Registration No. 02357371

Registered Office: Ninth Floor, Ten Bishops Square, London E1 6EG, United Kingdom

IPD GROUP LIMITED

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended

31 December 2021

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STRATEGIC REPORT

The Directors present the Strategic Report for IPD Group Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2021 and in doing so have complied with s414c of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The principal activity of the Company is that of a holding company for subsidiaries that provide real estate sector performance analytics for funds, investors, managers and lenders. The Company's subsidiaries offer a wide range of analytic services in the real estate sector, including research, reporting, benchmarking and indices. The Company is based in London.

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is MSCI Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is MSCI Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America. The Company's results are consolidated within the results of the MSCI Inc. Group (the "Group").

The Statement of Comprehensive Income is set out on page 10. The Company has recorded an operating loss of £23k in 2021 (2020: £21k loss) and a loss before and after tax of £23k (2020: £540k profit). As a result of settlement of its intercompany loan with MSCI UK Holdings Limited in 2020, the Company has recognised no intercompany interest income in 2021 (2020: £561k).

Both the level of business during the year and the financial position of the Company at the end of the year were satisfactory. The Company has neither revenue nor employees and no significant change in the Company's principal business activity has taken place in 2021. The Company will continue to act as a holding company and is expected to generate dividend income from its subsidiary companies in the future with no significant changes in the Company's principal business activity.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Company acts as a holding company for other Group subsidiary companies incorporated in the United Kingdom and overseas. The Company has no operating revenues and no employees.

The performance of the Company is included in the results of the MSCI Inc. Group which are discussed in the Group's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. The Group manages its key performance indicators on a global basis. For these reasons, the Company's Directors believe that providing performance indicators for the Company itself would not enhance an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of the Company.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Financial risk management objectives and policies

Risk is an inherent part of the Company's business activity and is managed within the context of the broader Group's business activities. The Group seeks to identify, assess, monitor and manage each of the various types of risk involved in its activities, in accordance with defined policies and procedures. A detailed assessment of the risk factors considered by the Group is provided in the Group's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of loss arising from borrower or counterparty default when a borrower, counterparty or obligor is unable to meet its financial obligations.

The Group manages credit risk exposure in consideration of each individual legal entity, but on a global basis, by ensuring transparency of material credit risks, ensuring compliance with established limits, approving material extensions of credit, and escalating risk concentrations to appropriate senior management.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)

Liquidity and cash flow risk

The Group's senior management establishes the overall liquidity and capital policies of the Group. The Group's liquidity and funding risk management policies are designed to mitigate the potential risk that the Group and the Company may be unable to access adequate financing to service its financial obligations when they fall due without material, adverse franchise or business impact. The key objectives of the liquidity and funding risk management framework are to support the successful execution of the Group's and the Company's business strategies while ensuring ongoing and sufficient liquidity through the business cycle and during periods of financial distress.

The COVID-19 pandemic

The COVID-19 pandemic has caused significant economic disruption, including volatility in the global equity markets. Our operations have been affected by a range of external factors related to the COVID-19 pandemic that are not within our control, including the imposition in many jurisdictions of a wide range of restrictions on the physical movement of our employees and vendors to limit the spread of COVID-19. Even though some initial measures have been relaxed, certain restrictions have been reinstated as new variants of COVID-19 have emerged, and other measures may be put back into place or increased if the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic continues or increases in the future. While we were not materially impacted in 2021, due to ongoing uncertainty related to the duration, magnitude and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, and the volatile regional and global economic conditions stemming from the pandemic, its potential effects on our business are uncertain and difficult to predict. These effects, alone or taken together, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. If the COVID-19 pandemic is sustained or prolonged, these effects could be exacerbated.

We cannot assure that we will be successful in our attempts to mitigate any negative effects of this global pandemic on our business, including implementing our business continuity plans and processes, transitioning to remote and flexible-work models globally, proactively reducing costs intended to allow us to protect against further downside revenue risk, and investing in additional initiatives to support our long-term growth, while also focusing on maintaining liquidity and capital structure flexibility.

