FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 December 2012

Company Registration No 2022235

70,07



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12/07/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE #10

### The British Egg Industry Council (Limited By Guarantee) **COMPANY INFORMATION**

DIRECTORS

G A Wright OBE

A D Jorêt

R B Kerr

S Turner

R D Hay

J V Vergerson C D Brenton

D N Priestner

J L McLenaghan

E G Griffiths

R Gent

(Appointed 13 June 2012) (Appointed 13 June 2012)

(Appointed 13 June 2012)

(Appointed 13 June 2012)

(Appointed 22 November 2012)

**SECRETARY** 

M Williams

COMPANY NUMBER

2022235

REGISTERED OFFICE

89 Charterhouse Street

London

ECIM 6HR

**AUDITOR** 

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP

Portland

25 High Street

Crawley

West Sussex

**RH10 1BG** 

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

For the year ended 31 December 2012

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company is principally engaged in promotion and marketing of egg production and sales

#### DIRECTORS

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2012

GA Wright OBE

A D Jorêt

A J Parker O B E

(Resigned 13 June 2012)

C Frampton

(Deceased 17 March 2012)

R B Kerr

(Appointed 13 June 2012)

S Turner

R D Hay

IV Vergere

J V Vergerson

(Appointed 13 June 2012)

C D Brenton

D N Priestner

(Appointed 13 June 2012)

C Bourns

(Resigned 13 June 2012)

J L McLenaghan

E G Gnffiths

(Appointed 13 June 2012)

I S Retson

(Resigned 22 November 2012)

R Gent

(Appointed 22 November 2012)

#### **AUDITOR**

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP has indicated its willingness to continue in office

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who are in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed that, as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption

On behalf of the board

A. a June

A D Jorêt

DIRECTOR

12/6/13

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law)

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- a select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- b make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- c prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH EGG INDUSTRY COUNCIL (LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

We have audited the financial statements set out on pages 4 to 11. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors

#### SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www fre org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

#### OPINION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and its profit for the year then
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report.

ANTHONY SUMMERS (SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR)

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FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP, STATUTORY AUDITOR

Chartered Accountants

Portland

25 High Street

Crawley

West Sussex

**RH10 1BG** 

8/7/13

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	Notes	2012 £	2011 £
TURNOVER		2,278,112	2,226,592
Other operating expenses	1	(2,255 844)	(2,143,421)
OPERATING PROFIT		22,268	83,171
Investment income	2	568	783
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	3	22,836	83,954
Taxation	4	(4 568)	(18,022)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	10	18,268	65,932

The profit for the year arises from the company's continuing operations

No separate Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented as all such gains and losses have been dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account

**BALANCE SHEET** 

As at 31 December 2012

	Notes	2012 £	2011 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	5	11,839	11,331
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	227,600 1,140,575	280,519 869,855
CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	7	1,368,175 (1,146,865)	1,150,374 (947,043)
NET CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		221,310	203,331
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES  NET ASSETS	8	231,295	213,027
RESERVES Profit and loss account	10	231,295	213,027
MEMBERS' FUNDS	11	231,295	213,027

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime

The financial statements on pages 4 to 11 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12/6/13 and are signed on its behalf by

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A D Jorêt DIRECTOR

# The British Egg Industry Council (Limited By Guarantee) ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

#### TURNOVER

Turnover represents a levy on egg production under the Lion Quality Scheme. The income received is allocated to the periods to which they relate

#### TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

33% straight line

#### LEASING

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term

#### RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable

#### **DEFERRED TAXATION**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company s taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

#### **CASH FLOW STATEMENTS**

The company has taken advantage of the small company exemption from preparing a cashflow statement under the terms of FRS1

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2012

1	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	2012 £	2011 £
	Administrative expenses	2,255,844	2,143,421
2	INVESTMENT INCOME	2012 £	2011 £
	Bank interest	568	783
3	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2012 £	2011 £
	Profit is stated after charging		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	6,491	1,908
	- Owned assets	31,000	31,000
	Operating lease rentals Auditor's remuneration	5 200	5,000

