Annual Report & Audited Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2008

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IVG Development (UK) Limited Annual Report & Audited Financial Statements Year ended 31 December 2008

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IVG Development (UK) Limited Directors' Report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Principal activity, review of the business and future developments

The principal activity of the company during the period was the acquisition and the holding of property in central London for commercial letting. The directors plan to develop the activities of the company taking into account the prevailing economic conditions.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £4,003,346 (2007: £407,957) which is transferred to reserves. A dividend of £9,000,000 was paid during the year (2007: £nil).

Directors

The following directors served during the year:

Mr D H Gibson Mr A Okunola Mr M Mason

(resigned 19 December 2008)

Statement of information provided to auditors

Each of the directors has confirmed that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware
 of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that
 information.

2009.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

On behalf of the Board on

D H Gibson Director

IVG Development (UK) Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of IVG Development (UK) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of IVG Development (UK) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of total recognised gains and losses and the related notes. The financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom accounting standards ('United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice') are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of IVG Development (UK) Limited (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

PKF (UK) LLP

Registered Auditors

London, UK

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2009

IVG Development (UK) Limited Profit and Loss Account Year ended 31 December 2008

	Notes	2008 £	2007 £
Turnover	1(c)	2,886,276	2,300,073
Other operating income		290,432	2,048,346
		3,176,708	4,348,419
Operating costs		(619,203)	(1,070,056)
Administrative expenses		(2,614,511)	(2,475,405)
Operating (loss)/profit	2	(55,006)	802,958
Impairment of investments	10	(30,342,796)	-
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before inte	rest	(30,397,802)	802,958
Investment income from subsidiary undertaking	5	35,815,373	-
Interest receivable and similar items	6	6,016,668	8,553,873
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(7,430,893)	(8,866,874)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		4,003,346	489,957
Taxation	8	-	(82,000)
Profit for the year	16	4,003,346	407,957

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

IVG Development (UK) Limited Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses Year ended 31 December 2008

	2008 £	2007 £
Profit for the year	4,003,346	407,957
Unrealised (deficit)/surplus on revaluation of investment properties	(9,993,539)	9,270,323
Total recognised (losses)/gains relating to the year	(5,990,193)	9,678,280
Note of historical cost profits and losses		
	2008 £	2007 £
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4,003,346	489,957
Realisation of property valuation losses of prior years	<u>.</u>	
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4,003,346	489,957
Historical cost profit for the year retained after taxation	4,003,346	407,957

IVG Development (UK) Limited Balance Sheet 31 December 2008

	Notes	£	2008 £	£	2007 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets Investments	9 10		37,920,972 28,001,820		48,060,914 37,644,616
			65,922,792		85,705,530
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	11	106,578,648 1,018,752		162,960,135 979,690	
Creditors		107,597,400		163,939,825	
Amounts falling due within one year	12	(67,828,487)		(84,840,364)	
Net current assets			39,768,913		79,099,461
Total assets less current liabilities			105,691,705		164,804,991
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(51,565,852)		(95,688,945)
Provisions Deferred taxation	13		(416,000)		(416,000)
			53,709,853		68,700,046
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Capital contribution	14 14		41,475,000		40,000,000 1,475,000
Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	15 16		12,006,461 228,392		22,000,000 5,225,046
Shareholder's funds	17		53,709,853		68,700,046

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 2009.

D H Gibson Director

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended 31 December 2008

1 Accounting policies

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment property.

(b) Consolidated financial statements

Consolidated accounts have not been prepared as permitted by section 228 of the Companies Act 1985. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about the group.

(c) Turnover

Turnover represents rents received from tenants, net of value added tax. All turnover is generated from within the United Kingdom.

(d) Investment property

All costs associated with the acquisition and construction of investment property, net of incidental receipts and including interest payable on loans taken out to finance the project, are capitalised. Capitalisation of interest finishes at the date of practical completion, while expenses continue to be capitalised where appropriate after this date. Properties under construction are retained at cost until the date of practical completion and subsequently revalued at the next balance sheet date.

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 19 (SSAP 19), investment property is stated in the balance sheet at open market value. Revaluation surpluses and deficits are taken to a revaluation reserve except to the extent that they represent reversals of deficits previously recognised through the profit and loss account.

