements continue to be prepared on the basis that the entity is a going concern.

2 Called up share capital

The company has no share capital. The company is limited by guarantee of members.