COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 1995000

DSS (LIVERPOOL) LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30TH APRIL 2004

(0)

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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 2004

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30TH APRIL 2004

	2004		2003		
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Tangible assets			367,078		127,979
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		24,838		15,145	
Debtors		256,929		269,401	
Cash at bank and in hand		98		412	
		281,865		284,958	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year	3	425,074		311,959	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(143,209)		(27,001)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	LIABII	LITIES	223,869		100,978
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	4		180,658		-
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	AND CE	IARGES	3,325		-
			39,886		100,978
					100,578

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

30TH APRIL 2004

		2004	2003
	Note	£	£
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up equity share capital	5	100	100
Profit and loss account		39,786	100,878
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		39,886	100,978

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors

MR. D SMITH

11/2/05 and are signed on their

behalf My.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 2004

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold Property

- Straight line over the period of the lease

Plant & Machinery

10% on cost

Fixtures, Fittings & Equipment

10% on cost25% on cost

Motor Vehicles

- 25% on cost

Computer Equipment

25% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included with creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 2004

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, even though the company has net current liabilities of £143,209 as at 30th April 2004. In the opinion of the directors, financial support will continue to be made available by the company's bankers and themselves.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 2004

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST	
At 1st May 2003	1,183,997
Additions	324,198
Disposals	(12,845)
At 30th April 2004	1,495,350
DEPRECIATION	
At 1st May 2003	1,056,018
Charge for year	85,098
On disposals	(12,844)
At 30th April 2004	1,128,272
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30th April 2004	367,078
At 30th April 2003	127,979
1	

3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

	2004	2003
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	163,019	94,935
HP and finance leases	46,428	3,166
	209,447	98,101
	=====	30,101

4. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

	2004	2003
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	28,389	_
HP and finance leases	152,269	_
	180,658	-
		

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 2004

5. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised	share	capital:
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•		2004 £		2003 £
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		100		100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2004		2003	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100