

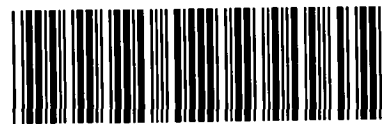
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**ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED**

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**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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30/09/2021

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## ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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### COMPANY INFORMATION

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**Directors**

N J Earley  
R W Empson

**Company secretary**

T H Earley

**Registered number**

01995941

**Registered office**

82 Hampton Road West  
Hanworth  
Middlesex  
TW13 6DZ

**Independent auditors**

Barnes Roffe LLP  
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors  
3 Brook Business Centre  
Cowley Mill Road  
Uxbridge  
Middlesex  
UB8 2FX

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## ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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#### Introduction

The company continues to trade in the office cleaning business.

#### Business review

As we are all aware, society endured an unprecedented pandemic in 2020 and this impacted on the performance of our business.

Sales reduced, and we did not see the growth we had expected, due to many clients either closing their premises fully or operating on a restricted footing. We were fortunate in so much as we are a critical front-line service provider with demand for regular services increasing where operations continued and an uplifted need for added-value, intensive sanitisation cleans. This largely offset the negative impact of client closures and suspensions and with an improved gross margin.

As in previous years we also continue to see the benefits of our national footprint through which we are able to offer our clients a properly supported service combining local knowledge and staffing throughout the UK, delivered by a professional and financially robust single source supplier.

The impact of Brexit on the labour market is now hitting hard and staff recruitment is a challenge. We work closely with our clients and are confident that with a pragmatic approach the difficult issues we all face will continue to be well managed. Our loyal staff ensure that the business continues to perform well despite the obvious challenges and trading during 2021 to date is on track.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The company's primary financial instruments are bank overdrafts, trade debtors, trade creditors and intercompany balances. These arise directly from the company's trading operations and management have implemented policies to monitor and control the liquidity and credit risks which derive from their financial assets and liabilities. Liquidity risk is managed by the company's finance director using simple forecasting and projection methods. Credit risk is managed through the use of a credit control department.

#### Financial key performance indicators

The directors monitor the performance of the company with reference to the following financial key performance indicators:

- The company's turnover decreased from £54,500,000 to £48,000,000
- The company's gross margin increased from £12,068,797 to £14,215,084.

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## ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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### STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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#### Directors' statement of compliance with duty to promote the success of the Company

As the board at Atlas FM we are of course fully aware that we have a legal responsibility under section 172 of the Companies Act 2006 to act in the way we consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the company's success for the benefit of its members as a whole (why else would we be in business?) and to have regard to the long term effect of our decisions on the company and its stakeholders. This statement addresses the ways in which we as a board approach this responsibility.

Atlas FM, through its operating companies, has provided cleaning, security and related facilities management services since formation in 1986 with the business still owned and overseen by its founders. We always have a mind to our long term and highly valued relationships with our employees, customers and suppliers along with any potential impact we might have on the wider economy and environment.

Our staff are our key asset and as such we ensure that they are treated fairly and with respect. Our high rate of staff retention speaks for itself. During this unprecedented time of global pandemic we have ensured that their interests have been at the forefront of our business management process and whilst we have gratefully benefited from the government's superb furlough scheme we have brought staff back into operational roles as quickly as possible, with the majority now being again gainfully employed and with limited job losses.

To state the obvious, without customers we would have no business and of course we ensure that our service levels are maintained both during normal times and through the course of the pandemic. We work closely with our client base and ensure that we tailor our services to their needs. Our business continues to thrive even during these difficult times which has been achieved by ensuring that we meet customer needs, something which is facilitated by our fantastic workforce.

Our suppliers are a key element of our service delivery chain and we ensure that we partner with the right businesses and have appropriate processes in place to manage and maintain strong relationships with these critical partners. We ensure that we pay our suppliers promptly.

We are fully cognisant of the potential impact of our business on the wider environment and the people we engage with. We follow up to date environmental and health and safety policy and practice with a team of dedicated qualified professionals employed to ensure we fulfil our responsibilities. Being a consistently profitable business we pay corporation tax along with the collection and transmission of the range of sales and payroll taxes, thus making a very significant direct financial contribution to the wider economy (in addition to the indirect impact of employment).

