Report and Financial Statements

31 March 2012

21/12/2012

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2012

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

G Aubrey (non-executive)

P Bale (non-executive) - appointed 21 June 2012
R Derbyshire (non-executive) - appointed 21 June 2012
K Jones (non-executive) - appointed 21 June 2012

G A Mole

C Ogbonna

G S Payne (non-executive)

B Thomas (non-executive) – appointed 21 June 2012 A C Williams (non-executive) – appointed 21 June 2012

SECRE FARY

C Ogbonna

REGISTERED OFFICE

Leckwith Depot and Offices Sloper Road Leckwith Cardiff CF118FB

SOLICITORS

Hugh James Hodge House 114-116 St Mary Street Cardiff CF10 1DY

Burges Salmon LLP One Glass Wharf Bristol BS2 0ZX

AUDITOR

Deloitte I LP Cardiff

DIRECTORS' REPORT

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The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company was established in accordance with the Transport Act 1985 regulating transport undertakings wholly owned by municipal authorities. Cardiff City Council is therefore the only shareholder of Cardiff City Transport Services Limited. The company holds 100% of the share capital of Vale Busline Limited, a dormant company

The principal activity of the company and the group is to provide road passenger transport services

BUSINESS REVIEW

The financial year ended 31 March 2012 was a year of economic uncertainty. However, passenger numbers were in line with expectations

The directors are satisfied with the financial and operational result for the year and believe that the group will continue to perform satisfactorily in the future

The company's key measurements of the effectiveness of its operations are turnover and gross margin

As shown in the company's consolidated profit and loss account on page 7 the company's turnover increased by 2.5% to £33.141.000 (2011 - £32.335.000). Gross profit increased to £1.792,000 (2011 - £1.538,000) showing an improvement in margin to 5.4% (2011 - 4.8%).

After an independent review by the company's insurers, the directors have released £283,000 (2011 - £196,000) from its self-insurance fund provision in relation to an excess of management's best estimate of the monetary liability, which has been netted off from the insurance cost disclosed within cost of sales.

Exceptional costs of £1 976 000 incurred during the year resulted in an operating loss of £767 000 (2011 – operating profit of £979 000) and loss after taxation for the financial year of £374 000 (2011 – profit of £573 000)

The consolidated balance sheet on page 9 of the financial statements shows that the company has net assets of £7 569 000 (2011 - £9 150 000)

Details of amounts owed to Cardiff City Council the only shareholder are shown in note 27 to the financial statements

GOING CONCERN

At 31 March 2012 the group and company had cash of £1 547 000 (2011 - £2 096 000) and net assets of £7 569,000 (2011 - £9 150 000). The executive directors have considered the group's forecast and budgeted profit and associated cash flows for the foreseeable future. The directors have considered the facilities available to the group and believe that they can operate within the facilities available for the period of the cash flow forecast. Accordingly, the directors consider it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of the company's financial statements.

DIVIDENDS AND TRANSFERS TO RESERVES

The directors paid a dividend of £450 000 in the financial year (2011 - £370 000). The retained (loss)/profit for the financial year has been transferred (from)/to reserves

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company like most other bus operators is exposed to global fluctuations in fuel pieces. The company continues to seek financial instruments that can be employed to lessen the impact on its operations of large movements in fuel prices (see note 26 for further detail)

The directors are satisfied that there are adequate internal control measures in the company. The company will continue investing in the forthcoming year (£860,000 in the current year) to upgrade its depot and vehicle fleet and attract new users to public transport. This should result in bus paironage within the Cardiff area remaining stable. The company remains committed to its core value of providing reliable safe high quality and affordable public transport to the citizens of Cardiff.

On 18 January 2011 2 Fravel Group Plc (in liquidation) issued a claim against Caidiff Bus for damages pursuant to section 47A of the Companies Act 1998 alleging that the actions of Cardiff Bus led to various losses including the failure of the 2 Travel business. The claim was a follow on action arising out of a decision of the Office of Fail Trading in which it was found that Cardiff Bus committed an infringement of the Chapter II prohibition contained in section 18 of the 1998 Act. Judgement in the claim brought by 2 Travel has now been handed down by the Competition Appeal Fribunal. The Fribunal awarded total damages to 2 Travel of £93 819 plus interest of 2% above base rate on a proportion of those damages (£33 819). Following the Fribunal's Judgement, the matter of the parties costs remain outstanding and will be determined by the Tribunal if not otherwise agreed between the parties.

Scparate claims were also issued by three of 2 Travel's Group Ple's shareholders in the Competition Appeal Tribunal claiming their own losses arising out of the infringing conduct. These claims are currently stayed. The directors having obtained legal advice strenuously reject any grounds for these claims.

