# Clarence Marine Engineering Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number - 02139067 31 March 2007

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# Clarence Marine Engineering Limited Directors report and financial statements 31 March 2007

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Clarence Marine Engineering Limited
Directors report and financial statements
31 March 2007

# Company information

**Directors** JL Foster

JB Ivins PJ Fuller

Company Secretary JB Ivins

Bankers HSBC plc

18 North Street Bishop's Stortford Hertfordshire CM23 2LP

AuditorKPMG Audit Ple

St Nicholas House

Park Row Nottingham NG1 6FQ

Registered office South Street

Gosport Hampshire PO12 1EP

Solicitors Blake Lapthorn Tarlo Lyons

New Court

1 Barnes Wallis Road

Segensworth Hampshire PO15 5OA

# Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007

#### Activities

The principal activity of the company is marine engineering and maintenance operating from Clarence Wharf, Gosport

#### Results

The trading results for the year and the company's financial position at the end of the year are shown in the attached financial statements

During the year, as part of an on-going review of operations employees of the company were transferred to the Group's principal operating subsidiary, Gosport Ferry Limited, resulting in a decrease in revenue and operating charges

The Portsmouth Harbour Ferry Company Limited, the company's immediate parent company, manages its operations on a divisional basis. For this reason, the company's directors believe key performance indicators for the company are not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The performance of The Portsmouth Harbour Ferry Company Limited group is discussed in the ultimate parent company's directors' report, which does not form part of this report.

## Policy on payment of creditors

The company operates a creditors payment policy designed to settle invoices within six weeks of the suppliers' invoice date

### Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

JL Foster

JB Ivins

- appointed 27 March 2007

PJ Fuller

- appointed 27 March 2007

C Roberts

- resigned 30 March 2007

M West

- resigned 15 November 2006

PR Bryant

- resigned 14 July 2006

# Directors' report (continued)

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

#### Auditors

In accordance with section 384 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG Audit Plc as auditor of the group will be put to the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting of the ultimate parent company

On behalf of the board

JB-Tvins

Company Secretary

29 January 2008

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

## KPMG Audit Plc

St Nicholas House Park Row Nottingham NG1 6FQ United Kingdom

# Report of the independent auditors to the members of Clarence Marine Engineering Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Clarence Marine Engineering Limited for the year ended 31 March 2007 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 4

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

## Opinion

# In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2007 and of its result for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

LAMG Gud the

29 January 2008

# Profit and loss account

for me year enaeu 31 March 2007	Note	2007 £000	2006 £000
Turnover	2	-	383
Cost of sales		-	(166)
Gross profit		-	217
Other operating charges Other operating income	3	(14) 16	(198)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	2	19
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(2)	(5)
Profit for the financial year	13	<del>-</del>	14

In both the current year and preceding period, the company made no material acquisitions and had no discontinued operations

There were no recognised gains or losses in either the current year or preceding period other than those disclosed in the profit and loss account

# **Balance** sheet

as at 31 March 2007	Note	£000	2007 £000	£000	2006 £000
Fixed assets Tangible assets	8		95		102
Current assets Debtors	9	894		929	
	•	894		929	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	10	(922)		(817)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets	,	<del></del>	(28)		112
Total assets less current liabilities			67		214
Provisions for liabilities and charges	11		(7)		(4)
Net assets			60		210
Capital and reserves			2		2
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12 13		2 58		208
Shareholder's funds	14		60		210

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 29 January 2008 and were signed on its behalf by

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#### **Notes**

(forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements

### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention

Under FRS 1 Cash flow statements (revised 1996)' the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Falkland Island Holdings plc, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 'Related party disclosures' and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group. The consolidated financial statements of Falkland Island Holdings plc, within which this company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 18

### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided by equal annual instalments to reduce the cost or valuation of fixed assets, other than freehold land on which no depreciation is charged, to residual value over their estimated useful working lives. The principal annual rates are

Freehold buildings

25 years

Plant and machinery

Periods between 5-10 years

Motor vehicles

4 years

Fixtures and fittings

Periods between 5-10 years

## Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

#### Classification of financial instruments issued by the company

Following the adoption of FRS 25, financial instruments issued by the company are treated as equity (i.e. forming part of shareholder's funds) only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions

- a) they include no contractual obligations upon the company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the company, and
- b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the company's own equity instruments, it is either a nonderivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

Finance payments associated with financial liabilities are dealt with as part of interest payable and similar charges. Finance payments associated with financial instruments that are classified as part of shareholder's funds (see dividends policy) are dealt with as appropriations in the reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds.