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## ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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### STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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#### Future developments

We are hopeful that we have now emerged from an unprecedented period of incredible worry and concern for the world when the survival of all was in question. Thankfully we have benefitted from the brilliance of the scientific community and the creative and steadfast support of the government. For the business community that has allowed us to maintain our workforce largely intact and increasingly welcome back confident and loyal staff who in the main have been fully vaccinated and financially supported.

When the pandemic hit in March 2020 we were of course shell-shocked and worried as to what the future held. Fortunately, where clients continued to operate, our cleaning services were critical in keeping people safe which meant that sectors of our business continued to thrive and this offset the impact of the many closures that we saw in the retail, hospitality, leisure and general office sectors.

We did suffer along with others from the unavoidable stop-start impact of lockdowns but we are confident that the worst is behind us and we look forward to a strong economic recovery with all the benefits and opportunities that that brings.

Brexit had been largely forgotten during 2020 but it is now becoming clear that it will have a seriously negative impact on the availability of labour particularly in the service industry. Recruitment is proving to be very difficult and whilst we are confident that the ending of the government's excellent furlough scheme should bring people back to the market we expect that wage rate pressures will escalate and costs will inevitably rise; uplifting pay of course will be good news for staff who in our industry in particular have been historically under-paid. This will mean though that prices will have to increase and we will reluctantly have little choice than to negotiate new charging rates with our much-valued clients during the coming months.

We continue to financially manage our business conservatively and ensure that we do not have significant unavoidable fixed costs with minimal property and asset leases and we maintain sufficient working capital to allow us to operate with a minimum of financial stress. We are confident that we will continue to prosper during the coming period.

This report was approved by the board on *30<sup>th</sup> September, 2021* and signed on its behalf:

  
N J Earley  
Director

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## ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020:

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £3,359,827 (2019 - £1,614,585).

#### Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

N J Earley  
R W Empson

#### Employee involvement

The company recognises the importance of good communications with its employees and considers the most effective form of communication regarding its activities, performance and plans is by way of informal discussions between management and other employees at a local level.

#### Disabled employees

It is the company's policy to give disabled people full and fair consideration for all job vacancies for which they offer themselves as suitable candidates, having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities. Training and career development opportunities are available to all employees and the company endeavours to retrain any member of staff who develops a disability while in the employment of the company.

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ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**Statement of carbon emissions in compliance with Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting ("SECR")**

The company is taking exemption from the requirement to include SECR information on the basis that it is a wholly owned subsidiary with a group report disclosed in the group directors' report of Atlas FM Limited, the parent company.

**Future developments**

The company continues to be committed to providing the highest possible service standards whilst maximising operating efficiencies.

**Matters covered in the strategic report**

The company has chosen in accordance with section 414C of the Companies Act 2006, to set out financial risk management objectives and policies within the strategic reports.

**Disclosure of information to auditors**

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

**Post balance sheet events**

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

**Auditors**

The auditors, Barnes Roffe LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on *30<sup>th</sup> September, 2021* and signed on its behalf.



**N J Earley**  
Director

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## ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Atlas Cleaning Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 December 2020, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

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## ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED (CONTINUED)

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#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic report or the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED (CONTINUED)**

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**Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

**Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with law and regulations, was as follows:

- The engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- We identified the laws and regulations applicable to the company through discussion with directors and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the healthcare sector;
- The specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the company, are as follows:
  - Companies Act 2006.
  - FRS102.
  - Health and Safety legislation.
  - Employment legislation.
  - Tax legislation.
- We assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management, reviewing board minutes and inspecting legal correspondence;
- Laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team at the planning meeting, and during the audit as any further laws and regulation were identified. The audit team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit; and
- As auditors of all group companies we were able to cover the above matters at a group and component level and thereby ensure the audit team were aware of the above matters across all group companies.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED (CONTINUED)

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We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur by:

- Making enquires of management as to where they consider there was susceptibility to fraud and their knowledge of actual suspected and alleged fraud;
- Considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- Reviewing the financial statements and testing the disclosures against supporting documentation;
- Performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected trends or anomalies;
- Inspecting and testing journal entries to identify unusual or unexpected transactions;
- Assessing whether judgement and assumptions made in determining significant accounting estimates, including stock provisions, were indicative of management bias; and
- Investigating the rationale behind significant transactions, or transactions that are unusual or outside the company's usual course of business.