As required by law the board of directors has had regard to the claims in setting the level of provisions in the accounts but the level provided (if any) in respect of these claims is not disclosed as it relates to matters that are the subject of legal proceedings currently before the Competition Appeal Fribunal

The directors have considered the group's financial risk management objectives and policies and consider the most significant risk to be the pension deficit. The directors of the group are aware of this potential risk and are working with the trustees of the pension scheme taking active steps to address the risk in the near future.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company who served throughout the financial year and subsequently are set out on page 1 R Patel resigned as a non-executive director on 23 February 2012. I Aylwin, J. L. Dixon, R. I oley and J. Singh all resigned as non-executive directors on 3 May 2012 and J. Carter resigned as a non-executive director on 30 July 2012. D Brown resigned as director on 6 July 2012.

DISABLED PERSONS

The company and the group have a policy of encouraging the employment of disabled persons wherever this is practicable and attempt to provide equal opportunities to disabled persons. The company and the group endeavour to ensure that disabled employees benefit from training and career development programmes in common with all employees.

EMPLOYEE INVOLVEMENT

The company employs over 700 people (over 75% of whom are bus drivers). The Board is committed to maintaining and increasing the involvement of all employees in the successful development and operation of the company and the group. The company actively encourages project teams process improvement groups continuous learning including a comprehensive Certificate of Professional Competence (CPC) training programme for all drivers and associated staff and personal and professional development to ensure that staff fulfil their full potential. The company has open communication channels with all its employees including the appointment of an Employee Director on the Board a Joint Recognition Agreement strategic forum with trade union partners, a company intranet site and a periodic magazine. The company continues to work towards retaining and enhancing its Investors in People accreditation as well as improving the well-being and talents of all its employees.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

AUDITOR

In the case of each of the persons who are directors of the company at the date when this report is approved

- so far as each of the directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- each of the directors has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office as the company's auditor and a resolution for their reappointment will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

C Ogbonna Secretary

31 July 2012

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and the company and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- scleet suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company s transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF CARDIFF CITY TRANSPORT SERVICES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Cardiff City Transport Services Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 which comprise the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account the Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Consolidated Note of Historical Cost Profits and Losses, the Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the related notes 1 to 28. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's member in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to it in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fulles, extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member for our audit work for this report or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of the group's loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors. Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or actums adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns or
- certain disclosures of directors remuneration specified by law are not made or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

David Hedditch (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

David Hedditch

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Cardiff United Kingdom

A-just 2012

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CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 March 2012

	Note	£'000	2012 £'000	£'000	2011 £'000
IURNOVER	2		33 141		32,335
Cost of sales			(31 349)		(30 797)
GROSS PROFIT			1 792		1 538
Administrative expenses - other Administrative expenses - exceptional		(840) (1 976)	_	(862)	
			(2 816)		(862)
Other operating income	4		257		303
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	7		(767)		979
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	5 6	566 (165)	_	372 (230)	
			401		142
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			(366)		1 121
Fax charge on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	8		(8)		(548)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	21		(374)		573

All amounts derive from continuing operations

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES Year ended 31 March 2012

	2012 £'000	£'000
(Loss)/profit for the financial year Actuarial loss recognised in the pension scheme	(374) (1.819)	573 (639)
UK deferred tax attributable to actuarial gains and losses	358	82
Lotal recognised (losses) / gains since last annual report and financial statements	(1,835)	16

CONSOLIDATED NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES Year ended 31 March 2012

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation Difference between historical cost depreciation charge and the actual	(366)	1 121
depreciation charge for the year calculated on the revalued amount	183	168
Historical cost (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(183)	1 289
Historical cost (loss)/profit for the year retained after taxation and dividends	(641)	371

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2012

	Note	£,000	2012 £'000	£,000	2011 £'000
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	11		18 417		19 254
CURRENT ASSE IS					
Stocks	13	300		283	
Debtors	14	1 231		988	
Investments – bank deposits	15	2 591		2 923	
Cash at bank and in hand		1 547		2 096	
CDENITODS amounts follows due		5,669		6 290	
CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year	16	(5 643)		(4 851)	
NEI CURRENT ASSETS			26		1 439
FO FAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIFIES			18 443	•	20 693
CREDITORS amounts falling due after more than one year	17		(1 081)		(2 425)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	18		(3,446)		(3 317)
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING PENSION LIABILI	TY		13 916	•	14 951
Pension liability	19		(6,347)		(5 801)
NET ASSETS INCLUDING PENSION LIABILI	ГҮ	,	7,569		9 150
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	20		4 618		4 618
Revaluation reserve	21		3,807		3 286
LRS17 pension reserve	21		(6,347)		(5 801)
Profit and loss account	21		5 491		7 047
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	21	•	7 569		9 150