We closely monitor the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and continually assess its potential effects on our business and take appropriate actions in accordance with the recommendations and requirements of relevant authorities. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may impact our operational and financial performance remains uncertain and will depend on many factors outside of our control, including the timing, extent, trajectory and duration of the pandemic; the emergence, spread and severity of new variants of COVID-19; the development, availability, distribution and effectiveness of vaccines and treatments; the imposition of protective public safety measures, including vaccine and testing mandates; and the impact of the pandemic on the global economy, including financial markets. This situation is changing rapidly, and additional effects may arise that we are not presently aware of or that we currently do not consider significant risks to our operations. If we are not able to respond to and manage the impact of such events effectively, our business and financial condition may be negatively impacted.

Brexit

The United Kingdom ("UK") exited the European Union ("EU") on 31 January 2020 (commonly referred to as "Brexit") and the UK's membership in the EU single market ended on 31 December 2020. On 24 December 2020, the UK and the EU announced that they had agreed a new bilateral trade and cooperation framework governing the future relationship between the UK and the EU (the "EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement") which was formally approved by the 27 member states of the EU on 29 December 2020. In March 2021, the UK and EU agreed on a framework for voluntary regulatory cooperation and dialogue on financial services issues between them in a Memorandum of Understanding (the "MOU"), which is expected to be signed after formal steps are completed. This has not yet occurred. The EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement and the MOU provide some clarity regarding the future relationship between the UK and the EU including some detailed matters of trade and cooperation, but there remain uncertainties related to Brexit and the new relationship between the UK and EU that will continue to be developed and defined, as well as uncertainties related to the wider trading, legal, regulatory, tax and labour environments, and the resulting impact on our business and that of our clients. Because we have significant operations in the EU, any of these uncertainties could increase our costs of doing business, or in some cases, affect our ability to do business, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)

STATEMENT BY THE DIRECTORS IN PERFORMANCE OF THEIR STATUTORY DUTIES IN **ACCORDANCE WITH S172(1) COMPANIES ACT 2006**

The Board of Directors consider, both individually and together, that they have acted in the way they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its member as a whole (having regard to the stakeholders and matters set out in s172(1)(a) of the Act) in the decisions taken during the year ended 31 December 2021.

As an undertaking of the MSCI Inc. Group, the Company is guided by the same principles and practices which are outlined in the corporate responsibility policy of MSCI Inc., and which is embodied in five pillars: Our Purpose, Our People, Our Integrity, Our Communities and Our Environment. Our commitment to these principles and how we achieve them is detailed in the Annual Report of MSCI Inc. and at the following dedicated website:

https://www.msci.com/corporate-responsibility

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Group believes it is well-positioned for growth over time and has a multi-faceted growth strategy that builds on its strong client relationships, products and brands. The Group's operations are expected to continue to grow.

The Company is expected to maintain its holding company role in the future.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There are no post balance sheet events to report.

This Strategic Report is approved by the Board on 16 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by

G Corney

Director

Ninth Floor, Ten Bishops Square, London E1 6EG

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their Annual Report and audited Financial Statements on the affairs of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS AND EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Details of future developments and events that have occurred after the balance sheet date can be found in the Strategic Report beginning on page 1 and form part of this report by cross-reference.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends were declared or paid during the year. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (total dividend paid during 2020: £11,633k).

GOING CONCERN

At 31 December 2021 the Company has £nil (2020: £1k) in cash and cash equivalents and net current assets of £1,017k (2020: £1,040k). The majority of the Company's activity relates to its fixed asset investments. The Directors believe that the Company operates with satisfactory prospects of future cash flows and has little exposure to credit, liquidity or other financial risk. A cash flow forecast for the next 12 months from the date of these Annual Report and Financial Statements prepared by management has indicated that the Company will have sufficient cash assets to be able to meet its debts as and when they are due. As a result, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for 12 months from the date of signature of this Annual Report and Financial Statements. Accordingly, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements.

DIRECTORS

The following Directors of the Company were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise noted:

G Corney C Harte J M Procter

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES

The Company has made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its Directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Risks as identified in relation to the Company's operations are managed as described in the Strategic Report beginning on page 1 and form part of this report by cross-reference.

EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees (2020: nil).

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURES IN RESPECT OF AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a Director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- the Director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP was appointed as the Company's auditors for the year ended 31 December 2021 and has indicated its willingness to continue in office as auditors of the Company and under Sections 485 to 488 of the CA 2006 will be deemed to be reappointed.