Also in accordance with SSAP 19 no depreciation is provided in respect of investment property. This is a departure from the requirement of the Companies Act 1985 which requires all assets having a limited useful economic life to be depreciated. The directors consider this treatment necessary in order to show a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which would otherwise have been shown cannot be separately quantified.

(e) Investments

Fixed asset investments are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

(f) Tangible fixed assets

Other tangible fixed assets are depreciated by equal annual instalments over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment - 25%

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended 31 December 2008

1 Accounting policies (continued)

(g) Deferred taxation

As required by Financial Reporting Standard 19 "Deferred Tax", full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation, except for those timing differences in respect of which FRS 19 specifies that deferred tax should not be recognised.

Deferred assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(h) Foreign currency translation

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to sterling at the rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are converted at the rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. All exchange gains and losses are taken to the profit and loss account.

(i) Operating leases

Leasing charges in respect of operating leases are recognised in the profit and loss account over the lives of the lease agreement as incurred.

(j) Pension contributions

The company makes contributions into personal pension plans, which are charged to the profit and loss account as they arise.

(k) Operating lease incentives

In accordance with UITF 28 rent receivable in the period, from lease commencement to the earlier of the first rent review to the prevailing market rate and the lease end date, is spread evenly over that period. The cost of other incentives is spread on a straight-line basis over a similar period. Unamortised amounts are included in debtors and prepayments.

UITF 28 also requires that the carrying value of investment properties reported in the balance sheet should not include any amount that is reported as a separate asset. Any amounts reported as a separate asset are excluded from the carrying value of investment properties.

(I) Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions in FRS 8 'Related Party Disclosures' not to disclose transactions or balances with other group undertakings.

2 Operating (loss)/profit

	2008 £	2007 £
The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration Depreciation Operating lease rentals in respect of land and buildings	20,000 162,241 125,295	20,000 80,130 125,295

IVG Development (UK) Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2008

3	Staff costs and numbers		
		2008	2007
	Chaff and the Small of the Albertain	£	£
	Staff costs, including directors were: Wages and salaries	1,048,448	845,896
	Social security costs	1,046,446	111,142
	Pension contributions	40,225	44,437
		<u> </u>	
		1,207,757	1,001,475
		A1 1	
	Average monthly number of persons employed during the year	Number	Number
	Administration	8	9
4	Directors' remuneration	- 10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1	
		2008	2007
		£	£
	Emoluments	715,835	628,513
	Contributions to personal pension scheme	9,800	23,216
		725,635	651,729
	Emoluments of highest paid director:		
	Total emoluments	333,884	341,640
	Contributions to personal pension scheme	8,050	.8,050
		341,934	349,690

In addition to the above, payments totalling £125,400 were paid to a former director, including £600 contribution to a personal pension scheme, in respect of a termination agreement.

Contributions were made into personal pension schemes for 1 director (2007: 2).

Investment income from subsidiary undertakings 5

	2008 £	2007 £
Dividends received	35,815,373	-

During the year dividends of £34,815,373 and £1,000,000 were received from IVG Asticus (Caxton) Limited and IVG Developments (Broadway) Limited respectively, both of which are wholly owned subsidiaries.

IVG Development (UK) Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
Year ended 31 December 2008