The financial statements of Cardiff City Transport Services Limited registered humber 2001229 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 31 July 2012

C Ogbonna V - Director

G A Mole - Director

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2012

	Note	000°£	2012 £'000	£'000	2011 £'000
FIXED ASSETS					
langible assets	11		18 417		19 254
Investments	12		1		l
		-			
OVER THE LOCATION			18,418		19 255
CURRENT ASSETS	12	200		202	
Stocks	13	300		283	
Debtors	14	1 231		988	-
Investments – bank deposits	15	2 591		2,923	
Cash at bank and in hand		1 547		2 096	
		5 669		6 290	
CREDITORS amounts falling due					
within one year	16	(5,644)		(4,852)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		_	25		1 438
101AL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S		18,443		20 693
CREDITORS amounts falling due after					
more than one year	17		(1 081)		(2 425)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	18		(3 446)		(3 317)
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING PENSION LIABILI	TY		13 916		14 951
Pension liability	19		(6,347)		(5 801)
NET ASSETS INCLUDING PENSION LIABILITY	ГΥ	•	7,569	·	9 150
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		=		•	
Called up share capital	20		4,618		4618
Revaluation reserve	21		3 807		3,286
FRS17 pension reserve	21		(6 347)		(5 801)
Profit and loss account	21		5 491		7,047
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	21	-	7 569	,	9,150

The financial statements of Cardiff City Transport Services Limited registered number 2001229 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 3: July 2012

C Ogbonna

- Director

G A Molc

Director

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT Year ended 31 March 2012

	Note	£'000	2012 £'000	£'000	2011 £'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	22		2 274		2 272
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid		17 (165)		32 (230)	
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			(148)		(198)
Faxation Corporation tax (paid)/repaid		(193)		250	
Tax (paid)/repaid			(193)		250
Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of tangible fixed assets		(1 100)		(3 544)	
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure			(1 085)		(3 540)
Equity dividends paid			(450)		(370)
Cash inflow/(outflow) before use of liquid resources and financing			398		(1 586)
Management of liquid resources			332		3 215
Financing Capital element of finance lease payments			(1 279)		(1 215)
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year	24		(549)		414
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement					
in net funds (Decrease)/increase in cash in the year Net cash outflow from lease financing Cash outflow from increase in liquid resources			(549) 1 279 (332)		411 1 215 (3 215)
Change in net funds resulting from eash flows			398		(1 586)
Net funds at start of year			1 315		2 901
Net funds at end of year	24		1 713		1 315

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted, which have been applied consistently throughout the current and the prior financial year, are described below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of freehold land and buildings

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertaking

Going concern

At 31 March 2012 the group and company had cash of £1 547 000 (2011 - £2 096 000) and net assets of £7 569 000 (2011 - £9 150 000). The executive directors have considered the group's forceast and budgeted profit and associated cash flows for the foreseeable future. The directors have considered the facilities available to the group and believe that they can operate within the facilities available for the period of the cash flow forecast. Accordingly, the directors consider it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of the company's financial statements.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

No depreciation is provided on freehold land. For all other tangible fixed assets, except for some midibuses depreciation is calculated to write down their cost or revalued amount on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful economic lives which are considered to be

Freehold buildings

Lixtures and fittings plant and machinery

Conventional buses and motor vehicles

Midibuses

- 40 years on valuation

3-15 years on cost

- 5-10 years on cost or 12 years on cost less

10% residual value

- 10 years on cost or 12 years on cost less 10%

residual value

Depreciation is charged from the month of purchase except for vehicles which are depreciated from the month that they are introduced into service

Individual freehold properties are revalued every year with the surplus or deficit on book value being transferred to the revaluation reserve except that a deficit that exceeds any previously recognised surplus over depreciated cost relating to the same property or the reversal of such a deficit is charged (or credited) to the profit and loss account. A deficit that represents a clear consumption of economic benefits is charged to the profit and loss account regardless of any previous surplus. Where depreciation charges are increased following a revaluation an amount equal to the increase is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account as a movement on reserves.

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less any provision for impairment

Leased assets

Assets held under finance lease and the related lease obligations are recorded in the balance sheet at the fair value of the leased assets at the inception of the leases. The amounts by which the lease payments exceed the recorded lease obligations are treated as finance charges which are amortised over each lease term to give a constant rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 March 2012

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value

Provisions

Provision is made for outstanding insurance claims incurred at the balance sheet date

Turnover and revenue recognition

Turnover is the amount derived from the provision of the passenger transport services falling within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax. Revenue is recognised in line with the period to which the service relates

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax at a future date at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no binding contract to dispose of these assets

Pensions

The group operates two defined benefit funded pension schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the group being invested in third party professionally managed funds. The level of contributions made to the schemes and the cost of contributions included in the financial statements are based on the recommendations of independent actuaries. Both these schemes are now closed to new members.

