Company registration number: 02263403

Afan Construction Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 August 2021

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Directors and other information

Directors Mrs P M Evans

Mr D W Evans

Secretary Mrs P M Evans

Company number 02263403

Registered office Unit 2 Cae Gwyn

Glanyrafon Industrial Estate

Aberystwyth Ceredigion SY23 3JF

Business address Unit 2 Cae Gwyn

Glanyrafon Industrial Estate

Aberystwyth Ceredigion SY23 3JF

Accountants Davies Lewis Baker

31 Bridge Street Aberystwyth Ceredigion SY23 1QB Bankers Lloyds Bank Plc

Solicitors Alun Thomas & John

Eastgate

Aberystwyth

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the

unaudited statutory financial statements of Afan Construction Limited

Year ended 31 August 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Afan Construction Limited for the year ended 31 August 2021 which comprise the statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants , we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at https://www.accaglobal.com/gb/en/about-us/regulation/rulebook.html.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Afan Construction Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Afan Construction Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Afan Construction Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/content/dam/ACCA_Global /Technical/fact/technical-factsheet-163.pdf. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Afan Construction Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Afan Construction Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Afan Construction Limited. You consider that Afan Construction Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Afan Construction Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Davies Lewis Baker

Chartered Certified Accountants

31 Bridge Street

Aberystwyth

Ceredigion

SY23 1QB

31 August 2022

Statement of financial position

31 August 2021

		2021		2020	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	698,361		733,111	
			698,361		733,111
Current assets					
Stocks		275,000		213,250	
Debtors	6	279,577		596,573	
Cash at bank and in hand		55,039		39,298	
		609,616		849,121	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(252,729)		(537,969)	
Not assessed			256 997		244 452
Net current assets			356,887		311,152
Total assets less current liabilities			1,055,248		1,044,263
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	8		(72,661)		(110,152)
Provisions for liabilities	9		(42,398)		(46,765)
Net assets			940,189		887,346
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		100		100
Profit and loss account			940,089		887,246
Shareholders funds			940,189		887,346

For the year ending 31 August 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 August 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs P M Evans Mr D W Evans

Director Director

Company registration number: 02263403

Statement of changes in equity

Year ended 31 August 2021

	Called up	Profit and	Total
	share capital	loss account	
	£	£	£
At 1 September 2019	100	968,055	968,155
Profit/(loss) for the year		(80,809)	(80,809)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(80,809)	(80,809)
At 31 August 2020 and 1 September 2020	100	887,246	887,346
Profit/(loss) for the year		52,843	52,843
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	52,843	52,843
At 31 August 2021	100	940,089	940,189

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 August 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit 2 Cae Gwyn, Glanyrafon Industrial Estate, Aberystwyth, Ceredigion, SY23 3JF.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Long leasehold property - 1 % straight line

Short leasehold property - 4 % straight line

Plant and machinery - 25 % reducing balance

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 20 % straight line

Motor vehicles - 25 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates. No depreciation is provided on freehold land and properties because the directors consider that the residual values will be higher than the original purchase cost.

Investment property

Investment property is measured initially at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 16 (2020: 17).

5. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Long leasehold property £	Short leasehold property £	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost	L	L		_	L	L	
At 1 September 2020	408,885	43,082	115,868	813,672	25,806	83,877	1,491,190
Additions	-	-	-	38,420	-	10,000	48,420
Disposals	-	-	-	(2,003)	-	-	(2,003)
At 31 August 2021	408,885	43,082	115,868	850,089	25,806	93,877	1,537,607
Depreciation At 1 September 2020	-	7,787	91,859	566,203	25,806	66,424	758,079
Charge for the year	-	446	4,574	71,086	-	6,863	82,969
Disposals	-	-	-	(1,802)	-	-	(1,802)
At 31 August 2021		8,233	96,433	635,487	25,806	73,287	839,246
Carrying							
amount At 31 August 2021	408,885	34,849	19,435	214,602	-	20,590	698,361
At 31 August 2020	408,885	35,295	24,009	247,469	-	17,453	733,111

Investment property

The company owns a freehold investment property which is included at its original cost of £240,688 which, in the opinion of the directors, equates to its approximate fair value. The company also owns a short leasehold investment property with a net book value of £24,009. The property is being amortised on a straight line basis over the remaining 5 years of the lease.

6. Debtors

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	179,865	481,615
Other debtors	99,712	114,958
	279,577	596,573
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	10,253	8,242
Trade creditors	54,726	405,323
Corporation tax	20,944	-
Social security and other taxes	26,486	10,387
Other creditors	140,320	114,017
	252,729	537,969
8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	43,364	53,622
Other creditors	29,297	56,530
	72,661	110,152

The bank overdraft and loan is secured by a 1st Legal Charge over the company's freehold property and an unlimited debenture incorporating a fixed and floating charge.

Included within creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year is an amount of \pounds - (2020 \pounds 4,065) in respect of liabilities payable or repayable by instalments which fall due for payment after more than five years from the reporting date.

The bank loan is repayable monthly at an interest rate of 4.041 per cent.

9. Provisions

			Deferred tax	Total
			(note 10) £	£
At 1 September 2020			46,765	46,765
Unused amounts reversed			(4,367)	(4,367)
			<u> </u>	
At 31 August 2021			42,398	42,398
10. Deferred tax				
The deferred tax included in the statement of financial po	sition is as follows:			
			2021	2020
			£	£
Included in provisions (note 9)			42,398	46,765
The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timi	ng differences in res	spect of:		
			2021	2020
			£	£
Accelerated capital allowances			42,398	47,831
Unused tax losses			-	(1,066)
			42,398	46,765
11. Called up share capital				
Issued, called up and fully paid				
	2021		2020	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares shares of £ 1.00 each	100	100	100	100

12. Related party transactions

During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

Transaction		Balance	
value		owed	
	k		
2021	2020	2021	2020
£	£	£	£
-	-	(71,410)	(9,273)
16,000	16,000	-	-
(4,000)	(4,000)	-	-
-	-	91,457	39,265
(24,000)	(24,000)	-	-
	value 2021 £ - 16,000 (4,000)	value 2021 2020 £ £ - 16,000 16,000 (4,000) - -	value owed by/(owed to) 2021 2020 2021 £ £ £ - - (71,410) 16,000 16,000 - (4,000) (4,000) - - 91,457

Afan Construction Services Limited is wholly owned by the directors of Afan Construction Limited together with close family members. Abba Loos Limited is wholly owned by the directors of Afan Construction Limited .

13. Controlling party

The directors Mr DW Evans and Mrs PM Evans have a controlling interest in the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.