Company Registration No. 02001521 (England and Wales)
CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

CONTENTS

	Page
Director's report	1
Balance sheet	2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 9

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The director presents his annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of the sale and marketing of electronic testing equipment.

Director

The director who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements was as follows:

Mr A Arnoux

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Mr A Arnoux **Director**

7 June 2019

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		7,136		7,586
Current assets					
Stocks		97,700		73,826	
Debtors	4	189,209		154,238	
Cash at bank and in hand		98,979		142,405	
		385,888		370,469	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	5				
year		(139,819)		(98,180)	
Net current assets			246,069		272,289
Total assets less current liabilities			253,205		279,875
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		45,000		45,000
Profit and loss reserves			208,205		234,875
Total equity			253,205		279,875

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 7 June 2019

Mr A Arnoux **Director**

Company Registration No. 02001521

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Chauvin Arnoux UK Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Grenville Court, Britwell Road, Burnham, SL1 8DF.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The director has at the time of approving the financial statements a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus he continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

The director also confirms continuous support from parent company, Chauvin Arnoux SAS.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment 25% straight line Motor vehicles 25% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

1.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Under FRS102 section 1A the company is not required to prepare a cash flow statement being wholly owned subsidiary of Chauvin Arnoux SAS. Chauvin Arnoux SAS prepares consolidated financial statements copies of which can be obtained from 190 championnet 75876 Paris Cedex 18 France.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Trade debtors, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting end date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

1.11 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

(Continued)

Current tax

Accounting policies

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

1.12 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.13 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.14 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.15 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 7 (2017 - 8).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Plant and machinery etc Cost £	3	Tangible fixed assets		
Cost At 1 January 2018 124,142 Additions 3,335 Disposals (51,446) At 31 December 2018 76,031 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2018 116,556 Depreciation charged in the year 3,785 Eliminated in respect of disposals (51,446) At 31 December 2018 68,895 Carrying amount 7,136 At 31 December 2017 7,586 4 Debtors 2018 2017 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings 1 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827			ma	
At 1 January 2018 124,142 Additions 3,335 Disposals (51,446) At 31 December 2018 76,031 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2018 116,556 Depreciation charged in the year 3,785 Ellminated in respect of disposals (51,446) At 31 December 2018 68,895 Carrying amount At 31 December 2017 7,586 4 Debtors 2018 2017 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings - 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827				£
Additions Disposals Disposals Disposals At 31 December 2018 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2018 Depreciation charged in the year Eliminated in respect of disposals At 31 December 2018 Carrying amount At 31 December 2018 At 31 December 2017 Trade debtors Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Deferred tax asset 2018 2017 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827		Cost		
Disposals		At 1 January 2018		124,142
At 31 December 2018 76.031 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2018 116,556 Depreciation charged in the year 3.795 Eliminated in respect of disposals (51,446) At 31 December 2018 68.895 Carrying amount At 31 December 2018 7,136 At 31 December 2017 7,586 4 Debtors 2018 2017 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827		Additions		3,335
Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2018 116,556 Depreciation charged in the year 3,785 Eliminated in respect of disposals (51,446) At 31 December 2018 68,895 Carrying amount 7,136 At 31 December 2017 7,586 4 Debtors 2018 2017 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings - 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 160,060 133,411 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827		Disposals		(51,446)
At 1 January 2018 Depreciation charged in the year Eliminated in respect of disposals (51,446) At 31 December 2018 Carrying amount At 31 December 2018 At 31 December 2018 At 31 December 2017 Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: Frade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Amounts falling due after more than one year: Deferred tax asset 116,556 3,785 68.895 7,136 7,136 7,586 2018 2017 4 Debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings 55,946 53,134 2018 2017 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ £		At 31 December 2018		76,031
Depreciation charged in the year		Depreciation and impairment		
Eliminated in respect of disposals (51,446) At 31 December 2018 68,895 Carrying amount At 31 December 2018 7,136 At 31 December 2017 7,586 Debtors 2018 2017 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings - 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 Cherred tax asset 29,149 20,827		At 1 January 2018		116,556
At 31 December 2018 68,895 Carrying amount At 31 December 2018 7,136 At 31 December 2017 7,586 4 Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 Amounts falling due after more than one year: E £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827		Depreciation charged in the year		3,785
Carrying amount At 31 December 2017 7,136 4 Debtors 2018 2017 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings - 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827		Eliminated in respect of disposals		(51,446)
At 31 December 2017 At 31 December 2017 Total At 31 December 2017 Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Total debtors Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings - 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 2018 2017 Amounts falling due after more than one year: E Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827		At 31 December 2018		68,895
At 31 December 2017 7,586 4 Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors 55,946 53,134 160,060 133,411 2018 2017 Amounts falling due after more than one year: E Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827		Carrying amount		
4 Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ £ Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings - 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 I60,060 133,411 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827				7,136
Amounts falling due within one year: 2018 £ 2017 £ Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings - 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 Ing. Other debtors 160,060 133,411 Ing. 2018 2017 Ing. 2017 Ing. Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827 Ing. 20,827 Ing. 20,827 Ing. 20,827 Ing.		At 31 December 2017		7,586
Amounts falling due within one year: 2018 £ 2017 £ Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings - 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 Ing. Other debtors 160,060 133,411 Ing. 2018 2017 Ing. 2017 Ing. Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827 Ing. 20,827 Ing. 20,827 Ing. 20,827 Ing.				
Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings - 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 160,060 133,411 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827	4	Debtors		
Trade debtors 104,114 78,885 Amounts owed by group undertakings - 1,392 Other debtors 55,946 53,134 160,060 133,411 2018 2017 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827			2018	2017
Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors 55,946 53,134 160,060 133,411 2018 2017 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827		Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Other debtors 55,946 53,134 160,060 133,411 2018 2017 Amounts falling due after more than one year: £ £ Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827		Trade debtors	104,114	78,885
160,060 133,411		Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	1,392
Amounts falling due after more than one year: Deferred tax asset 2018 £ £ 2017 £ £		Other debtors	55,946	53,134
Amounts falling due after more than one year: Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827			160,060	133,411
Amounts falling due after more than one year: Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827				
Deferred tax asset 29,149 20,827				
		Amounts falling due after more than one year:	£	£
Total debtors = 189,209 154,238		Deferred tax asset	29,149	20,827
Total debtors 189,209 154,238				
		Total debtors	189,209	154,238

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	,	2018	2017
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	112	459
	Trade creditors	13,009	16,049
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	75,335	31,019
	Taxation and social security	26,324	22,756
	Other creditors	25,039	27,897
		139,819	98,180
6	Called up share capital		
•		2018	2017
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	45,000 Ordinary of £1 each	45,000	45,000

7 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Mr Jeffrey Smith FCA.

The auditor was Eacotts International Limited.

8 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

201	2018
	£
73,53	29,652

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

9 Related party transactions

The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

	2018	2017
Amounts due to related parties	£	£
Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the company	75,335	31,019
The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:	2018	2017
Amounts due from related parties	£	£
Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the	_	1.392
company		1,552

10 Parent company

The ultimate parent company is Chauvin Arnoux SAS, a company registered in France.

Copies of the financial statements for the group are available on request at 190, rue Championnet, 75876 Paris Cedex 18, Paris. France.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.