The scheme assets are an estimate of the company's notional share of the total fund assets measured at market value at each balance sheet date and liabilities are measured using the projected unit method discounted using a corporate bond rate. The company's notional share of assets is assumed to be invested in the same proportion as the fund as a whole in the different asset classes. The resulting pension scheme surplus or deficit is recognised immediately on the balance sheet net of deferred tax where applicable and any resulting actuarial gains or losses are recognised immediately in the statement of total recognised gains and losses. Further details are given in note 19.

The group also has a money purchase pension scheme for new employees. Pension costs charged to the profit and loss account represent the contributions payable by the group to the pension scheme during the year

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derivative financial instruments

The company is exposed to price risk arising from fluctuations in oil prices and the company enters into energy hedges to fix the price of fuel. In the opinion of the Board of directors, there is no material exposure to price risk. The company does not hold derivatives for speculative purposes.

2 ANALYSIS OF TURNOVER, (LOSS)/PROFII BEFORE TAXATION

The turnover and (loss)/profit before taxation is considered by the directors to arise from a single class of activity wholly within the United Kingdom

3 INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Directors' emoluments	2000	- 550
Remuneration	310	281
Pension contributions	33	29
	343	310
	No	No.
Number of directors who are members of a defined		
benefit pension scheme	2	2
	£'000	£'000
In respect of the highest paid director		
Emoluments	112	104
Pension contributions	15	14
There is no accrued pension entitlement in respect of the highest paid director		
	£'000	£'000
Employee costs during the year		
Wages and salaries	18 065	17 609
Social security costs	1 409	1 320
Other pension costs	1 699	1 721
	21 173	20 650
	N1 -	3 1-
Average number of persons employed	No	No
Staff	82	80
Traffic	541	555
Engineering	78	85
	701	720

4 OTHER OPERATING INCOME

4	OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
		2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	Advertising	161	125
	Rental income	23	22
	Workshop and garage	-	70
	Other	73	86
		257	303
5	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		2012	2011
		000°£	£'000
	Bank deposit interest	17	33
	Net return on pension scheme	549	339
		566	372
6	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		2012 £'000	201 1 £'000
	Finance lease interest	165	230
7	OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT		
		2012	2011
		£'000	£'000
	Operating (loss)/profit is arrived at after		
	charging/(crediting)	1,976	
	Exceptional costs – legal fees Impairment of fixed asset	1,976	-
	Depreciation of owned assets	1 334	1 646
	Depreciation of assets held under finance lease	822	924
	Profit on sale of fixed assets	(15)	(4)
	Operating lease rentals – other	76	66
	Write-back of insurance provision	(283)	(196)
	Fees payable to the Company's auditors in respect of		
	- Audit of the annual accounts	18	18
	- laxation compliance services	12	9
	- Taxation advisory services	4	-

As noted in the Directors' Report, the company has been involved in a legal dispute with 2 Travel Group Plc (in liquidation) which resulted in £1 976 000 of legal costs being incurred during the year in order to defend the case in front of the Competition Appeal Tribunal the hearing of which was held in March 2012. These are deemed by the Board to be exceptional in nature

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 March 2012

8 TAX ON (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Current taxation	£ 000	£ 000
United Kingdom corporation tax		
Current tax on income for the year at 26% (2011 – 28%)	203	(249)
Adjustment in respect of prior years	-	78
	-	
Total current tax	203	(171)
Deferred taxation		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	161	(48)
Deferred tax on pension deficit	(393)	(351)
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(13)	22
Effect of changes in tax rates	(34)	-
	(211)	(377)
Total tax charge on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	(8)	(548)
		

The difference between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the (loss)/profit before tax is as follows

	£,000	£,000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(366)	1 121
Γax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax at 26% (2011 – 28%)	95	(314)
Factors affecting charge for the year		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(274)	(459)
Capital allowances for the year in excess of depreciation	92	341
Movement in short-term timing differences	(123)	(120)
FRS17 pensions	340	289
Withdrawal of IBA allowances	-	4
Adjustment in respect of prior years	204	78
Loss carry back	(131)	
Marginal relief		10
Current tax credit/(charge) for the year	203	(171)

Deferred tax has not been provided on the revaluation of fixed assets. This tax will only become payable if the assets are sold and rollover relief is not obtained. The estimated amount of tax that would become payable in these circumstances is £914 000 (2011 - £855 000).