The areas that we identified as being susceptible to misstatement through fraud were:

- Management bias in the estimates and judgements made;
- Management override of controls; and
- Posting of unusual journals or transactions.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our Auditors' report.

#### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED (CONTINUED)

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Mark Hancock FCA (Senior statutory auditor)  
for and on behalf of

**Barnes Roffe LLP**

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

3 Brook Business Centre

Cowley Mill Road

Uxbridge

Middlesex

UB8 2FX

Date: 30 September 2021

# ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

			2020 £	2019 £
	Note			
Turnover	4	48,000,000	54,500,000	
Cost of sales		(33,784,916)	(42,431,203)	
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>14,215,084</b>	<b>12,068,797</b>	
Administrative expenses		(10,012,449)	(9,443,209)	
Exceptional administrative expenses	13	(21,496)	(573,160)	
<b>Operating profit</b>	5	<b>4,181,139</b>	<b>2,052,428</b>	
Interest receivable and similar income	9	8	19	
Interest payable and similar expenses	10	(1,837)	(1,252)	
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>4,179,310</b>	<b>2,051,195</b>	
Tax on profit	11	(819,483)	(436,610)	
<b>Profit for the financial year</b>		<b>3,359,827</b>	<b>1,614,585</b>	
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>3,359,827</b>	<b>1,614,585</b>	

The notes on pages 14 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

**ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER: 01995941**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	Note	£	2020 £	2019 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>				
Intangible assets	14		-	-
Tangible assets	15		733,048	1,057,366
			<u>733,048</u>	<u>1,057,366</u>
<b>Current assets</b>				
Stocks	16	30,250	30,250	-
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	17	-	2,181,357	-
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	17	7,418,360	11,101,017	-
Cash at bank and in hand	18	9,208,521	1,066,432	-
		<u>16,657,131</u>	<u>14,379,056</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(15,923,796)	(10,329,866)	-
<b>Net current assets</b>			<u>733,335</u>	<u>4,049,190</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>1,466,383</u>	<u>5,106,556</u>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>				
Deferred tax	21		(31,486)	(31,486)
<b>Net assets</b>			<u>1,434,897</u>	<u>5,075,070</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>				
Called up share capital	22		100	100
Profit and loss account	23		1,434,797	5,074,970
			<u>1,434,897</u>	<u>5,075,070</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

*30th September, 2021*

  
**N J Earley**  
 Director

The notes on pages 14 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

**ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED**

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2020	100	5,074,970	5,075,070
<b>Comprehensive income for the year</b>			
Profit for the year	-	3,359,827	3,359,827
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	3,359,827	3,359,827
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(7,000,000)	(7,000,000)
<b>Total transactions with owners</b>	-	(7,000,000)	(7,000,000)
<b>At 31 December 2020</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,434,797</b>	<b>1,434,897</b>

The notes on pages 14 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2019	100	4,460,385	4,460,485
<b>Comprehensive income for the year</b>			
Profit for the year	-	1,614,585	1,614,585
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	1,614,585	1,614,585
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
<b>Total transactions with owners</b>	-	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
<b>At 31 December 2019</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>5,074,970</b>	<b>5,075,070</b>

The notes on pages 14 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

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## ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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#### 1. General information

Atlas Cleaning Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 82 Hampton Road West, Hanworth, Middlesex, TW13 6DZ.

The company specialises in the provision of office cleaning services.

