Company Registration No. 2188847

Stemcor Pellets Limited
Report and Financial Statements
31 December 2015



Stemcor Pellets Limited

Contents

| Corporate information | 3 |
|--|----|
| Strategic report | 4 |
| Directors' report | 5 |
| Directors' responsibility statement | |
| Independent auditor's report to the members of Stemcor Pellets Limited | 8 |
| Income statement | 10 |
| Statement of comprehensive income | 10 |
| Statement of changes in equity | 10 |
| Statement of financial position | 11 |
| Notes to the financial statements | 12 |

Corporate information

Directors

Michael Broom Gerard P E Craggs

<u>Auditors</u>

Ernst & Young LLP
Statutory Auditor
1 More London Place
London
SE1 2AF

Bankers

Barclays Bank PLC 54 Lombard Street London EC3V 9EX

Registered Office

Mill House Forge Lane
Minworth Industrial Park
Minworth
Sutton Coldfield
West Midlands
England
B76 1AH

Strategic report

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Review of the business

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Stemcor Global Holdings Limited ("the Group").

The principal activity of the Company was a holding company which continued to collect amounts due to it from a historical disposal. Since April 2014, the company is dormant.

The Group manages its operations on a divisional basis. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that key performance indicators for the Company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Stemcor Pellets Limited's principal risk is that the wider Stemcor Group fails to comply with its covenanted obligations under the terms of its financing agreements. A covenant breach could lead to a default, which in turn could close trade finance funding to the Group.

The operating financial and strategic risks, which affect the Group, are discussed in the Stemcor Global Holdings Limited's Apmyal Report, which does not form part of this report.

Michael Broom Director

28 June 2016

29

Directors' report

The directors present their report for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Directors of the company

The current directors are shown on page 3.

Share capital

No new shares were allotted during the year.

Indemnities

The Company has agreed to indemnify its directors in respect of proceedings brought against them by third parties subject to the limitations provided in the Companies Act. Such qualifying third party indemnity provisions were in force during the period and continue to be in force as at the date of this report. The Company has bought directors' and officers' liability insurance in order to minimise the potential impact of any such proceedings.

Environment

The Stemcor Group, which includes the Company, recognises its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment and designs and implements policies to reduce any damage that might be caused by the Group's activities.

Tax Status

In the opinion of the directors the Company is a closed company within the meaning of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 2010.

Results

The results for the year are set out on page 10.

Dividends

No dividends were paid during the year and no dividend is proposed in relation to 2015.

Future developments

The directors aim to continue the trading strategy of the Group focussing on governance, risk and cost structure, rebuilding the Group's reputation and profitability.

Events since the balance sheet date

There were no events that occurred between the end of the reporting period and the date when the financial statements were authorised for issue that affect the accounts at 31 December 2015.

Directors' report (continued)

Going Concern

After having considered the uncertainties disclosed in note 1, the directors believe that the Company has an expectation of managing these risks. Therefore, the directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Political donations

No political donations were made during the year

Disclosure of information to the auditors

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and the company's auditor, each director has taken all the steps that he is obliged to take as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Re-appointment of auditors

In accordance with s.485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution is to be proposed at the Annual General Meeting for reappointment of Ernst & Young LLP as auditor of the Company.

Michael Broom Director

Flune 2016

29

Directors' responsibility statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and deduction of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm that they have complied with these requirements and, having a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Stemcor Pellets Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Stemcor Pellets Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 which comprise the Income Statement, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 16. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 7, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of the Company's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including FRS102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Stemcor Pellets Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept, or proper returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

William Binns (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Ernst & Young CCP

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP (Statutory Auditor)

London, United Kingdom

28 June 2016

Income statement

For the year ended 31 December 2015

| | Notes | 2015 \$'000 | 2014 \$'000 |
|---|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Other Income – exceptional items | 3 | - | 4,083 |
| Administrative expenses | | (4) | (51) |
| Administrative expenses – exceptional items | 3 | (126) | (42) |
| (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before interest and taxation | 2 | (130) | 3,990 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | 5 | 149 | 92 |
| Interest payable and similar charges | 6 | (1) | - |
| Profit on ordinary activities before taxation | - | 18 | 4,082 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | 7 | <u>-</u> | 8 |
| Profit for the financial year | _ | 18 | 4,090 |

The results are derived solely from continuing operations.

Statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended 31 December 2015

| , | | <i>2015</i> \$'000 | <i>2014</i> \$'000 |
|---|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Profit for the year | . • | 18 | 4,090 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | | - | - |
| Total comprehensive profit for the year | | 18 | 4,090 |

Statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 31 December 2015

| | Total Equity \$'000 |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| At 1 January 2014 | (4,113) |
| Profit for the year | 4,090 |
| At 31 December 2014 | (23) |
| Profit for the year | 18 |
| At 31 December 2015 | (5) |

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of the annual accounts.