The reduction in corporation tax rate to 23% from 1 April 2013 will not materially affect the future tax charge

9 DIVIDENDS

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Dividends paid 9 7 pence per share (2011 – 8 0 pence per share)	450	370

PROFIT OF PARENT COMPANY

As permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements. The parent company's loss for the financial year amounted to £374 000 (2011 – profit of £573 000)

11 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

The Group and the Company	Freehold land and buildings £'000	Fixtures, fittings, plant and machinery £'000	Conventional buses and motor vehicles £ 000	Midibuses £'000	Total £'000
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2011	6 064	5 426	21 136	7 308	39 934
Additions	-	579	348	173	1 100
Disposals	-		(103)	-	(103)
At 31 March 2012	6 064	6 005	21 381	7 481	40 931
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2011	464	2 762	11,175	6 279	20 680
Charge for the year	269	393	1,178	316	2 156
Impairment	485	-	-	•	485
Reversal on revaluation	(704)	-	=	-	(704)
Disposals	-		(103)	-	(103)
At 31 March 2012	514	3 155	12,250	6 595	22 514
Net book value					
At 31 March 2012	5,550	2 850	9,131	886	18 417
At 31 March 2011	5 600	2 664	9 961	1 029	19 254
Comparable amounts determined	according to th	ne historical c	ost convention		

The Group and the Company	Freehold land and buildings £'000	Fixtures, fittings, plant and machinery £'000	Conventional buses and motor vehicles £'000	Midibuses £'000	Fotal £'000
Cost	3 910	6 005	21 381	7 481	38 777
Accumulated depreciation	(2 169)	(3 155)	(12 250)	(6 595)	(24 169)
Net book value					
At 31 March 2012	1 741	2 850	9,131	886	14 608
At 31 March 2011	2 3 1 4	2 664	9 961	1 029	15 968

Included under conventional buses and midibuses are assets with a net book value at 31 March 2012 of £6,067 679 (2011 - £6 731 182) held under finance lease

At 31 March 2012 the freehold land and buildings were valued at £5 550 000 by D1Z Debenham Tie Leung chartered surveyors. The bus depot was valued based on depreciated replacement cost as it is considered a specialised property. The other site was valued at open market value

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 March 2012

12 INVESTMENTS

	I	he Company
Subsidiary undertaking	2012	201 1
•	£,000	£'000
Cost and net book value		
Shares in subsidiary undertaking	1	1
· -		

The company's only wholly-owned dormant subsidiary, Vale Busline Limited is registered in Ingland and Wales

In addition, the company owns 180 £1 ordinary shares in PTI Cymru Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. This represents an 18% holding in that company. Its principal activity is the operation of a call centre for Wales providing passenger information.

13 STOCKS

		The Group and	
		e Company	
	2012	2011	
	£,000	£'000	
Raw materials and consumables	114	109	
Derv fuel stocks	186	174	
	300	283	

14 DEBIORS

	The	The Group and	
	th	e Company	
	2012	2011	
	000°£	£'000	
1 rade debtors	407	521	
Amounts owed by group undertakings	217	165	
Other debtors	413	267	
Corporation tax	143	-	
Prepayments	51	35	
	1 231	988	
	War to the same of		

15 CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND AND BANK DEPOSIT INVESTMENTS

Bank deposit investments includes £2 584 962 (2011 - £2 418 937) held in an escrow account against future insured liabilities £2 591 089 (2011 - £2 923 096) is held in money market accounts that are not instant access

16 CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group 2012 £'000	Company 2012 £'000	Group 2011 £'000	Company 2011 £'000
Trade creditors	1 390	1 390	1 432	1 432
Amounts owed to group undertakings	59	60	36	37
Obligations under finance lease	1 344	1 344	1 279	1 279
Corporation tax	-	•	253	253
Other creditors including taxation and social security	484	484	389	389
Accruals and deferred income	2 366	2 366	1 462	1 462
	5 643	5 644	4 851	4 852

17 CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	The Group and the Company	
	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Obligations under finance lease	1 081	2 425
	£'000	£,000
Analysis of finance lease repayments		
Due within one year	1 344	1 279
Due between one and two years	925	1 344
Due between two and five years	156	1 081
	2 425	3 704

The obligations under finance lease are secured by the related leased assets

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 March 2012

18 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILIΓIES

The Group and the Company	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Deferred taxation Insurance provision	404 3 042	585 2 732
•	3 446	3 317
Balance at 1 April 2011 £'000	Charge to profit and loss account	Balance at 31 March 2012 £'000
Deferred taxation 585	(181)	404
The analysis of the deferred taxation provided in the financial statements is as follows:	ws	
	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Other timing differences	697 (293)	699 (114)
	404	585

Insurance provision

The provision for insurance claims represents amounts payable by the company in respect of outstanding claims incurred at the balance sheet date. The amounts will become payable as claims are settled