State Stat	6	Inte	rest receivable and similar items	2008 £	2007 £
Taxation					
Caron Section Caron Ca				6,016,668	8,553,873
Composite contents	7	Inte	rest payable and similar charges		
Other interest 334 420,029 7,430,893 8,866,874 8 Taxation 2008 2007 £ £ Current tax: Corporation tax (note 8(b)) Deferred taxation: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on profit on ordinary activities The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax 4,003,346 489,957 Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below: 2008 2007 £ £ £ £ Profit on ordinary activities before tax 4,003,346 489,957 Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised 309,996 (34,987) Dividends received (10,207,382)					
8 Taxation 2008 2007 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £					
(a) Analysis of tax charge for year Current tax: Corporation tax —				7,430,893	8,866,874
Current tax: Corporation tax (note 8(b)) Deferred taxation: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on profit on ordinary activities The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK at 9,957 Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised Dividends received (10,207,382)	8	Taxa	ation	· 	
Total current tax (note 8(b)) Deferred taxation: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on profit on ordinary activities The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below: 2008 Profit on ordinary activities before tax 4,003,346 Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised Dividends received Total current tax (note 8(b))		(a)	Analysis of tax charge for year		
Deferred taxation: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on profit on ordinary activities The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below: 2008 2007 £ Profit on ordinary activities before tax 4,003,346 489,957 Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised Dividends received 182,000 82,000 40,003 1,140,954 146,987				-	-
Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on profit on ordinary activities - 82,000 (b) Reconciliation of current year tax charge The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below: 2008 2007 £ Profit on ordinary activities before tax 4,003,346 489,957 Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised Dividends received - 82,000 - 82,000 - 10,003 -			Total current tax (note 8(b))	-	-
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below: 2008 2007 £ Profit on ordinary activities before tax 4,003,346 489,957 Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised Dividends received The tax charge 2008 2007 £ 1,140,954 146,987 146,987				-	82,000
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below: 2008 £ 2007 £ Profit on ordinary activities before tax 4,003,346 489,957 Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised Dividends received 2008 2007 £ 1,140,954 146,987 1,140,954 146,987 1,140,954 146,987 1,140,954 146,987 1,140,954 146,987 1,140,954 146,987 1,140,954 146,987 1,140,954 146,987			Tax on profit on ordinary activities	-	82,000
differences are explained below: 2008 £ 2007 £ Profit on ordinary activities before tax 4,003,346 489,957 Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised Dividends received 2008 2007 £ 1,140,954 146,987 - (112,000) 309,996 (34,987)		(b)	Reconciliation of current year tax charge		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax 4,003,346 Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised Dividends received 4,003,346 4,003,346 489,957 1,140,954 146,987 146,987 112,000) 112,000) 112,000 11				rate of corporation tax	in the UK. The
Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised Dividends received 1,140,954 146,987 8,710,193 - (112,000) 46,239 (112,000) 309,996 (34,987) - (10,207,382)					
corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised Dividends received 1,140,954 1,140,987 1,			Profit on ordinary activities before tax	4,003,346	489,957
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised Dividends received 8,710,193 46,239 (112,000) (34,987) (10,207,382) -				1,140,954	146,987
Current tax charge for the year (note 8(a))			Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Losses in other group companies utilised	46,239 309,996	
			Current tax charge for the year (note 8(a))	-	-

IVG Development (UK) Limited Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended 31 December 2008

9 Tangible fixed assets

•	Freehold and long leasehold investment properties £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		_	
At 1 January 2008 Additions	47,500,000 -	641,044 15,838	48,141,044 15,838
Revaluations	(9,993,539)		(9,993,539)
At 31 December 2008	37,506,461	656,882	38,163,343
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2008	-	80,130	80,130
Charge for the year		162,241	162,241
At 31 December 2008	-	242,371	242,371
Net book amounts			
At 31 December 2008	37,506,461	414,511	37,920,972
At 31 December 2007	47,500,000	560,914	48,060,914
			

At 31 December 2008 the freehold property is stated at a valuation following a professional open market valuation obtained from FPD Savills International Property Consultants. The valuation was carried out in accordance with the Practice Statements of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors Appraisal and Valuation Manual, and were undertaken by external valuers as defined in Practice Statement 5.

The historical cost of the property was £25,500,000 (2007: £25,500,000).

10	Investments	Investments in subsidiaries £	Loans to subsidiaries £	Total £
	At 1 January 2008 Additions Impairments	37,644,616 20,700,000 (30,342,796)	96,920,350 7,761,899 -	134,564,966 28,461,899 (30,342,796)
	At 31 December 2008	28,001,820	104,682,249	132,684,069

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended 31 December 2008

10 Investments (continued)

At 31 December 2008 the company owned directly, or indirectly, the entire share capital of the following subsidiaries, all of which are registered in England and Wales:

	Proportion and class of shares held	Profit/(loss) for the year ended 31 December 2008	Capital and reserves at 31 December 2008 £
Brooksave Limited - dormant	100% of ordinary shares	•	2
IVG Asticus (Caxton) Limited - property investment	100% of ordinary shares	2,334,628	11,904,446
IVG Developments (Broadway) Limited - property development	100% of ordinary shares	(868,406)	17,763,818
IVG Developments (Euston) Limited - property development	100% of ordinary shares	(14,239,956)	(1,804,383)
IVG Developments (Melton St) Limite - property development	d 100% of ordinary share:	s (15,849,442)	(7,471,417)

During the year the company acquired additional redeemable preference shares in IVG Developments (Euston) Limited and IVG Developments (Melton) for £12,400,000 and £8,300,000 respectively. Due to each of these subsidiary companies having net liabilities at 31 December 2008, the investments have been subsequently impaired to £nil.