Statement of financial position

At 31 December 2015

| Current assets | Notes | 2015 \$'000 | 2014 \$'000 |
|--|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 1 | 1 |
| | | | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 8 | (6) | (24) |
| Net current liabilities | | (5) | (23) |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | (5) | (23) |
| Net assets | | (5) | (23) |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | 9 | - | - |
| Profit and loss account . | 10 | (5) | (23) |
| Shareholders' funds | | (5) | (23) |

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of the annual accounts.

The financial statements of Stemcor Pellets Limited (registered number 2188847) were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 28 June 2016. They are signed on its behalf by:

Michael Broom Director

1. Accounting policies

Stemcor Pellets Limited (the Company) is a limited company incorporated in England and Wales. The Registered Office is Mill House Forge Lane, Minworth Industrial Park, Minworth, Sutton Coldfield, West Midlands, England, B76 1AH.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS102 as it applies to financial statements of companies for the year ended December 2015.

The company transitioned from previously extant UK GAAP to FRS102 as at 1 January 2015. An explanation of how transition to FRS102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 15.

Basis of preparation and change in accounting policy

The financial statements of Stemcor Pellets Limited were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 June 2016. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The financial statements are prepared in USD which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest \$'000.

Going Concern

On the 16th October 2015, the restructuring of the original Stemcor Group was completed, resulting in a demerger of the key trading companies from the original Stemcor Group into a new Stemcor Group (the Group). Stemcor Global Holdings Limited ("SGHL" or the Parent Company) is the ultimate parent company of the Group which is owned by a number of its lenders. Stemcor Pellets Limited is an indirect 100% subsidiary of Stemcor Global Holdings Limited.

Following the successful restructuring, the SGHL directors expect the Group to trade profitably. They have reviewed current trading, cash flow projections, business forecasts and the Group's committed financing facilities as part of their assessment of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The directors have worked with the senior management of the Group and agreed a business plan that forecasts trading through to the end of December 2017. This business plan has been used as the basis for the going concern assessment and other estimates made during the financial year. The business plan contains the most up-to-date management information and provides a sufficient level of detail to support these assessments.

The directors believe that with the overwhelming majority of the Group's trading transactions being short term in nature with a tenor shorter than 270 days, they can reasonably forecast the results of the Group's operating model. The business plan includes analysis of the Group's income statement, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows, KPIs and debt covenants outlook. The ability of Stemcor Pellets Limited to continue as a going concern is closely linked to the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The directors are aware of the following uncertainties currently facing the business:

- The commodities market is subject to a degree of volatility which could result in unforeseen market shocks or loss of key customers;
- There is continued over-capacity in global steel markets which could lead to lower volumes and pricing;
- Further reduction of overheads may take longer to implement than currently forecast.

Going Concern (continued)

These uncertainties may prevent both the Group and Stemcor Pellets Limited from performing in accordance with their business plan, meeting their forecasts and complying with the Group's covenants. Although there remain some uncertainties, as disclosed above, in relation to the market and the operating model of the business, the directors believe that Stemcor Pellets Limited has an expectation of managing these risks. The directors believe that the Group has a robust financing model, appropriate scale, a significantly improved cost base, a clear trading strategy, and strong corporate governance, sufficient to present the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Where appropriate, the business plan has been subjected to sensitivity testing which involves flexing a number of the main underlying assumptions and evaluating the potential impact of the Group's principal risks, and considering the mitigating actions available to the Group over the relevant timeframe, if such risks did arise.

After making reasonable enquiries and having carefully considered the matters described above, the directors believe that the Group, including Stemcor Pellets Limited, is a sustainable business, will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due and will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly the directors of Stemcor Pellets Limited continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements of Stemcor Pellets Limited.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Taxation – see tax section

Taxation

The Group establishes provisions based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of the respective countries in which it operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience with previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority.

Management estimates are required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with an assessment of the effect of future tax planning strategies. Further details are contained in note 7.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity date of three months or less.

Short-term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement.

Restructuring costs

The Group has classified the restructuring costs as exceptional items in accordance with FRS102 presentation of exceptional items. FRS102 requires that when items included in the total comprehensive income are material, their nature and amounts should be disclosed separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

2. Operating loss

This is stated after charging:

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|--------|--------|
| • | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Auditor's remuneration in respect of audit services – audit of the company's financial statements | (6) | (24) |

Non audit fees paid to the Company's auditor for the year amounted to US\$nil (2014: US\$nil).

3. Other income and Administrative expenses – Exceptional items

In 2015, the administrative expenses – exceptional items relate mainly to the impairment of the interest charged during the year on an intercompany receivable balance which is fully provided.

In 2014, the other income – exceptional items included mainly the release of a provision for tax purposes in Singapore, as the risk was provided for locally from 2014; while the administrative expenses included mainly the impairment of the interest charged during the year on an intercompany receivable balance which is fully provided.