This report and the financial statements on pages 10 to 20 were approved by the Board of Directors on 16 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by

G C Corney (Jun 16, 2022)

G Corney

Director

Ninth Floor, Ten Bishops Square, London E1 6EG

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

This report and the financial statement on pages 10 to 20 were approved by the Board of Directors on 16 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by

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G Corney

Director

Ninth Floor, Ten Bishops Square, London El 6EG

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF IPD GROUP LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

In our opinion, IPD Group Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021; the statement of comprehensive income and statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF IPD GROUP LIMITED (CONTINUED)

With respect to the Strategic report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic report and Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2021 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic report and Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to breaches of taxation regulations, and the Companies Act 2006, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to the posting of fraudulent journals and transactions or bias in estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included.

- Inquiries with management regarding their consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud;
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with laws and regulations;
- Testing balances and journal entries associated with relevant employment, payroll and taxation laws and regulations as well as the assessment of the Company's underlying policies and practices;

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF IPD GROUP LIMITED (CONTINUED)

- Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular any journal entries posted with certain unusual account combinations; and
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in respect of critical accounting judgements and significant accounting estimates such as intercompany transactions made at arm's length

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

OTHER REQUIRED REPORTING

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Brian Henderson (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

17 June 2022

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Operating expenses		(23)	(21)_
Operating loss	5	(23)	(21)
Finance income	7		561
(Loss)/Profit before taxation		(23)	540
Tax on (loss)/profit	8		
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(23)	540
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (EXPENSE)/INCOME	:	(23)	540

All operations were continuing in the current and prior year.

The notes on pages 13 to 20 form an integral part of the financial statements.

• IPD GROUP LIMITED Registration No. 02357371

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2021

FIXED ASSETS	Note	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Investments	9	6,440	6,440
	,	6,440	6,440
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	10	1,038	1,059
Cash and cash equivalents		1,038	1,060
		1,038_	1,000
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(21)	(20)
		(21)	(20)_
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,017	1,040
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		7,457	7,480
NET ASSETS		7,457	7,480
EQUITY			
Called up share capital	12	-	-
Share premium account	- ~	3,573	3,573
Capital contribution reserve		996	996
Profit and loss account		2,888	2,911
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		7,457	7,480

The notes on pages 13 to 20 form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 10 to 20 were approved by the Board of Directors on 16 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by

G C Corney (Jun 16, 2022 13:13 GMT+1)

G Corney

Director

Ninth Floor, Ten Bishops Square, London E1 6EG

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Called up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital contribution reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total Shareholders 'funds £'000
Balance at 1 January 2020		3,573	996	14,004	18, 573
Profit for the financial year				540	540_
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent	-	-		540	540
Dividends paid				(11,633)	(11,633)
Total transactions with owners recognised directly in equity	<u> </u>			(11,633)	(11,633)
Balance at 31 December 2020	<u> </u>	3,573	996	2,911	7,480
Loss for the financial year				(23)	(23)
Total comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the parent				(23)	(23)
Dividends paid		_	- _		
Total transactions with owners recognised directly in equity		-			· -
Balance at 31 December 2021	<u> </u>	3,573	996	2,888	7,457

The notes on pages 13 to 20 form an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2021

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

IPD Group Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom. The Company is registered in England and Wales with a registered office at Ninth Floor, Ten Bishops Square, London, E1 6EG. IPD Group Limited is a holding company for subsidiaries that provide real estate sector performance analytics for funds, investors, managers and lenders.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', and the reduced disclosure framework set out in that standard is applied. The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

The Company has selected and applied its accounting policies consistently for similar transactions, other events and conditions, unless otherwise stated.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Accounting convention

The Company's immediate parent is MSCI Limited which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MSCI Inc. The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of MSCI Inc., which are publicly available, and consequently the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements under the terms of section 401 of the Companies Act 2006.

b) Going concern

At 31 December 2021 the Company has £nil (2020: £1k) in cash and cash equivalents and net current assets of £1,017k (2020: £1,040k). The majority of the Company's activity relates to its fixed asset investments. The Directors believe that the Company operates with satisfactory prospects of future cash flows and has little exposure to credit, liquidity or other financial risk. A cash flow forecast for the next 12 months from the date of these Annual Report and Financial Statements prepared by management has indicated that the Company will have sufficient cash assets to be able to meet its debts as and when they are due. As a result, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for 12 months from the date of signature of this Annual Report and Financial Statements. Accordingly, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements.

c) Exemption for qualifying entities under FRS 102

The Company has taken advantage of the following exemptions as the Company is a qualifying entity and the relevant disclosures are included in consolidated financial statements:

- preparing a statement of cash flows;
- disclosing the compensation of the Company's key management personnel, as required by FRS 102 paragraphs 33.7;
- disclosing transactions with fellow Group undertakings under paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102

The shareholders of the Company have been notified in writing and do not object to the use of the above disclosure exemptions.

d) Functional currency

The financial statements are prepared in Pounds sterling, the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

All currency amounts in the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report, the Financial Statements and the Notes to the Financial Statements are rounded to the nearest thousand Pounds sterling, except where stated otherwise.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2021

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

e) Foreign currencies

All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Pounds Sterling are translated into Pounds Sterling at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in currencies other than Pounds Sterling are recorded at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Revaluation differences are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

f) Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments represent investments in subsidiary undertakings. These investments are stated at cost less provisions for impairment, if any. Fixed assets are subject to impairment testing where there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. The existence of impairment indicators is assessed at each reporting date.

g) Loans to Group undertakings

Loans to Group undertakings are initially recognised at their transaction price. Loan receivables are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party.

h) Debtors

The Company adopted section 11.2 (c) of FRS 102 in respect of Debtors. Debtors are initially recognised at transaction price. At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

i) Creditors

The Company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments. Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price.

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

j) Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Where there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and the liability simultaneously, financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is presented on the balance sheet. All other amounts are presented on a gross basis.

k) Cash

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These are initially and subsequently measured at fair value.

l) Taxation

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Provisions are established based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of the respective countries in which the Company operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience with previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2021

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I) Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences which are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax liabilities/assets shall be measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing difference is expected to reverse. An entity shall not discount current or deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets.

m) Finance Income and Finance Costs

Interest receivable and interest payable arises from cash and intercompany balances and financing activities. Interest is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

n) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

o) Share premium

Share premium represents the excess of the issue price over the par value on shares issued less transaction costs arising on issue.

p) Capital contribution reserve

A capital contribution in the amount of £996,288 was made by the owner of the Company upon the acquisition of IPD Group Limited in 2012 and is presented as part of Equity at initial value.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

In accordance with the applicable UK accounting standard, FRS 102, the Company performs a yearly impairment review of its investments to determine whether conditions exist that would indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset investment may not be recoverable as of the balance sheet date. This is a critical accounting judgement performed by the Company and as of the balance sheet date no impairment indicators were identified, and the carrying value of the Company's investments has been determined to be supportable. Details of investments owned by the Company are given in Note 9 of these financial statements.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are related to intercompany transactions.

Intercompany expenses are calculated on an arm's length basis which involves certain estimates to be made and are based on the relevant intercompany agreements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2021

5. OPERATING LOSS

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Included in Operating losses are:		
Auditors' remuneration - audit fees	21	21

The Company has no employees (2020: nil).

6. **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

Three Directors have performed services during the current year (2020: five). The Directors do not receive fees in the form of compensation for services provided in their capacity as a director of the Company, a director of any of the Company's subsidiary entities, or otherwise in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings in their capacity as a director. No retirement benefits were accrued for qualifying services.

All Directors who are employees of the Group are eligible for shares of the Company's ultimate parent undertaking, MSCI Inc., awarded under the Group's equity based long-term incentive schemes. Three Directors were awarded new grants during the year under the Group's equity-based long-term incentive schemes, subject to the Group's standard vesting terms and conditions. None of these benefits were awarded to Directors for qualifying services.

No Directors received compensation for loss of office as a director of the Company (2020: £nil).

7. FINANCE INCOME

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Interest receivable from Group undertakings	<u> </u>	561
	<u> </u>	561

Interest receivable from Group undertakings represented accrued interest on a loan note of £7,914k (principal amount) issued to MSCI UK Holdings Limited, which was settled on 20 November 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2021

8. TAX ON (LOSS)/PROFIT

The total tax charge in the year is £nil (2020: £nil).

Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The total tax charge in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year is higher (2020: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%). The differences are reconciled below:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(23)	540
(Loss)/profit before taxation multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%)	(4)	103
Effects of group relief	4	(103)
Total tax charge for the year	-	-

There are no unused tax losses or unused tax credits.