		Charged to			
	Balance at 1 April	profit and loss	Release to profit and	Amounts	Balance at 31 March
	2011 £'000	account £'000	loss £'000	paid £'000	2012 £'000
Insurance provision	2 732	1 978	(283)	(1 385)	3 042

19 PENSIONS

The company operates its own pension scheme, the Cardiff City Transport Scivices Limited Pension Scheme as well as contributing to the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Pension Fund on behalf of employees who were formerly employed by the Cardiff City Council Transport Department. Both schemes provide benefits based on final pensionable pay and the assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the company Company contributions are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of triennial valuations. Since 1 August 2001, the Cardiff City Transport Services Limited Pension Scheme (final salary) has been closed to new members and a money purchase scheme has been introduced. The total costs charged in the profit and loss account for the money purchase scheme of £558,000 (2011 - £521,000) represents contributions payable during the year. At 31 March 2012, contributions of £76,000 (2011 - £60,000) due in respect of the current reporting period had not been paid over to the scheme.

Cardiff City Transport Services Limited Pension Scheme

The most recent actuarial valuation of the Cardiff City Transport Services I inited Pension Scheme, as required under section 224(2)(a) of the Pensions Act 2004 was carried out as at 1 April 2009. For the purpose of the valuation of the defined benefit section, it was assumed that the investment return on assets prior to pension liabilities coming into payment will be 2.5% per annum higher than the rate of future annual wage and salary growth and 3.5% per annum higher than the rate of future price inflation. The investment return for pension liabilities once in payment was assumed to be 2.5% higher than the rate of future price inflation.

The valuation showed that the total market value of the scheme's assets net of members. AVCs was £16 4m and that this value represented 66% of the value of the benefits that had accound to members at the valuation date after allowing for expected future increases in earnings and pensions.

The basic rate of company contributions required to meet the cost of defined benefits without allowance for any recovery of deficit was found to be 15.1% of members pensionable pay from 1 April 2011. Employee contributions were payable in addition. For the majority of defined benefit section members, contributions were required at the rate of 5% of pensionable pay (a small number contribute at the lower rate of 4%).

Company and employee contributions for members of the defined contribution section are payable in accordance with the scheme rules

An actuarial valuation was carried out on the Cardiff City Transport Services Limited Pension Scheme as at 31 March 2012 by a qualified independent actuary. The major assumptions used by the actuary were

	At 31 March 2012	At 31 March 2011	At 31 March 2010
Rate of increase in salaries	3 9% per annum	4 2% per annum	4 2% per annum
Discount rate	4 9% per annum	5 6% per annum	5 7% per annum
Inflation assumption (RPI)	2 9% per annum	3 2% per annum	3 2% per annum
Pension increases	2 3% per annum	2 8% pcr annum	3 0% pcr annum
Inflation assumption (CPI)	2 3% per annum	2 8% per annum	n/a

Mortality assumption

The mortality assumptions are based on the PA92 mortality tables which allow for future mortality improvements. The assumptions are that a member aged 65 at the valuation date will live on average for a further 22-1 years if they are male and for a further 25-2 years if they are female. For a member who is 45 at the valuation date and retires at age 65 the assumptions are that they will live on average for a further 23-1 years after retirement if they are male and for a further 26-1 years after retirement if they are female.

19 PENSIONS (continued)

The assets in the fund and expected rates of return were

	2012 20		11	2010		
	Long-term expected return on assets	Fair value £'000	Long-term expected return on assets		Long-term expected return on assets	Fair value £'000
Equities	7 0%	9 197	8 0%	12 170	8 0% pa	16 337
Diversified growth	6 8%	8 217	7 8%	5 997	N/a	-
Convertible bonds	6 5%	7 614	7 5%	5 260	N/a	•
Bonds	N/a	-	N/a	•	5 0% pa	4 025
Cash	2 0%	100	2 0%	71	2 0% pa	1 049
		25 128		23 798		21 411
The net pension habi	lity measured i	ınder FRS17 co	emprised the fol	lowing		
				At 31	At 31	At 31
				March	March	March
				2012	2011	2010
				£,000	£,000	£,000
Γotal market value of	assets			25 128	23 798	21 411
Present value of sche	me liabilities			(25 239)	(24 719)	(23 724)
Net FRS17 scheme d	eficit			(111)	(921)	(2 3 13)
				——— At	———At	At
				31 March	31 March	31 March
				2012	2011	2010
				£'000	£'000	61000
				£ 000	£ 000	£'000
Analysis of amount	charged to op	erating		£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
Analysis of amount (loss)/profit Current service cost a				(709)	(760)	
(loss)/profit Current service cost a	and total operat	ing charge				
(loss)/profit	and total operat	ing charge			(760)	
(loss)/profit Current service cost a Analysis of amount interest receivable Expected return on po	and total operatered/(char/(payable) ension scheme	ing charge ged) to assets		(709)		
(loss)/profit Current service cost a Analysis of amount interest receivable	and total operatered/(char/(payable) ension scheme	ing charge ged) to assets		(709)	(760)	(491)

