Rule 4 223-CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

DE74 2UZ

Liquidator's Statement of Receip Payments

S.192

Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986 For official To the Registrar of Companies Company Number 01998779 Name of Company (a) Insert full name of company (a) Intimas Group Plc (b) Insert full name(s) and I/We(b) Eddie Williams Robert Jonathan Hunt Stuart Maddison address(es) PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP PricewaterhouseCoopers Pegasus Business Park Castle 7 More London Riverside London 9 Greyfriars Road Reading Donnington Derby Derbyshire SE1 2RT Berkshire RG1 1JG

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Jointh and

minted

Signed

Z. hills

Date

4/12/1012

Presenter's name, Lesha Parsons address and reference PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (if any) Benson House 33 Wellington Street Leeds LS1 4JP

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18/12/2012 COMPANIES HOUSE *A1N9ZTBM*

A1N9ZTBM A07 07/12/2012 #327 COMPANIES HOUSE

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Company's registered number

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up

Date to which this statement is brought down

Name and address of liquidator

Intimas Group Plc

O1998779

Creditors

27/05/2010

26/11/2012

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules
 - (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
_		Brought	£ 2 049 224 91
	,		
		Carried forward	2,049,224 9

Not being VAT registered, amounts are stated gross of VAT which is irrecoverable

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Disbursements

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursement	Amount
29/05/2012	Lloyds TSB Plc	Brought Bank charges	£ 1 641 808 23 21 18
03/07/2012	Lloyds TSB	Bank charges	20 00
31/07/2012	Lloyds TSB	Bank charges	20 00
28/08/2012	Lloyds TSB	Bank charges	20 00
02/10/2012	Lloyds TSB Plc	Bank charges	20 00
17/10/2012	Walker Morris	Legal Fees	361 20
30/10/2012	Lioyds TSB Plc	Bank charges	20 00
06/11/2012	JF & HA Gibson Associates Ltd	Consultancy Fees	2,400 00
07/11/2012	Lloyds Bank	Bank charges	16 00
07/11/2012	Studio Legale Tributeria	Legal Fees	2,072 54
		Carried forward	1,646,779 15

Not being VAT registered, amounts are stated gross of VAT which is irrecoverable

Analysis of	Ī	£
Total realisations		2,049,224 91
Total disbursements		1,646,779 15
	Balance £	402,445 76
The Balance is made up as follows -		
Cash in hands of liquidator	0 00	
2 Balance at Bank	402,445 76	
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
	£	
4 *Amounts invested by liquidator	~	
Less the cost of investments realised		
Balance		0 00
Total balance as shown above	£	402,445 76

[NOTE- Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

* The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)

£

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

1,523,000 794,000

Floating charge holders Unsecured creditors

0 00 32,752,000

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash

5,774,000

Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Italian tax reclaim Refund from HMRC

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded Assets yet to be realised
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed 12-18 months