#### 2. Accounting policies

##### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

##### 2.2 Going concern

The directors have taken consideration of the impact of COVID-19 on the business and the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union. However, the directors are mindful that conditions in the market are uncertain and at the date of this report, it is not possible to reliably determine the effects that these events will have on the company in the future. Nevertheless, the directors note that the company is trading adequately and if this continues, they will have sufficient working capital and other finance available to continue trading for a period of not less than 12 months from the Statement of financial position date. As such, the directors believe that there are no significant uncertainties in their assessment of whether the business is a going concern and therefore have prepared the accounts on a going concern basis.

##### 2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

##### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

Revenue is recognised when services are provided.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee**

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period.

**2.5 Cashflow statement**

The company has taken exemption from providing a cashflow statement as it is included in the parent company's consolidated financial statements.

**2.6 Interest income**

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

**2.7 Finance costs**

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

**2.8 Pensions**

**Defined contribution pension plan**

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.9 Current and deferred taxation**

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

**2.10 Exceptional items**

Exceptional items are transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the Company but are presented separately due to their size or incidence.

**2.11 Intangible assets**

**Goodwill**

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Statement of comprehensive income over its useful economic life of 3 years.

**2.12 Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.12 Tangible fixed assets (continued)**

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following bases:

Plant and machinery	- 33.33% straight line
Motor vehicles	- 25% straight line
Fixtures and fittings	- 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

**2.13 Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of comprehensive income.

**2.14 Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

**2.15 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

**2.16 Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)****2.17 Provisions for liabilities**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of comprehensive income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of financial position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of financial position.

**2.18 Financial instruments**

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**2.19 Dividends**

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

# ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

### 3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have had to make the following judgments in applying the above accounting policies that have had the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements:

1. Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the company's tangible assets. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected further financial performance of the assets.
2. Determine whether other debtors which mainly consist of amounts due from group undertakings are recoverable.
3. Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

### 4. Turnover

	2020 £	2019 £
Sales attributable to the principal activity	48,000,000	54,500,000
	<u>48,000,000</u>	<u>54,500,000</u>

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

### 5. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2020 £	2019 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	644,616	627,083
Operating lease rentals - other	14,103	17,983
Other operating lease rentals - land and buildings	298,525	305,691
Stock recognised as expense	2,640,043	2,585,136
Defined contribution pension costs	516,799	387,627
Profit on sale of tangible fixed assets	(17,221)	(30,676)

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**6. Auditors' remuneration**

	2020 £	2019 £
Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	<u>12,660</u>	<u>12,300</u>
<b>Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates in respect of:</b>		
All other services	<u>76,313</u>	<u>80,508</u>
	<u><b>76,313</b></u>	<u><b>80,508</b></u>

**7. Employees**

Staff costs were as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Wages and salaries	21,493,869	36,891,868
Social security costs	6,661,566	6,150,964
Pension cost - defined contribution scheme	516,799	387,627
	<u><b>28,672,234</b></u>	<u><b>43,430,459</b></u>

The wages and salaries cost above has been reduced by £7,037,940 (2019 - £Nil) as a result of government Covid-19 furlough grants received.

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	2020 No.	2019 No.
Administration	290	207
Cleaning operatives	5,391	4,774
	<u><b>5,681</b></u>	<u><b>4,981</b></u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**8. Directors' remuneration**

Directors' remuneration during the year was £Nil (2019 - £Nil).

The key management of the company are considered just to be the directors and therefore the compensation paid to them is the same.

**9. Interest receivable**

	2020 £	2019 £
Other interest receivable	8	19
	<u>8</u>	<u>19</u>

**10. Interest payable and similar expenses**

	2020 £	2019 £
Bank interest payable	546	-
Other interest payable	1,291	1,252
	<u>1,837</u>	<u>1,252</u>

**11. Taxation**

	2020 £	2019 £
<b>Corporation tax</b>		
Current tax on profits for the year	819,483	436,610
	<u>819,483</u>	<u>436,610</u>
<b>Total current tax</b>	<u>819,483</u>	<u>436,610</u>
<b>Taxation on profit on ordinary activities</b>	<u>819,483</u>	<u>436,610</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**11. Taxation (continued)****Factors affecting tax charge for the year**

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2019 - *higher than*) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2020 £	2019 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>4,179,310</u>	<u>2,051,195</u>
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%)	794,069	389,727
<b>Effects of:</b>		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	4,707	109,317
(Accelerated)/decelerated capital allowances	30,960	(17,696)
Other timing differences leading to an increase/(decrease) in taxation	(10,253)	(44,977)
Over/(under) provision of tax year in accounts	-	241
Capital gains	-	(2)
<b>Total tax charge for the year</b>	<u><u>819,483</u></u>	<u><u>436,610</u></u>

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**ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**11. Taxation (continued)****Factors that may affect future tax charges**

The company has approximately £939,967 of non-trading loan relationship losses available for offset against future non-trading income or gains.