The investments in IVG Developments (Broadway) Limited and IVG Asticus (Caxton) Limited have been impaired by £2,536,182 and £7,104,612 respectively, to reflect the net asset positions of these investments at 31 December 2008.

11	Debtors	2008 £	2007 £
	Amounts falling due within one year:	L	L.
	Trade debtors	778,978	2,687,017
	Amounts due from group undertakings	104,682,249	96,920,450
	Amounts due from associated undertakings	101	59,054,917
	Other debtors	1,052,562	2,859,319
	Prepayments and accrued income	64,758	1,176,445
		106,578,648	162,698,148
	Amounts falling due after more than one year: Prepayments and accrued income	-	261,987
		106,578,648	162,960,135

IVG Developments (UK) Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
Year ended 31 December 2008

12	Creditors	2008	2007	
	Amounts falling due within one year: Trade creditors Amounts due to parent undertaking Amounts due to group undertakings Amounts due to subsidiary undertaking Amounts due to associated undertakings Other creditors Accruals and deferred income Other taxes and social security	£ 271,816 29,004,055 37,078,709 506,818 941,189 25,900	£ 19,601,735 3,039,910 53,141,861 7,069,831 700,743 1,286,284	
		67,828,487	84,840,364	
	Amounts falling due after more than one year: Amount due to ultimate parent company	51,565,852	95,688,945	
13	Deferred taxation	2008 £	2007 £	
	At 1 January 2008 Charge for the year	416,000	334,000 82,000	
	At 31 December 2008	416,000	416,000	
	The deferred tax balance comprises the following, provided at 28% (2007: 28%) where appropriate			
	Accelerated capital allowances	416,000	416,000	
14	Called up share capital	2008 £	2006 £	
	Authorised 45,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	45,000,000	45,000,000	
	Allotted, issued and fully paid 41,475,000 (2007: 40,000,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	41,475,000	40,000,000	

A capital contribution of £1,475,000 was received in 1998 which was not repayable and bore no interest. This has been converted by Ordinary Resolution of the Directors during the year to 1,475,000 ordinary shares of £1 nominal value in the year, ranking pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the company.

IVG Development (UK) Limited Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended 31 December 2008

15 Revaluation res	erve
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		2008 £	2007 £
	At 1 January 2008 Revaluations	22,000,000 (9,993,539)	12,729,677 9,270,323
	At 31 December 2008	12,006,461	22,000,000
16	Profit and loss account		
		2008 £	2007 £
	At 1 January 2008 Profit for the year Dividends paid	5,225,046 4,003,346 (9,000,000)	4,817,089 407,957
	At 31 December 2008	228,392	5,225,046
	During the year a dividend of £9,000,000 (2007: £nil) was declared a Developments (London and UK) Limited.	nd paid to the paren	it company, IVG

Reconciliation of movements in 17 shareholder's funds

	2008 £	2007 £
At 1 January 2008 Profit for the year Revaluations Dividends paid	68,700,046 4,003,346 (9,993,539) (9,000,000)	59,021,766 407,957 9,270,323
At 31 December 2008	53,709,853	68,700,046

IVG Development (UK) Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2008

18 Lease commitments

Land and buildings 2007 2008 £ £

Annual commitments in respect of operating leases expiring:

Between two and five years

125,295

125,295

19 Ultimate parent company and controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is IVG Developments (London & UK) Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. IVG Immobilien AG, incorporated in Germany, is regarded by the directors as the ultimate parent company and is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group for which group accounts are prepared. Group accounts of IVG Immobilien AG are available to the public from Zanderstr. 5, D-53177 Bonn, Germany.