DEXHALL LIMITED (Trading as Midfurn)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

Registered number 1999239

Haswell Veitch **Chartered Accountants** Stanton Wick House Bristol BS39 4BY



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors submit their report and financial statements of Dexhall Limited for the year ended 31 March 2000.

ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of furniture retailing.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The company has experienced another difficult year, however the early signs for 2000 are encouraging.

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

DIRECTORS

The directors as at 31 March 2000, together with their interest in the share capital of the company are shown below:-

Ordinary Sha	ares of £1 each
31.03.00	31.03.99
90	90

Mr P Speed

AUDITORS

A resolution to re-appoint Haswell Veitch as auditor will be proposed in General Meeting.

By order of the Board

Secretary

2000

Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2000

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and irregularities.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF DEXHALL LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 14 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on pages 7 and 8.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to, obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2000 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

HASWELL VEITCH Registered Auditor and Chartered Accountants Stanton Wick House Bristol BS39 4BY

19 Jan

200%

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
For the year ended 31 March 2000

	Notes	2000		1999	
		£		£	
TURNOVER	1	597,287		573,949	
Less: Cost of sales		393,792		368,993	
Gross profit		203,495		204,956	
Other operating expenses (net)	2	230,997		210,209	
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)		(27,502)	(5.253)
Interest receivable	3	2,568		3,201	
Interest payable	4	(5,693)	(5,006)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	5	(30,627)	(7,058)
Taxation	8	-		-	
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	16	(30,627)	(7,058)
		=======================================			

All income and expenditure derive from the company's continuing operations. There were no operations discontinued or acquired during the year.

As there were no gains or losses, other than those accounted for in the profit and loss account, no Statement of Recognised Gains and Losses has been included with these financial statements.

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 March 2000

	Notes	2000	1999
		£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	9	24,552	28,179
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	10	114,160	126,431
Debtors	11	1,703	1,703
Bank and cash in hand		74,973	84,263
		190,836	212,397
CURRENT LIABILITIES			***************************************
Amounts falling due within one year	12	138,416	132,977
NET CURRENT ASSETS		52,420	79,420
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		76,972	107,599
CREDITORS-amounts falling due after one year	13	-	-
·			
NET ASSETS		76,972	107,599
		======	=====
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	14	100	100
Capital reserve	15	20,866	20,866
Profit and loss account	16	56,006	86,633
Equity shareholders funds	17	76,972	107,599
ì		=====	

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these financial statements. Approved by the Board on 19 100 2000.

P Speed

DIRECTOR

Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2000

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 8 of FRS 1, permitting the company not to include a cash flow statement, as the company is classified as a small company under sections 246 to 249 of the Companies Act 1985.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Provision is made for taxation deferred or accelerated by the effect of timing differences, to the extent that it is probable that the liability will crystallise, at the rate expected to be ruling at that date.

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value, net of Value Added Tax, of services provided to customers.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets to write off the cost of the asset by equal instalments over its estimated useful life as follows:-

Fixtures and fittings

10% - reducing balance

Motor vehicles

25% - reducing balance

STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of finished goods and work in progress includes overheads appropriate to the stage of manufacture. Net realisable value is based upon estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

LEASED ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ('finance leases'), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as obligations to the lessor.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account in proportion to the remaining balance outstanding.

Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2000

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

LEASED ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS (continued)

All other leases are 'operating leases' and the annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on straight line basis over the lease.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Expenditure on research and development is written off as it is incurred.

PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

The company makes contributions to insured schemes for directors to cover both pensions and life assurance. Payments made are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		2000	1999
		£	£
1	TURNOVER AND PROFIT/(LOSS) ON		
	ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE		
	TAXATION		
	The company's turnover and profit/(loss)		
	before taxation were all derived from its		
	principal activity. Sales were made in the		
	following geographical markets.	507 307	572 040
	United Kingdom and Eire	597,287 ======	573,949
2	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES(NET)		
	Distribution costs	-	_
	Administrative expenses	230,997	210,209
		230,997	210,209
		=====	=====
3	INVESTMENT INCOME		
	Bank deposit interest	2,568	3,201
4	INTEREST PAYABLE	•	
	a) On bank loans and overdrafts and other	_	
	loans wholly repayable within 5 years:		
	b) Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	428	428
	c) Credit card commissions	4,923	3,751
	d) Other	342	827
		5,693	5,006
		5,693	5,0

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		2000	1999
		£	£
5	PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY		
	ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before		
	taxation is stated after charging		
	/(crediting):-		
	Depreciation and amounts written off		
	tangible fixed assets:		
	Owned assets	7,250	7,142
	Auditors remuneration	2,000	2,000
6	EMPLOYEES		
	The average weekly number of employees		
	(including directors) employed by the		
	company during the year was:		
	Office and management	7	7
	·		======
	Staff costs for the above persons:		
	Wages and salaries	79,280	71,838
	Social security costs	7,235	7,125
	Other pensions costs	3,936	3,936
		90,451	82,899
			========
7	DIRECTORS REMUNERATION		
	Fees	26,548	26,000
	Other Emoluments (including pension contributions and benefits in kind)	11,845	9,797
		38,393	35,797
			======

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		2000	199	9
		£		£
8	TAXATION			
	Based on the profit for the year:-			
	UK Corporation tax at 20% (1999:-21%)	-		-
	Deferred tax	-		-
	(Oran) handen marrided in contien years	-		•
	(Over)/under provided in earlier years			_
				_
		=====		=
9.	FIXED ASSETS	Fixtures &	Motor	Total
		fittings	vehicles	
		£	£	£
CO				
	at 1.04.99	32,724	30,304	63,028
	litions	3,623	_	3,623
Del	etions	-	-	-
As	at 31.03.00	36,347	30,304	66,651
DE	PRECIATION		*	J
As	at 1.04.99	21,591	13,258	34,849
Cha	arge for the year	1,568	5,682	7,250
Del	etions	-	-	-
As	at 31.03.00	23,159	18,940	42,099
	T BOOK VALUE	10 100	11.064	04.550
As	at 31.03.00	13,188	11,364	24,552
As	at 31.03.99	11,133	17,046	28,179

DEXHALL LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		2000	1999
		£	£
10	STOCKS		
	Goods for resale	114,160	126,431
		114,160	126,431
11	DEBTORS(due within one year)		
	Trade debtors	-	-
	Other debtors	293	293
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,410	1,410
		1,703	1,703
12	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year		
	Bank loans	487	5,948
	Obligations under finance leases	1,796	4,172
	Trade creditors	115,823	100,783
	Corporation tax	-	-
	Other taxation and social security costs	6,248	7,285
	Other creditors	11,556	14,287
	Accruals and deferred income	2,506	502
		138,416	132,977
			=======

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		2000	1999
		£	£
3	CREDITORS		
	Amounts falling due in more than one year		
	Bank loans	-	
	Obligations under finance leases	-	-
		-	•
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans		
	Between 2 and 5 years	-	-
	Obligations under finance leases		
	Between 2 and 5 years	-	-
		-	-
14	SHARE CAPITAL		
17	Authorised:		
	100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
		=====	=====
	Allotted, issued and fully paid		
	100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	·		
1.5	CARMAL RECORDE		
15	CAPITAL RESERVE	***	-0.077
	At beginning and end of the year	20,866	20,866
			
16	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		
	At beginning of the year	86,633	93,691
	Profit/(loss) for the year	(30,672)	(7,058)
	At end of the year	56,006	86,633
		======	=====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		2000	1999
		£	£
17	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS		
	IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year	(30,627)	7,058)
	Opening shareholders' funds	107,599	114,657
			~~~~~
	Closing shareholders' funds	76,972	107,599
			<del></del>
18	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS		
	Capital expenditure contracted for but not	nil	nil
	provided in the financial statements		
	Capital expenditure authorised but not contracted for	nil	nil