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

## Dividends on shares presented within shareholder's funds

Dividends unpaid at the balance sheet date are only recognised as a liability at that date to the extent that they are appropriately authorised and are no longer at the discretion of the company. Unpaid dividends that do not meet these criteria are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts charged to customers in the ordinary course of business for goods and services provided, including fellow subsidiaries of Falkland Islands Holdings plc, exclusive of value added tax

#### Post retirement benefits

The company contributes to a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The amounts charged to the profit and loss account represent the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

#### Leases

Assets held under finance leases are capitalised and the outstanding future lease obligations are shown in creditors

# 2 Segmental information

<u> </u>		
	2007	2006
	£000	£000
Geographical analysis of turnover	2000	2000
		101
United Kingdom	-	383
3 Other operating charges		
	2007	2006
	£000	£000
A decomposition of the control of th		100
Administrative expenses	14	198
4 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		
4 From on ordinary activities before taxation		
	2007	2006
	£000	£000
Profit on auditoria delivation before taxation in stated after character	2000	2,000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging	-	0
Depreciation - owned assets	7	8
Loss on transfer of fixed assets	3	-
Operating lease costs - land and buildings	-	31

Auditors' remuneration relating to this company has been charged to Gosport Ferry Limited

5 Directors and employees		
	2007 Number	2006 Number
The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was Maintenance		8
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were	£000	£000
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	- -	198 21 11
	<u> </u>	230
The directors did not receive any remuneration in the year (2006 £nil)		
6 Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
(a) Analysis of charge in the period	2007 £000	2006
The taxation charge based on the profit for the year comprises UK corporation tax at 19% (2006 19%)	2	£000 4
Total current tax charges  Deferred taxation - origination and reversal of timing differences (note 11)	2	4
Lax on profit on ordinary activities	2	5
(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period		
The current tax charge for the year is higher than (2006 equal to) the small companies rate UK of 19% (2006 19%) The differences are explained below	of corporati	on tax in the
Current tax reconciliation	2007 £000	2006 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax		19
Current tax at 30% (2006 19%)	i	4
Effects of Depreciation in the period in excess of capital allowances	1	-
Total current tax charge	2	4

7 Dividends					
				2007 £000	2006 £000
Equity dividends Dividends paid in the financial year				150	•
bridends paid in the interior year				=	
8 Tangible assets					
	Freehold property £000	Plant and machinery £000	Motor vehicles £000	Fixtures and fittings £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2006	188	108	23	4	323
Disposals		(108)	(23)	(4)	(135)
At 31 March 2007	188		-	<del>-</del>	188
Accumulated depreciation	0.0	100	22		221
At 1 April 2006 Charge for the year	86 7	108	23	4	221 7
Disposals	-	(108)	(23)	(4)	(135)
At 31 March 2007	93	-	-	-	93
Net book value At 31 March 2007	95				95
At 31 March 2006	102	-	-	_	102
9 Debtors					
				2007 £000	2006 £000
Amounts owed by group undertakings				894	929
10 Creditors: amounts falling du	ie within one y	ear			
_	·			2007 £000	2006 £000
Bank loans and overdrafts				5	36
Amounts owed to group undertakings				915	765
Other taxation and social security				2	. 4
Accruals and deferred income				•	7
				922	817

# 11 Provisions for liabilities and charges

# Deferred taxation

Defenda lacanon		
The movement in the deferred taxation account during the year was		
	2007	2006
	£000	£000
Balance brought forward	4	3
Profit and loss account movement arising during the year (note 6)	-	1
I ransferred to group undertakings	3	-
Balance carried forward		4
balance carried forward	7	4
	<del></del>	
The balance of the deferred taxation account consists of the tax effect of timing different	es in respect of	
	2007	2006
	£000	£000
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets	7	4
·		
12 Called up share capital		
	2007	2006
	£000	£000
Authorised 2 000 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
2 oo orania, ona co or or one.		
Allotted called up and fully paid		
2 000 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
13 Profit and loss account		
	2007	2006
	£000	£000
Balance brought forward	208	194
Profit for the year	(150)	14
Dividend paid	(150)	-
Balance carried forward	58	208
Datance carried for ward	<del></del>	

### 14 Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds

	2007 £000	2006 £000
Profit for the year Dividend paid	(150)	14
Net (reduction in)/addition to shareholder's funds Opening shareholder s funds	(150) 210	14 196
Closing shareholder s funds	60	210

#### 15 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 31 March 2007 or 31 March 2006

#### 16 Capital commitments

As at 31 March 2007 the company had no capital commitments authorised but not contracted for (2006 £nil)

## 17 Pensions

The company contributes to a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the period represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £nil (2006 £11,204). There were no outstanding contributions either at the beginning or end of the financial period.

## 18 Ultimate and immediate parent company

The directors consider that the parent undertaking of this company is The Portsmouth Harbour Ferry Company Limited, and that the ultimate parent company is Falkland Islands Holdings plc, both companies are incorporated in Great Britain

A copy of the financial statements of Falkland Islands Holdings plc in which the results of Clarence Marine Engineering Limited are consolidated can be obtained from Falkland Islands Holdings plc, Kenburgh Court, 133-137 South Street Bishop's Stortford, Hertfordshire, CM23 3HX