19 PENSIONS (continued)

Analysis of amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses

	At	At	At
	31 March 2012	31 March 2011	31 March 2010
	Ŧ,000	£'000	£'000
Actual return less expected return on			
pension assets	(826)	211	4 245
Changes in financial assumptions			
underlying the scheme assets/(liabilities)	867	630	(5 022)
Actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in statement of total			
recognised gains and losses	41	841	(777)
Movements in scheme deficit during the			
year			
At I April	(921)	(2 313)	(3 127)
Movement in year			
Total operating charge – current service charge	(709)	(760)	(494)
Contributions	989	982	2 086
Net finance income/(charge)	489	329	(1)
Actuarial gain/(loss) in statement of total recognised gains and			
losses	41	841	(777)
At 31 March	(111)	(921)	(2 313)

Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Pension Fund

Cardiff Bus also participates in the Local Government Pension Scheme which is a defined benefit scheme based on final pensionable salary

The latest complete minimum funding requirement valuation of the Cardiff and Valc of Glamorgan Pension Fund was made as at 31 March 2010

The result of this valuation revealed that the company's required contributions to this scheme in respect of its employees who are members will be 22.3% of pensionable pay from 1 April 2011 continuing into 2013/14. In addition to this rate. Cardiff City Transport Services Limited is required to pay £521.000 per annum.

19 PENSIONS (continued)

The most recent completed valuation was carried out as at 31 March 2010 and has been updated by independent actuaries to the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Pension Fund (the Lund) to take account of the requirements of FRS17 in order to assess the liabilities of the Fund as at 31 March 2012. Liabilities are valued on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method which assesses the future liabilities discounted to their present value.

The company's contribution rate over the accounting period was 22.3% of pensionable pay plus a monetary amount of £521.000. The contribution rates certified for the company at the 31 March 2010 valuation are as follows:

April 2011 to March 2014 22 3% of pensionable pay plus £521 000

These figures include the past service element of the contribution rate

The scheme is now closed to the company's employees and the company's condition of continued participation is to pay contributions as required

The main assumptions used for the purposes of FRS17 are as follows

	At 31 March	At 31 March	At 31 March
	2012	2011	2010
Rate of increase in salaries	3 9%	4 2%	4 1% pa
Discount rate	4 9%	5 6%	5 7% pa
Rate of increase to pensions in payment	2 3%	2 8%	2 9% pa
Rate of increase to deferred pensions	2 3%	2 8%	3 1% pa
Rate of inflation (RPI)	2 9%	3 2%	3 1% pa
Rate of inflation (CPI)	2 3%	2 8%	n/a

Mortality assumption

The mortality assumptions are based on standard mortality tables which allow for future mortality improvements. The assumptions are that a member currently aged 65 will live on average for a further 22.2 years if they are male and for a further 25.3 years if they are female. For a member who is currently 45 and retires at age 65 the assumptions are that they will live on average for a further 23.2 years after retirement if they are male and for a further 26.1 years after retirement if they are female.

The assets in the fund and expected rates of return were

	2012	2	201	1	2010)
	Long-term expected return on assets	Fair value £'000	Long-term expected return on assets	Fair Value £*000	Long-term expected return on assets	Fair value £'000
Equities	8 1%	15 264	8 4% pa	15 829	8 0% pa	14 421
Government bonds	3 1%	1 630	4 4% pa	1 038	5 0% pa	961
Corporate bonds	3 7%	1 863	5 1% pa	2 373	5 0% pa	2 4 5 3
Property	7 6%	1 334	7 9% pa	890	8 0% pa	804
Cash	1 8%	275	1.5% pa	233	2 0% pa	177
Other assets	81%	804	8 4% pa	827	8 0% pa	804
		21 170		21 190		19 620