**12. Dividends**

	2020 £	2019 £
Dividends paid	7,000,000	1,000,000
	<u>7,000,000</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>

**13. Exceptional items**

	2020 £	2019 £
Provision for related-party bad debts	21,496	573,160
	<u>21,496</u>	<u>573,160</u>

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**ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**14. Intangible assets**

	<b>Goodwill</b> <b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 January 2020	<b>21,000</b>
At 31 December 2020	<b>21,000</b>
<b>Amortisation</b>	
At 1 January 2020	<b>21,000</b>
At 31 December 2020	<b>21,000</b>
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 December 2020	<b>-</b>
At 31 December 2019	<b>-</b>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

## 15. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 January 2020	604,827	2,268,621	250,516	3,123,964
Additions	82,376	188,550	57,959	328,885
Disposals	-	(72,919)	-	(72,919)
At 31 December 2020	687,203	2,384,252	308,475	3,379,930
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 January 2020	417,249	1,463,473	185,876	2,066,598
Charge for the year on owned assets	141,147	457,450	46,019	644,616
Disposals	-	(64,332)	-	(64,332)
At 31 December 2020	558,396	1,856,591	231,895	2,646,882
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 31 December 2020	128,807	527,661	76,580	733,048
At 31 December 2019	187,578	805,148	64,640	1,057,366

## 16. Stocks

	2020 £	2019 £
Consumables	30,250	30,250
	<u>30,250</u>	<u>30,250</u>

The difference between the purchase price and their replacement cost is not material.

# ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

### 17. Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
<b>Due after more than one year</b>		
Other debtors	-	2,181,357
	<u>-</u>	<u>2,181,357</u>

	2020 £	2019 £
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	7,273,335	6,004,999
Other debtors	145,025	5,096,018
	<u>7,418,360</u>	<u>11,101,017</u>

### 18. Cash and cash equivalents

	2020 £	2019 £
Cash at bank and in hand	9,208,521	1,066,432
	<u>9,208,521</u>	<u>1,066,432</u>

# ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

### 19. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade creditors	674,169	594,993
Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,202,222	786,339
Corporation tax	556,725	209,150
Other taxation and social security	5,052,841	2,512,985
Other creditors	6,140,107	6,086,432
Accruals and deferred income	297,732	139,967
	<u>15,923,796</u>	<u>10,329,866</u>

The company has given a mortgage debenture, dated 30 July 1993, to Natwest Westminster Bank PLC. The debenture is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all current and future assets of the company.

Bank loans and overdrafts are additionally secured by a cross guarantee dated 5 November 2014 (refer to note 24 for further details).

### 20. Financial instruments

	2020 £	2019 £
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	<u>7,418,360</u>	<u>13,282,374</u>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	<u>10,016,498</u>	<u>7,467,764</u>

Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost comprise trade debtors, other debtors and amounts owed by group and related undertakings.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, amounts owed to group undertakings and other creditors.

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**ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**21. Deferred taxation**

	2020 £	2019 £
At beginning of year	31,486	31,486
<b>At end of year</b>	<b>31,486</b>	<b>31,486</b>

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Accelerated capital allowances	31,486	31,486
	<b>31,486</b>	<b>31,486</b>

**22. Share capital**

	2020 £	2019 £
<b>Allotted, called up and fully paid</b>		
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

**23. Reserves****Profit and loss account**

Profit and loss account includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

**24. Contingent liabilities**

The company has provided an intercompany guarantee covering Atlas Cleaning Limited, Atlas Contractors Limited, Atlas Managed Integrated Services Limited, Atlas Facilities Management Limited and Atlas FM Limited. At the year end the potential liability of Atlas Cleaning Limited was £Nil (2019 - £Nil).