None of the directors received emoluments in respect of qualifying services provided during the year, or are accruing retirement benefits under money purchase or defined benefit schemes

# The British Egg Industry Council (Limited By Guarantee) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 December 2012

TAXATION	2012	2011 £
UK Cornoration tax	2	~
Current tax on profit of the period	4,349	3,010
CURRENT TAX CHARGE	4 349	3,010
DEFERRED TAX		
Deferred tax charge current year	219	15,012
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4,568	18,022
FACTORS AFFECTING THE TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR  The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax for small companies (20%) as explained below  Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	22,836	83,954
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by the standard rate of UK corporation tax for small companies of 20 00% (2011 - 20 00%)	4,567	16,791
Effects of		650
Non deductible expenses		558
·	(293)	(2,175)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	(12,200)
Other short term timing differences		
	(218)	(13,781)
CURRENT TAX CHARGE	4,349	3,010
	UK Corporation tax Current tax on profit of the period  CURRENT TAX CHARGE  DEFERRED TAX Deferred tax charge current year  Tax on profit on ordinary activities  FACTORS AFFECTING THE TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax for small companies (20%) as explained below Profit on ordinary activities before taxation  Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by the standard rate of UK corporation tax for small companies of 20 00% (2011 - 20 00%)  Effects of Non deductible expenses Excess of capital allowances over depreciation Tax charged at higher rates Other short term timing differences	UK Corporation tax Current tax on profit of the period  4,349  CURRENT TAX CHARGE  DEFERRED TAX Deferred tax charge current year  Tax on profit on ordinary activities  FAC FORS AFFECTING THE TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax for small companies (20%) as explained below Profit on ordinary activities before taxation  Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by the standard rate of UK corporation tax for small companies of 20 00% (2011 - 20 00%)  Effects of Non deductible expenses Excess of capital allowances over depreciation Tax charged at higher rates Other short term timing differences  (218)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 December 2012

5	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Fixtures, fittings and equipment
	COST		
	At 1 January 2012		85,671
	Additions		6,999
	Disposals	-	(4,104)
	At 31 December 2012		88,566
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 January 2012		74,340
	On disposals		(4,104)
	Charge for the year		6,491
	At 31 December 2012		76,727
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 December 2012		11,839
	At 31 December 2011		11,331
6	DEBTORS	2012 £	2011 £
			107.017
	Trade debtors	50,906	186,816 93,703
	Other debtors	176,694	93,703
		227,600	280,519
7	CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2012	2011
,		£	£
	Trade creditors	518,746	250 237
	Taxation and social security	24,357	30 518
	Other creditors	603,762	666,288
		1,146,865	947,043
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 December 2012

8	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		
	THE DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY IS MADE UP AS FOLLOWS	2012 £	
	Balance at 1 January 2012 Profit and loss account	1,635 219	
	Balance at 31 December 2012	1,854	
		2012 £	2011 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	1,854	1,635
9	PENSION AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT COMMITMENTS PERSONAL PENSIONS		
		2012 £	2011 £
	Contributions to money purchase schemes payable by the company for the year	23,893	25,675
10	RESERVES		Profit and loss account
			£
	Balance at 1 January 2012 Profit for the year		213,027 18,268
	Balance at 31 December 2012		231,295

#### 11 LIABILITIES OF MEMBERS

Under clause 6 of the Memorandum of Association, every member of the Association undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Association in the event of the same being wound up while he is a member or within one year after he ceases to be a member, for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Association contracted before he ceases to be a member and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding-up and for the adjustments of the rights of the contributories among themselves, such amount as may be required not exceeding £1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 December 2012

#### 12 FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2012 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 31 December 2013

	Land	Land and buildings	
	2012	2011	
	£	£	
Operating leases which expire			
Between one and two years	31,000	-	
Between two and five years	-	31,000	
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#### 13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The levy income is derived from member companies. Those same member companies appoint from among themselves representatives who serve on Council who are, for Companies Act purposes, directors of the company. These representatives may also be directors or senior executives of the member company. Expenses of the members are borne by the company during the year. All transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms.