# B.V.M Limited

**Unaudited Filleted Accounts** 

30 April 2021

**B.V.M Limited** 

Registered number: 02328010

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 30 April 2021

ı	Notes		2021		2020
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		56,960		82,088
0					
Current assets					
Stocks	_	279,566		262,568	
Debtors	5	394,757		608,417	
Cash at bank and in hand		137,237		165,202	
		811,560		1,036,187	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	6	(615,509)		(849,790)	
Net current assets			196,051		186,397
Total assets less current		_		_	
liabilities			253,011		268,485
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one year	7		(251,136)		(107,977)
•					
Net assets		-	1,875	_	160,508
		-	-,,,,,	-	,
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			72,070		72,070
Share premium			75,120		75,120
Other reserve	9		12,810		12,810
Profit and loss account			(158,125)		508
Observation Internal Constant		-	4.075	-	400 500
Shareholders' funds		-	1,875	_	160,508

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr R J Clarke Director

Approved by the board on 19 January 2022

# B.V.M Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 April 2021

### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Going concern

During the year ended 30 April 2021, the company incurred a loss before tax of £210,623 (2020: profit £13,724) and at the year end had net assets of £1,875 (2020: £160,508). In common with many other companies, the outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic and the measures taken to control its spread, have had a detrimental impact on the business during the course of the year. Turnover has been severely affected by customers delaying projects and the supply chain of parts, particulary from overseas, has been significantly impacted.

During the year, the directors have carefully managed the costs and cash flow of the company and have accepted the ongoing support of the UK Government through the furlough scheme and also received a Coronavirus Business Interruption Loan of £150,000.

The medium to long term order book remains healthy and there are a number of new prospective projects which will lead to profitable business as the current pandemic restrictions ease. Since the year end, trading in the early months was still affected by pandemic restrictions, but business has been improving since late summer. In the period to 30 November 2021, the company has returned to profitability achieving a profit before tax of £33,000 on a turnover of £1.38 million.

Whilst it is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of the consequences of the pandemic, as well as the impact on the financial position and results of the company in the future periods, the directors believe that with the current order book and the new prospective projects the company is well placed to return to profitability. The directors are of the opinion that they have secured the financial support required to enable the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing the accounts and accordingly, the accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch, and the company has the legal right to the consideration.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles over 3 to 7 years straight line over 4 years straight line

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell and makes provision for obsolete and slow moving stock. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### Government grants

Government grants in respect of the UK Government's Job Retention Scheme are recognised in the profit and loss account over the same period as the costs for which the grants receivable a re intended to compensate.

Government grant income in relation to the Job Retention Scheme is disclosed in Note 2.

#### Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### **Taxation**

A current tax credit is recognised for the research and development tax credits receivable. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

#### Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

# Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Exceptional items		2021	2020
			£	£
	Government grant income		73,338	4,583
			73,338	4,583
		•		
3	Employees		2021	2020
			Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the com	pany	14	17
4	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 May 2020	89,509	108,355	197,864
	Additions	6,835	-	6,835
	Disposals	-	(26,361)	(26,361)
	At 30 April 2021	96,344	81,994	178,338
	Depreciation			
	At 1 May 2020	83,429	32,347	115,776
	Charge for the year	4,873	20,499	25,372
	On disposals	-	(19,770)	(19,770)
	At 30 April 2021	88,302	33,076	121,378
	Net book value			
	At 30 April 2021	8,042	48,918	56,960
	At 30 April 2020	6,080	76,008	82,088
5	Debtors		2021	2020
			£	£
	Trade debtors		286,677	510,571
	Other debtors		108,080	97,846
			394,757	608,417
_			2024	2020

2021

2020

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	L	Z,
Bank loans and overdrafts	62,717	102,132
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	11,964	23,677
Trade creditors	143,317	191,087
Taxation and social security costs	144,288	109,206
Other creditors	253,223	423,688
	615,509	849,790

Included within other creditors is £230,550 (2020: £400,867) of advances in respect of factored debts which are secured by a fixed charge.

7	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans	217,442	60,159
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	33,694	47,818
		251,136	107,977
8	Loans	2021	2020
		£	£
	Creditors include:		
	Secured bank loans	175,817	162,150

Bank loans amounting to £70,000 (2020: £Nil) are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. Bank loans of £60,159 (2020: £90,655) are secured by a personal guarantee given by a director.

The company has also received a loan of £150,000 under the Coronavirus Business Interruption Loan scheme over which the company has not given security.

The hire purchase liabilities are secured on the assets to which they relate.

9	Other reserve	2021	2020
		£	£
	At 1 May 2020	12,810	12,810
	At 30 April 2021	12,810	12,810
10	Other financial commitments	2021	2020
		£	£
	Total future minimum payments under non-cancellable		
	operating leases	131,250	166,250

#### 11 Loans to directors

Description and conditions	B/fwd	Paid	Repaid	C/fwd
	£	£	£	£
Mr R J Clarke				
The loan is unsecured, interest				
free and repayable on demand	31,279	4,000	-	35,279
Mr D L H Smith				
The loan is unsecured, interest				
free and repayable on demand	20,570	2,500	(23,070)	-
-	51,849	6,500	(23,070)	35,279
<b>-</b>				

## 12 Other information

B.V.M Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Lakeside House

Waltham Business Park

Brickyard Road

Swanmore

Southampton

SO32 2SA

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