Registration number: 02048790

# Sheffield Specsavers Limited

Report and Unaudited Financial Statements (Filleted Accounts)

for the Year Ended 28 February 2018



COMPANIES HOUSE

# Contents

Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3 to 1

# **Company Information**

**Directors** Specsavers Optical Group Limited

Paul McGinty

Mary Lesley Perkins Lorna Armitage

Company secretary Specsavers Optical Group Limited

Registered office Forum 6

Parkway

Solent Business Park Whiteley, Fareham United Kingdom PO15 7PA

Registration number 02048790

## (Registration number: 02048790) Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	668,723	751,889
Investments	5	100	100
		668,823	751,989
Current assets			
Stocks		47,941	40,302
Debtors	6	45,294	533,768
Cash and cash equivalents	7		171,455
		93,235	745,525
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(894,853)	(881,017)
Net current liabilities		(801,618)	(135,492)
Total assets less current liabilities		(132,795)	616,497
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(280,716)	(330,776)
Provisions for liabilities			(1,946)
Net (liabilities)/assets		(413,511)	283,775
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	100	100
Profit and loss account		(413,611)	283,675
Total equity		(413,511)	283,775

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities. The Company has elected not to file a Profit and Loss Account.

For the year ending 28 February 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

24/7/2018 | 2:24 BST

Approved and authorised by the Board on ...... and signed on its behalf by:

Paul McGiuty

46074A30F5F54E1.............

Director

Paul McGinty

The notes on pages 3 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Page 2

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is: Forum 6 Parkway Solent Business Park Whiteley, Fareham United Kingdom PO15 7PA

#### 2 Accounting policies

### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

## Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - small entities.

## **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and are rounded to the nearest £.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the Company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Revenue represents the amount charged, net of value added tax, by the company as a wholesaler for goods provided to the company's retail subsidiary during the period. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Revenue from the sale of goods and services is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on dispatch of the goods, or when services are provided and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Deferred revenue arises when cash is received in advance of revenue being earned, either in the form of deposits received for spectacles which have not been collected or direct debit payments received for contact lenses in advance of delivery of the lenses to the customer. Deferred revenue is a liability on the Balance Sheet until it is earned.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Tax

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using tax rates and laws which have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences which are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements, except that unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

## Key areas of estimation uncertainty and judgments

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Where there are indicators of impairment of individual assets, the company performs impairment tests based on fair value less costs to sell or a value in use calculation. The fair value less costs to sell calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction on similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow model. The cash flows are derived from the budget for the next five years and do not include restructuring activities that the company is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the performance of the cash generating unit being tested. The recoverable amount is most sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future cash flows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

## Taxation

Management estimation is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with an assessment of the effect of future tax planning strategies.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets are stated in the Balance Sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis at the following rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its' estimated useful life (or if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter):

Asset class

Furniture, fittings and equipment Motor vehicles Other property, plant and equipment Depreciation method and rate

14-25% on cost 25% on cost 14-33% on cost

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists the company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is impaired and it is reduced to its recoverable amount through an impairment in profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss of a revalued asset is a revaluation decrease. An impairment loss recognised for all assets is reversed in a subsequent period if and only if the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. The directors have included the balances owed to and from Specsavers Finance (Guernsey) Limited, the Group Treasury Company within cash equivalents. If the overall cash balance with the Group Treasury Company is overdrawn, this is classified as a current liability alongside any other overdrawn external cash balances.

#### Short term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other operating expenses.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over the useful life of the asset in the same manner as other property, plant and equipment. A corresponding liability is recognised for the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments in the balance sheet. Lease payments are apportioned between the reduction of the lease liability and finance charges in the profit and loss account, so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Lease incentives are recognised over the lease term on a straight line basis.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

## 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### **Dividend Income**

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably).

#### Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value.

#### **Group Accounts**

The Group is small sized and as a result the parent company has taken advantage of the exemption available not to prepare statutory consolidated financial statements granted under Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006. Accordingly these financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 0 (2017: 0).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

4 Tangible assets				
	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles £	Other property, plant and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 March 2017	562,402	7,990	566,656	1,137,048
Additions	26,205		41,079	67,284
At 28 February 2018	588,607	7,990	607,735	1,204,332
Depreciation				
At 1 March 2017	30,989	3,662	350,508	385,159
Charge for the year	93,667	1,998	54,785	150,450
At 28 February 2018	124,656	5,660	405,293	535,609
Carrying amount				
At 28 February 2018	463,951	2,330	202,442	668,723
At 28 February 2017	531,413	4,328	216,148	751,889
5 Investments				
			2018	2017
Investments in subsidiaries		<u></u>	100	£ 100
Subsidiaries				£
Cost or valuation At 1 March 2016 and 28 February 2018			_	100
Carrying amount				
At 28 February 2018			-	100
At 28 February 2017			=	100

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Amounts owed by related parties	12	-	501,296
Prepayments		37,144	32,472
Taxation and social security		2,538	-

Deferred tax assets 5,612 Total trade and other debtors 45,294 533,768

## Total trade and other debtors

Deferred tax assets of £5,612 (2017: £Nil) are classified as non current.

# 7 Cash and cash equivalents

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Group Treasury Company	12 _		171,455
	_		171,455

## 8 Creditors

6 Debtors

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	71,779	117,918
Trade creditors		107,011	431,175
Taxation and social security		-	93,444
Amounts owed to related parties	12	681,813	204,230
Deferred income		29,375	29,375
Deferred Rent	_	4,875	4,875
	=	894,853	881,017
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	18,025	33,835
Deferred income		225,208	254,583
Deferred Rent	_	37,483	42,358
	=	280,716	330,776

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

## 9 Loans and borrowings

•	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Current loans and borrowings			
Group Treasury Company loan	12	7,049	13,272
Group Treasury Company	12	583	-
Finance lease liabilities		15,810	20,453
Shareholders' loans	12	34,657	57,913
Directors' loans	12 _	13,680	26,280
	-	71,779	117,918
		2018 £	2017 £
Non-current loans and borrowings			
Finance lease liabilities	-	18,025	33,835

The finance lease liabilities shown within the loans and borrowings notes are secured against the underlying assets.

## 10 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Operating lease commitments

At 28 February 2018, the company had total commitments under non-cancellable operating leases over the remaining life of those leases of £1,695,776 (2017: £1,894,238).

## 11 Share capital

## Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
"A" Ordinary of £0.50 each	100	50	100	50
"B" Ordinary of £0.50 each	100_	50	100	50
	200	100	200	100

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

## 11 Share capital (continued)

## Rights, preferences and restrictions

In accordance with the Articles of Association the following rights attach to shares: a) to "A" shares, the right to receive that part (including the whole) of the profits of the company which the directors shall, from time to time, determine to distribute as dividends. b) to "B" shares, the right to appoint the chairman of the board of directors and of the general meeting of the company. The "B" shares are held by Specsavers Optical Superstores Limited . In all other respects both classes of share carry equal rights over the assets of the company, subject to those provisions as laid out in the shareholders' agreement.

## 12 Related party transactions

During the year the company entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with other related parties. Trading balances outstanding at 28 February 2018, are as follows:

2018 Assets				Parent £	Subside £	liary -	Other group undertakings £
<b>2017</b> Assets				Parent £	Subsic £	liary 98,330	Other group undertakings £ 171,455
2018 Liabilities			_	Parent £ 141,09	Subside £	liary 43,424	Other group undertakings £ 39,587
<b>2017</b> Liabilities				Parent £ 209,74	Subsid £	liary -	Other group undertakings £ 65,667
Directors' loans							
2018	At 1 March 2017 £	Advances/ credits £	Repayments £	Other £	Written off	Waived £	At 28 February 2018 £
Specsavers Optical Group Ltd	26,280	-	(12,600)		-		13,680
2017	At 1 March 2016 £	Advances/ credits £	Repayments £	Other £	Written off £	Waived £	At 28 February 2017 £
Specsavers Optical Group Ltd	-	37,830	(11,550) Page 10				26,280

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

#### 12 Related party transactions (continued)

Unless otherwise agreed by the Shareholders each Loan advanced to the Company under clause 2.1.4 of the standard shareholders agreement shall:

- 1. not bear interest until 12 months after the date on which such Loan is advanced to the Company.
- 2. shall bear interest at a fixed rate equal to the standard Specsavers Finance (Guernsey) Limited rate published from time to time, discounted by 1%. Such interest to be compounded and capitalised into such Loan, to be payable in equal monthly instalments with the first interest payment being due on the date which is one month following the period of 12 months after the date on which such Loan is advanced to the Company.
- 3. subject to clause 2.4 of the standard shareholders agreement be repaid to the relevant Shareholder pro rata over the period of 36 months by equal monthly payments starting on the date which is one month following the period of 12 months after the date on which such Loan is advanced to the Company.

All other directors' loans shall be repayable on demand or according to defined terms as per the agreement.

The dividends value shown above differs from the value of total dividends paid per the Statement of Changes in Equity as it excludes those dividends paid to non-director shareholders.

## 13 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

As at the year end Specsavers International Healthcare Limited was the ultimate parent company of Sheffield Specsavers Limited. Mr and Mrs Perkins have the controlling interest in the ordinary share capital of Specsavers International Healthcare Limited, the ultimate parent company. Specsavers International Healthcare Limited is a Guernsey registered company and its accounts are not available to the public.

Specsavers UK Holdings Limited is the parent company of the smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are drawn up and in which Sheffield Specsavers Limited is a member. Specsavers UK Holdings Limited registered office is:

Forum 6 Parkway Solent Business Park Whiteley Fareham Hampshire PO15 7PA