19 PENSIONS (continued)

The net pension liability measured under FRS17 comprised the following

	At 31 March 2012 £'000	At 31 March 2011 £'000	At 31 March 2010 £'000
Lotal market value share of assets Present value of scheme liabilities	21 170 (29 410)	21 190 (28 110)	19 620 (25 540)
Net ! RS17 scheme deficit	(8 240)	(6 920)	(5 920)
Analysis of amount above ed to an eveting	A1 31 March 2012 £'000	At 31 March 2011 £'000	At 31 March 2010 £'000
Analysis of amount charged to operating (loss)/profit			
Current service cost	(420)	(430)	(360)
Total operating charge	(420)	(430)	(360)
Analysis of amount credited/(charged) to interest receivable/(payable) Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities	1 610 (1 55 0)	1 450 (1 440)	920 (1 410)
Net finance income/(charge)	60	10	(490)
Analysis of amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses Actual return less expected return on pension (habilities)/assets Changes in financial assumptions underlying the scheme habilities	(1 140) (720)	240 (1 720)	3 980 (3 280)
Actuarial (loss)/gain recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses	(1 860)	(1 480)	700
Movements in scheme deficit during the year At 1 April Movement in year	(6 920)	(5 920)	(6 700)
Lotal operating charge	(420)	(430)	(360)
Contributions	900	900	930
Net finance income/(charge)	60	10	(490)
Actuarial (loss)/gain in statement of total recognised gains and losses	(1 860)	(1 480)	700
At 31 March	(8 240)	(6 920)	(5 920)
		-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 March 2012

19 PENSIONS (continued)

The total net pension liability measured under FRS17 for both schemes is as follows

	The Group and the Company	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	Cardiff City Transport Scheme	111	921
	Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Pension Fund	8 240	6 920
	Deferred tax asset	(2 004)	(2 040)
	Total	6 347	5 801
20	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
	The Group and the Company	2012	2011
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£,000	£'000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	4 618 100 ordinary shares of £1 each	4 618	4 618

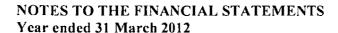
21 COMBINED STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN SHARFHOLDER'S FUNDS AND STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	Issued share	Revaluation	FRS17 pension	Profit and loss	l otal	l otal
The Group and the Company	capital £'000	reserve £'000	reserve £'000	account £'000	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
At the beginning of the year	4 618	3 286	(5,801)	7,047	9 150	9 504
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	-	-	-	(37‡)	(374)	57 >
Actuarial loss (net of deferred tax asset)	-	-	(1 461)	-	(1 461)	(557)
Net pension costs recognised in the profit and loss account I ranster of additional	-	-	915	(915)	-	-
depreciation on residual asset	-	(183)		183	-	
Revaluation uplift	-	704	-	-	704	
Dividends				(450)	(450)	(370)
At the end of the year	4 618	3 807	(6 347)	5 491	7 569	9 150

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 March 2012

22 RECONCILIA ΓΙΟΝ OF OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

			2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	Operating (loss)/profit		(767)	979
	Depreciation		2 156	2 570
	Impairment of fixed assets		485	-
	(Increase)/decrease in stocks		(17)	24
	Increase in debtors		(100)	(12)
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors		1 292	(592)
	Adjustment for pension funding		(760)	(693)
	Profit on sale of fixed assets		(15)	(4)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities		2 274	2 272
23	ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NET	TED IN THE CASH F	LOW STATI	EMENI
			2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	Management of liquid resources			
	Cash placed on short-term deposit		2 591	2 923
24	ANALYSIS OF NET FUNDS			
		At		At
		1 April	Cash	31 March
		2011	flow	2012
		£'000	£'000	£'000
	Cash at bank and in hand	2,096	(549)	1,547
	Current asset investment	2 923	(332)	2 591
		5 019	(881)	4 138
	Finance leases	(3 704)	1 279	(2 425)
		1,315	398	1 713
				*
25	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS			
	Operating lease commitments			
			2012	2011
			Land and	Land and
			buildings	buildings
			£'000	£'000
	Annual commitments which expire			
	Within one year		-	66
	Between two and five years		76	



26 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

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The company previously entered into energy hedges to fix the price of fuel. At 31 March 2012, the company had no open contracts to buy fuel.

At 31 March 2011, the company was contracted to buy 2 400 metric tonnes of fuel at £527 50 per tonne until August 2011. As at 31 March 2011, the fair value was considered to be a liability of £257 616.

27 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the group received £10.879.020 (2011 - £10.697.112) from Cardiff City Council (£9.594.711 of which was received under the WAG Across Wales Over 60 Free Travel scheme 2011 - £9.023.494) and incurred trading expenses of £165.335 (2011 - £130.621). At 31 March 2012, there was a balance of £217.142 (2011 - £165.222) owed by Cardiff City Council and a balance of £58.854 (2011 - £34,486) owed to Cardiff City Council

During the year the group received £12 754 (2011 - £13 299) from P11 Cymru Limited for the rent of a call centre in Cardiff and in turn was charged £16 873 (2011 - £16 674) in respect of calls handled. At 31 March 2012, there was a net balance of £1 402 (2011 - £1 970) owed by Cardiff City Transport Services Limited to P11 Cymru Limited.

28 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is Cardiff City Council