4. Directors' emoluments

Other than the directors, the Company had no employees for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: nil).

None of the directors received any emoluments in respect of their services as directors of the company during the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: \$nil).

The remuneration of the directors is paid by other entities within the Group (Stemcor Holdings 2 Limited and Stemcor (SEA) Pte Limited), which make no recharges to the company. The directors act in a group capacity only and do not allocate specific time to the company and therefore it is not possible to make an accurate apportionment of their emoluments in respect of the company.

5. Interest receivable and similar income

| | 149 | 92 |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Interest from parent undertaking | 149 | 92 |
| | \$'000 | \$′000 |
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | |

6. Interest payable and similar charges

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|------------------|--------|--------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Interest payable | (1) | - |
| | . (1) | - |

7. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

The tax charge is made up as follows:

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|--------|--------|
| Current Tax: | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| UK corporation tax on profit for the year @ 20.25% (2014: 21.49%) | - | - |
| Prior year adjustment | - | 8 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | - | 8 |

Factors affecting the total tax charge:

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 - 21.49%). The differences are reconciled below:

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|--------|--------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Profit on ordinary activities before tax | 18 | 4,082 |
| Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 – 21.49%) | (4) | (877) |
| Non-deductible expenses | (19) | 864 |
| Prior year adjustment | · - | 8 |
| Group relief for nil consideration | 23 | 13 |
| Total tax credit | - | 8 |

The UK corporate tax rate reduced from 21% to 20% from 1 April 2015.

There were no deferred tax assets or liabilities at 31 December 2015.

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

| 2015 2014 \$'000 | | | |
|---|---|--------|---------|
| Accruals and deferred income (6) (24) 6) (24) 9. Allotted and issued share capital 2015 2014 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 Authorised, Allotted, called up and unpaid: 2015 2014 2 ordinary shares of £1 each - - - 10. Profit and loss account reserve 2015 2014 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 At 1 January (23) (4,113) Profit for the year 18 4,090 | | 2015 | 2014 |
| 9. Allotted and issued share capital 2015 2014 \$'000 \$'000 Authorised, Allotted, called up and unpaid: 2 ordinary shares of £1 each 10. Profit and loss account reserve 2015 2014 \$'000 \$'000 At 1 January Profit for the year 18 4,090 | | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| 9. Allotted and issued share capital 2015 2014 \$'000 \$'000 Authorised, Allotted, called up and unpaid: 2 ordinary shares of £1 each 10. Profit and loss account reserve 2015 2014 \$'000 \$'000 At 1 January Profit for the year 18 4,090 | Accruals and deferred income | (6) | (24) |
| 2015 2014 \$'000 \$'000 | | (6) | (24) |
| \$'000 \$'000 | 9. Allotted and issued share capital | | |
| Authorised, Allotted, called up and unpaid: 2 ordinary shares of £1 each 10. Profit and loss account reserve 2015 2014 \$'000 \$'000 At 1 January Profit for the year 18 4,090 | | 2015 | 2014 |
| 2 ordinary shares of £1 each | | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| 10. Profit and loss account reserve 2015 2014 \$'000 \$'000 At 1 January (23) (4,113) Profit for the year 18 4,090 | Authorised, Allotted, called up and unpaid: | | |
| 2015 2014 \$'000 \$'000 At 1 January (23) (4,113) Profit for the year 18 4,090 | 2 ordinary shares of £1 each | | - |
| \$'000 \$'000 At 1 January (23) (4,113) Profit for the year 18 4,090 | 10. Profit and loss account reserve | | |
| At 1 January (23) (4,113) Profit for the year 18 4,090 | | 2015 | 2014 |
| Profit for the year 18 4,090 | | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| | At 1 January | (23) | (4,113) |
| At 31 December (5) (23) | Profit for the year | 18 | 4,090 |
| | At 31 December | (5) | (23) |

11. Cash Flow

The Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemption, under FRS 102, regarding the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows and Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d), and has not produced a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking and the parent prepares a group cash flow statement that includes the Company.

12. Contingent liabilities

At 31 December 2015 the Company had no material contingent liabilities (2014: US\$nil).

13. Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred between the end of the reporting period and the date when the financial statements were authorised for issue that affect the accounts as at 31 December 2015.

14. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemption under FRS102 regarding the requirement of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7, and has not disclosed transactions with other subsidiaries of Stemcor Global Holdings Limited.

15. Transition to FRS 102

The Company transitioned from UK GAAP to FRS102 as at 1 January 2015. There is no material impact on the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2015 as a result of the change to FRS 102.

16. Ultimate parent company and controlling party

The immediate parent company of Stemcor Pellets Limited is Stemcor Holdings 2 Limited, which is incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent company is Stemcor Global Holdings incorporated in Jersey. The largest and smallest group which consolidates the Company's accounts at 31 December 2015 is Stemcor Global Holdings Limited. The accounts for Stemcor Global Holdings Limited can be found on the Jersey Companies House website.