**REGISTERED NUMBER: 02092078 (England and Wales)** 

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020
FOR

KIRKBY LINDSEY ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LIMITED

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# KIRKBY LINDSEY ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LIMITED

### COMPANY INFORMATION for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

DIRECTORS:	J Kirkby P J Hopley
SECRETARY:	J Kirkby
REGISTERED OFFICE:	Crowle Street Hedon Road Kingston Upon Hull HU9 1RH
REGISTERED NUMBER:	02092078 (England and Wales)
ACCOUNTANTS:	Forrester Boyd Robson Chartered Accountants The Counting House Nelson Street Hull HU1 1XE

### BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2020

	31.3.20		31.3.19	
Notes	£	£	£	£
4		•		156,691
5				6,017
		193,909		162,708
	34.813		51.638	
6				
			· ·	
	210,653		303,830	
7	261,811		301,853	
		(51,158)		1,977
		142,751		164,685
		A 219		3,817
				160,868
		100,002		100,000
		95		95
9		122,841		88,844
		5		5
		<u> 15,591</u>		71,924
		138,532		160,868
	4 5 6	Notes £  4 5  34,813 6 157,472 18,368 210,653 7 261,811	4     187,892       5     6,017       193,909       6     34,813       157,472     18,368       210,653     (51,158)       7     261,811       4,219     138,532       9     122,841       5     15,591	Notes     £     £     £       4     187,892 6,017 193,909     51,638 210,638       6     157,472 18,368 210,653     221,101 31,091 303,830       7     261,811 (51,158)     301,853 (51,158)       142,751     4,219 138,532       9     122,841 5 15,591

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2020.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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### BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 March 2020

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit & Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 3 December 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

J Kirkby - Director

P J Hopley - Director

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Kirkby Lindsey Electrical Engineering Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and Companies Act 2006. There were no material departures from that standard. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

### Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Kirkby Lindsey Electrical Engineering Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 399(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements.

#### Turnover

Turnover arises from the sale of goods and the provision of services. Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts for the sale of goods and/or the rendering of services in the normal course of business, net of discounts and other sales-related taxes.

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods, which is when the goods are delivered to the customer.

Turnover from the provision of services is recognised when the service is performed.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - 33% on cost, 25% reducing balance, 20% on cost, 15% on cost, 10% on cost and 4% on cost

Land and buildings - The term of the primary lease

Residual value represents the estimated amount which would currently be obtained from disposal of an asset, after deducting estimated costs of disposal, if the asset were already of the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

### Impairment of assets

At each reporting date fixed assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered a impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Stocks**

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis. Net realisable value represents estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Provision is made for slow moving, obsolete or damaged stock where the net realisable value is less than cost.

Work-in-progress includes costs for materials and labour to date on any given contract yet to be completed or invoiced for work to date, together with an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads are also included.

#### Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost, with changes recognised in profit or loss. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and thereafter at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charges to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

### Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value. Investments held as current assets are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 10 (2019 - 10).

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

### 4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and		
	Land and	machinery	
	buildings	etc	Totals
	£	£	£
COST OR VALUATION			
At 1 April 2019	155,000	148,211	303,211
Additions	-	8,678	8,678
Revaluations	10,000	-	10,000
At 31 March 2020	165,000	156,889	321,889
DEPRECIATION	100,000		021,000
At 1 April 2019	21,597	124,923	146,520
Charge for year	2,400	9,074	11,474
Revaluation adjustments	(23,997)	9,074	(23,997)
At 31 March 2020	(23,331)	122 007	
· · · - · · · · <del>·</del> · · <del>· · · - · - ·</del>	<del></del>	133,997	<u> 133,997</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	405.000	00.000	407.000
At 31 March 2020	<u>165,000</u>	22,892	187,892
At 31 March 2019	<u>133,403</u>	23,288	<u> 156,691</u>
Cost or valuation at 31 March 2020 is represented by:			
		Plant and	
	Land and	machinery	
			Totala
	buildings	etc	Totals
0011	£	£	£
2011	40.000		40.000
Valuation in 2020	10,000	450.000	10,000
Cost	71,985	156,889	228,874
	<u>165,000</u>	<u> 156,889</u>	<u>321,889</u>

If leasehold buildings and plant had not been revalued they would have been included at the following historical cost:

	31.3.20	31.3.19
	£	£
Cost	115,333	115,333
Aggregate depreciation	68,454	67,772

Leasehold buildings were valued on an open market basis on 13 February 2020 by PPH Commercial .

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

### 5. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

5.	FIXED ASSET INVESTIMENTS		Shares in group undertakings £
	COST At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020 NET BOOK VALUE		6,017
	At 31 March 2020 At 31 March 2019		6,017 6,017
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.3.20 £	31.3.19 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings	115,010 5,610	187,869 -
	Amounts recoverable on contract Other debtors	3,517 <u>33,335</u> 157,472	8,291 <u>24,941</u> 221,101
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.3.20 £	31.3.19 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	73,486 127,155	97,221 144,664 3,218
	Taxation and social security Other creditors	16,917 44,253	27,862 28,888
		261,811	<u>301,853</u>
8.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		31.3.20 £	31.3.19 £
	Bank overdrafts	<u>73,486</u>	97,221
	I Consequence Cole Office and a consequence of the supplement of t		

Hire purchase liabilities are secured on the related assets financed.

The bank overdraft is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all assets.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

### 9. RESERVES

Revaluation reserve
£
At 1 April 2019
Additions
88,844
Additions
33,997
At 31 March 2020
122,841

### 10. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2020, the company had total commitments under non-cancellable operating leases over the remaining life of those lease of £4,281 (2019 : £8,232).

### 11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

During the year, total dividends of £19,000 (2019 - £19,000) were paid to the directors .

At the year end, the company owed the directors £37,108 (2019 : £22,903) in respect of a current account balance. Loans made to the company by the directors are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.