DEREK ANTHONY LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 MAY 2008

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ALLEN MILLS HOWARD & COMPANY

Chartered Certified Accountants 23 Stockport Road, Ashton-Under-Lyne, Lancashire. OL7 0LA

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MAY 2008

		2008		2007	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Tangible assets			61,237		61,760
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		34,603		10,904	
Debtors		160,530		177,544	
Cash at bank and in hand		14,095		2,630	
		209,228		191,078	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due				·	
within one year		142,016		133,224	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			67,212		57,854
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			128,449		119,614
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			6,972		5,352
			121,477		114,262
			121,477		117,202
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	3		10,000		10,000
Profit and loss account			111,477		104,262
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			121,477		114,262
					

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 18 February 2009, and are signed on their behalf by:

MRS L.J. ALLSOPP

Director

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The notes on pages 2 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

Changes in accounting policies

In preparing the financial statements for the current year, the company has adopted the following Financial Reporting Standards:

-FRS 21 'Events after the Balance Sheet date (IAS 10)'.

FRS 21 'Events after the Balance Sheet date (IAS 10)'

The adoption of FRS 21 has resulted in a change in accounting policy in respect of proposed equity dividends. If the company declares dividends to the holders of equity instruments after the balance sheet date, the company does not recognise those dividends as a liability at the balance sheet date. The aggregate amount of equity dividends proposed before approval of the financial statements, which have not been shown as liabilities at the balance sheet date, are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Previously, proposed equity dividends were recorded as liabilities at the balance sheet date.

This change in accounting policy has resulted in a prior year adjustment for the company. Shareholders' funds at 1 June 2006 have been increased by £34000. For year ended 31 May 2007, the change in accounting policy has resulted in a net increase in retained profit for the year of £34000. The balance sheet at 31 May 2007 has been restated to reflect the derecognition of a liability for proposed equity dividends of £40000. For year ended 31 May 2008, the change in accounting policy has resulted in a net increase in retained profit for the year of £40000.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

15% on reducing balance basis

Fixtures & Fittings

15% on reducing balance basis

Motor Vehicles

25% on reducing balance basis

Computer Equipment

- 25% on straight line basis

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2008

2.	FIXED ASSETS			•••	· - ·
					Tangible Assets £
	COST				-
	At 1 June 2007 Additions				219,459 10,648
	At 31 May 2008				230,107
	At 31 May 2000				230,107
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1 June 2007				157,699
	Charge for year				11,171
	At 31 May 2008				168,870
	NET BOOK VALUE				61,237
	At 31 May 2008				
	At 31 May 2007				61,760
3.	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Authorised share capital:				
			2008		2007
			£		£
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		10,000		10,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2008		200	7
		No	£	No	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000