A & B CONTAINERS LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR 30TH JUNE 2014

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EDWARDS VEEDER (UK) LIMITED

Chartered Accountants
Brunswick Square
Union Street
Oldham
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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30TH JUNE 2014

	2014		2013		
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				•
Tangible assets			125,614		83,049
Investments			69,469		89,469
			195,083		172,518
CURRENT ASSETS			•		
Stocks		102,790		109,002	
Debtors		950,700		622,291	
Cash at bank and in hand		137,974		208,121	
		1,191,464		939,414	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year		456,208		343,787	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			735,256	-	595,627
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT				•	
LIABILITIES			930,339	•	768,145
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			15,280		9,085
			915,059		759,060
					757,000

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

30TH JUNE 2014

	2014		2013		
	Note	£	£	£	£
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	3		102	٠	102
Profit and loss account			914,957		758,958
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			915,059		759,060

For the year ended 30th June 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 23rd September 2014, and are signed on their behalf by:

B. R. WILLIAMS

P. R. WILLIAMS

Company Registration Number: 02242483

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year from the sale of containers, pallets and drums, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Alterations to landlords premises 10% straight line
Plant and machinery 15% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings 15% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

Investment properties

Investment properties are shown at their open market value. The surplus or deficit arising from the annual revaluation is transferred to the investment revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year.

This is in accordance with the FRSSE which, unlike the Companies Act 2006, does not require depreciation of investment properties. Investment properties are held for their investment potential and not for use by the company and so their current value is of prime importance. The departure from the provisions of the Act is required in order to give a true and fair view.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is not recognised when assets are revalued unless, by the balance sheet date, the company has entered into a binding agreement to sell the assets and recognised the gains and losses expected to arise on sale or where the assets have been sold and it is expected that the taxable gain will be rolled over into a replacement asset.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets	Investments	Total	
	£	£	£	
COST				
At 1st July 2013	257,265	89,469	346,734	
Additions	77,096	2,500	79,596	
Disposals	(19,029)	(22,500)	(41,529)	
At 30th June 2014	315,332	69,469	384,801	
DEPRECIATION				
At 1st July 2013	174,216	_	174,216	
Charge for year	29,008	_	29,008	
On disposals	(13,506)	. –	(13,506)	
At 30th June 2014	189,718		189,718	
				
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 30th June 2014	125,614	69,469	195,083	
At 30th June 2013	83,049	89,469	172,518	
	·			

In the opinion of the directors, the market value of the investment freehold land does not materially differ from the net book value at the balance sheet date.

A & B CONTAINERS LIMITED NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

3. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

,	2014		2013	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	102	102	102	102