Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 30 June 2010

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# Exe Terminators & Co Ltd Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2010

		201	2010		2009	
	Note	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets Tangible assets	2		35,161		36,388	
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		7,600 57,594 89,470 154,664		11,327 53,020 53,239 117,586		
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(87,341)		(86,236)		
Net current assets			67,323		31,350	
Total assets less current liabilities			102,484		67,738	
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year			(3,010)		(8,518)	
Provisions for liabilities			(1,324)			
Net assets			98,150		59,220	
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss reserve	3		103 98,047		103 59,117	
Shareholders' funds			98,150		59,220	

# Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2010 (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2010, the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477(1) of the Companies Act 2006, and no notice has been deposited under section 476(1) requesting an audit The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act and preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 394 and which otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2006, so far as applicable to the company

The abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of the Companies Act 2006 relating to companies subject to the small companies regime

Approved by the Board on 29 October 2010 and signed on its behalf by

A G Loades Director N B Sturt

#### Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the Year Ended 30 June 2010

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

#### Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows

Plant and machinery

25% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

Motor vehicles

### Stock and work in progress

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by FRSSE

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date

## Hire purchase and finance lease contracts

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract.

#### Operating leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

# Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the Year Ended 30 June 2010

continued

#### Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme Contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 2 Fixed assets

			Tangible assets £
C	Cost		
Α	As at 1 July 2009		87,351
	Additions		12,176
D	Disposals		(17,757)
Α	As at 30 June 2010		81,770
D	Depreciation		
A	As at 1 July 2009		50,963
E	Eliminated on disposals		(16,074)
C	Charge for the year		11,720
A	As at 30 June 2010		46,609
N	Net book value		
A	As at 30 June 2010		35,161
A	As at 30 June 2009		36,388
3 S	Share capital		
		2010 £	2009 £
A	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
E	Equity		
	100 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	100	100
	3 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	3	3
	•	103	103

# Exe Terminators & Co Ltd Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the Year Ended 30 June 2010

continued

# 4 Related parties

# Controlling entity

The company is controlled by the directors who own 99 03 of the called up share capital