**25. Pension commitments**

The company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £516,799 (2019 - £387,627). Contributions totaling £96,453 (2019 - £150,412) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

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## ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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#### 26. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2020 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2020 £	2019 £
Land and buildings		
Not later than 1 year	120,000	120,000
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	120,000	240,000
	<u>240,000</u>	<u>360,000</u>

#### 27. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 Section 33: Related party disclosures from the requirement to disclose transactions with other wholly owned group companies.

At the year end, the company owed £1,194,684 (2019 - £1,615,664) to a director and their spouse.

At the year end, the company owed £2,304,966 (2019 - £1,583,059) to a director.

During the year, the company made rental payments of £120,000 (2019 - £120,000) for the rent of the properties owned by the Directors.

##### Uniform Express Limited

During the year under review, the company traded with Uniform Express Limited, a company in which the directors have a beneficial interest. The balance owing to the company at the year end was £Nil (2019 - £2,181,357) due to the loan being novated at Atlas FM Limited, the parent company. During the year there was a recharge of expenses of £36,000 (2019 - £36,000).

##### Atlas New Homes Limited

The Company has advanced funds to Atlas New Homes Limited, a company owned and controlled by the directors, N J Earley and R W Empson. The amount due from Atlas New Homes Limited at the year end was £Nil of which £Nil has been provided for as a bad debt (2019 - £3,418,200 of which £852,395 has been provided for as a bad debt), due to the loan being novated at Atlas FM Limited, the parent company.

##### Deeprope Developments Limited

The company has made loans to Deeprope Developments Limited, a company in which the directors have a beneficial interest. The balance owing to the company at the year end was £Nil of which £Nil has been provided for as a bad debt (2019 - £1,884,007 of which £1,882,217 has been provided as a bad debt), due to the loan being novated at Atlas FM Limited, the parent company.

##### Atlas Industrial Engineering Limited

The company has advanced funds to Atlas Industrial Engineering Limited, a company owned and controlled by the directors, N J Earley and R W Empson. The amount outstanding at 31 December 2020 was £Nil of which £Nil has been provided for as a bad debt previously (2019 - £2,190,879 of which

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## ATLAS CLEANING LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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#### 27. Related party transactions (continued)

£2,190,879 had been provided for), due to the loan being novated at Atlas FM Limited, the parent company.

##### **Earley Developments Limited**

The company has made loans to and received loans from Earley Developments Limited, a company in which N J Earley, a director has a beneficial interest. The balance owing from the company at the year end was £Nil (2019 - £98,148), due to the loan being novated at Atlas FM Limited, the parent company.

##### **Atlas Commercial Property Limited**

The company has made loans to Atlas Commercial Property Limited, a company in which N J Earley, a director has a beneficial interest. The balance owing to the company at the year end was £Nil (2019 - £1,228,687), due to the loan being novated at Atlas FM Limited, the parent company. During the year, the company was also charged rent of £100,600 (2019 - £87,600) by Atlas Commercial Property Limited.

##### **Atlas Living Limited**

The company has made loans to Atlas Living Limited, a company in which N J Earley, a director has a beneficial interest. The balance owing to the company at the year end was £Nil (2019 - £1,115,588), due to the loan being novated at Atlas FM Limited, the parent company.

##### **Hayes Hygiene Limited**

The company has made purchases of £1,582,597 (2019 - £440,312) from a company under common control. Included within trade creditors is an amount of £100,375 (2019 - £92,160) which was outstanding at the year end.

#### 28. Controlling party

The ultimate parent company is Atlas FM Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. That company has prepared group accounts for the year ended 31 December 2020. Consolidated accounts for Atlas FM Limited are available from the registered office, located at 82 Hampton Road West, Hanworth, Middlesex, TW13 6DZ. This is the only company in the group which prepares consolidated accounts.

The directors of Atlas FM Limited are of the opinion that there is no individual controlling party.