Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30th November 2021

for

ESSEX INJECTION MOULDINGS LIMITED

Contents of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30th November 2021

	Pag
Company Information	1
Chartered Accountants' Report	2
Balance Sheet	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	5

ESSEX INJECTION MOULDINGS LIMITED

Company Information for the year ended 30th November 2021

DIRECTORS: Mr P S Measures

Mr J C King Mr D M Leighton Mr L Watkins

REGISTERED OFFICE: Monometer House

Rectory Grove Leigh on Sea Essex SS9 2HI.

REGISTERED NUMBER: 02137067 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Barrons Limited

Chartered Accountants Monometer House Rectory Grove Leigh on Sea Essex SS9 2HN

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Unaudited Financial Statements of Essex Injection Mouldings Limited

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the directors in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Profit and Loss Account and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Directors are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Essex Injection Mouldings Limited for the year ended 30th November 2021 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed within the ICAEW's regulations and guidance at http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Essex Injection Mouldings Limited, as a body, in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Essex Injection Mouldings Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Essex Injection Mouldings Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Essex Injection Mouldings Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Essex Injection Mouldings Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Essex Injection Mouldings Limited. You consider that Essex Injection Mouldings Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Essex Injection Mouldings Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Barrons Limited Chartered Accountants Monometer House Rectory Grove Leigh on Sea Essex SS9 2HN

23rd June 2022

Balance Sheet 30th November 2021

		2021	1	2020)
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		263,796		287,708
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		164,933		148,966	
Debtors	5	853,626		828,781	
Cash at bank and in hand		17,274	_	39,558	
		1,035,833		1,017,305	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	617,389	_	427,745	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			418,444		589,560
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			682,240		877,268
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one	7		(149,937)		(228,944)
year	,		(149,937)		(228,944)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(40,910)		(44,029)
NET ASSETS			491,393		604,295
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Revaluation reserve	10		123,574		125,818
Retained earnings			366,819		477,477
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			491,393		604,295

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30th November 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30th November 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

Page 3 continued...

Balance Sheet - continued 30th November 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 23rd June 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr P S Measures - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30th November 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Essex Injection Mouldings Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

Turnover

The turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before the revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

Page 5 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30th November 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less residual value over their estimated useful lives, using either a straight line or reducing balance method, as indicated below.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery - 15% on reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings - 15% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 20% on reducing balance
Computer equipment - 33% on reducing balance

The asset's residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If Stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit and loss.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Page 6 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30th November 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit and loss.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debtors

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Creditors

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, loans from third parties and loans from related parties, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Such instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost using effective interest method, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are represented by cash in hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, and other short-term highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amount of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 29 (2020 - 27).

Page 7 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30th November 2021

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Valuation in 2016

Cost

COST OR MALINATION	Plant and machinery etc £
COST OR VALUATION	
At 1st December 2020	1,381,512
Additions	370
At 30th November 2021	<u> 1,381,882</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1st December 2020	1,093,804
Charge for year	24,282
At 30th November 2021	1,118,086
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30th November 2021	263,796
At 30th November 2020	287,708
Cost or valuation at 30th November 2021 is represented by:	
	Plant and machinery

Plant and machinery includes assets which were revalued during the year ended 30th November 2016. If these assets were held at historic cost they would have a carrying value of £88,674 (2020: £104,325) at the balance sheet date.

5. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	327,766	312,056
Amounts owed by group undertakings	500,000	500,000
Other debtors	25,860	16,725
	853,626	828,781

Page 8 continued...

etc

184,389

1,197,493

1,381,882

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30th November 2021

6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	**************************************	2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	77,933	64,532
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 8)	882	5,152
	Trade creditors	308,653	144,828
	Taxation and social security	140,628	182,080
	Other creditors	<u>89,293</u>	31,153
		617,389	427,745
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans	99,937	178,062
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 8)	-	882
	Other creditors	<u>50,000</u>	50,000
		<u>149,937</u>	228,944
8.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:		
		Hire purchas	e contracts
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Net obligations repayable:		
	Within one year	882	5,152
	Between one and five years	-	882
		<u>882</u>	<u>6,034</u>
		Non-cancellable	operating leases
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Within one year	60,905	46,905
	Between one and five years	172,332	148,295
	In more than five years		20,775
		<u>233,237</u>	215,975

Page 9 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30th November 2021

9. **SECURED DEBTS**

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans	177,870	242,594
Factoring account	157,863	33,472
Hire purchase	882	6,034
	336,615	282,100

The bank loan, overdraft and factoring account facilities, the latter of which is included within trade creditors, are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company's assets and undertakings and by a personal guarantee from the four directors totalling £140,000 collectively.

The Company has a further bank loan which is secured by the Bounce Back Loan Scheme. This was provided by the Government during the Coronavirus pandemic.

The hire purchase creditor is secured against the asset to which it relates.

10. RESERVES

	Kevaluation
	reserve
	£
At 1st December 2020	125,818
Deferred tax	526
Transfer between reserves	(2,770)
At 30th November 2021	123,574

Davaluation

11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

At the balance sheet date there were directors' current account balances totalling £50,000 (2020: £50,000).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.