There were no timing differences arising in the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: £nil) in the Company and accordingly there were no deferred tax assets or liabilities at 31 December 2021 (2020: £nil).

In the Spring Budget 2021, the UK Government announced that from 1 April 2023 the corporation tax rate would increase to 25% (rather than remaining at 19%, as previously enacted). This new law was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021. Deferred taxes at the balance sheet date have been measured using these enacted tax rates and reflected in these financial statements.

The Company forms, together with fellow Group undertakings, a group for corporate income tax reporting purposes and applies the requirements of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 Part 5 on Group Relief. At 31 December 2021 the members of the MSCI UK group of companies are:

- MSCI Limited
- MSCI UK Holdings Limited
- IPD Group Limited
- Investment Property Databank Limited
- Barra International LLC, UK Branch
- MSCI ESG Research (UK) Limited
- Real Capital Analytics Limited
- Datscha UK Limited
- Propertydata.com Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2021

9. INVESTMENTS

The Company held investments in subsidiary undertakings as set out below:

	Total £'000
Cost	
At 1 January 2021	6,440
Changes	-
At 31 December 2021	6,440

At 31 December 2021 the Company has the following direct subsidiary undertakings:

	Country of incorporation	Class of shares held	Proportion of voting rights	Net investment value (£'000)
Investment Property Databank Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%	-
IPD France SAS	France	Ordinary	100%	907
IPD Investment Property Databank GmbH	Germany	Ordinary	100%	353
IPD Norden AB	Sweden	Ordinary	100%	678
Investment Property Databank South Africa (Pty) Limited	South Africa	Ordinary	100%	490
K.K. IPD Japan	Japan	Ordinary	100%	353
Investment Property Databank Pty Limited	Australia	Ordinary	100%	617
IPD Nederland B.V.	Netherlands	Ordinary	100%	3,042
Total:				6,440

The Company has recorded its investments at the historic cost value as of the date of acquisition.

The nature of business of the above listed subsidiaries is that of the provision of data and analytic services relating to the real estate sector.

The Directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying cash flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2021

9. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The direct subsidiary undertakings of the Company are registered at the following addresses:

Subsidiary	Registered address
Investment Property Databank Limited	Ninth Floor, Ten Bishops Square, London, E1 6EG, United Kingdom
IPD France SAS	42 rue Washington, 75008 Paris, France
IPD Investment Property Databank GmbH	An Der Welle 5, 60322 Frankfurt, Germany
IPD Norden AB	Kungsbron 2, 111 22 Stockholm, Sweden
Investment Property Databank South Africa (Pty) Limited	Spaces Sunclare, 21 Dreyer Street, Claremont, Western Cape, Cape Town 7708, South Africa
K.K. IPD Japan	Tokyo Sankei Building 17F, 1-7-2 Otemachi, Chiyoda- ku, Tokyo 1000004, Japan
. Investment Property Databank Pty Limited	Suite 1, Level 1, 56 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia
IPD Nederland B.V.	Keizersgracht 62, 1015 CS, Amsterdam, The Netherlands

10. DEBTORS

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Amount owed by Group undertakings – Investment Property Databank Limited	1,038	1,059

The amount owed by Investment Property Databank Limited is trade related, unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Debtors are stated after provisions for impairment of £nil (2020: £nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2021

CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	21	-
Accruals and deferred income		20
	21	20
CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
	2021 £	2020 £
Issued and fully paid:		
250 (2020: 250) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	250	250

There is a single class of ordinary shares. There are no restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital.

250

250

13. DIVIDENDS PAID

12.

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Interim dividends	<u> </u>	11,633 11,633

No dividends were declared or paid during the year.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is exempt from the requirement to disclose transactions with fellow Group undertakings under paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102.

PARENT UNDERTAKINGS

The immediate parent undertaking of the Company is MSCI Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom with a registered office at Ninth Floor, Ten Bishops Square, London, E1 6EG.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party of the Company is MSCI Inc., a company incorporated in Delaware, the United States of America. MSCI Inc. is the parent undertaking of both the largest and the smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2021. The consolidated financial statements of MSCI Inc. can be obtained from 7 World Trade Center, 250 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10007, United States of America.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There are no post balance sheet events to report.