Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ended 30 April 2009

Montpelier Chartered Accountants
Montpelier Professional (Leeds) Limited
Sanderson House
Station Road
Horsforth
Leeds
LS18 5NT





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Financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2009

Abbreviated balance sheet	Pages
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Abbreviated balance sheet as at 30 April 2009

	Notes	2009			2008
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets Tangible assets	2 2		1 82,794	_	1 98,537
			82,795		98,538
Current assets					
Stock Debtors		6,298 9,138		5,061 41,349	
	_	15,436		46,410	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(390,596)		(271,001)	
Net current liabilities			(375,160)		(224,591)
Current liabilities less total assets			(292,365)		(126,053)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	3		(35,000)		(55,490)
			(327,365)	Andrew Standards	(181,543)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Deficit on profit and loss account	4		30,000 78,383 (435,748)		30,000 78,383 (289,926)
Shareholders' funds			(327,365)	_	(181,543)

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

The directors are of the opinion that the company is entitled to the exemptions from audit conferred by section 447 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 April 2009.

The directors confirm that no member or members have requested an audit of its accounts for the year ended 30 April 2009.

The directors are responsible for:-

- a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 394 of the Companies Act 2006,
 and
- b) preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 April 2009 and of its results for the year then ended in accordance with the requirements of section 395 of the Companies Act 2006, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of this Act relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company.

Approved by the board of directors on 30 August 2009 and signed on its behalf.

S W R Lynn - Director,

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 30 April 2009

1 Accounting policies

a) Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes the continued support of the directors and the company's ability to generate positive cash flow. In the opinion of the directors the going concern basis is appropriate for the preparation of the accounts.

b) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting and have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

The company has taken advantage of the exemption, conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1, from presenting a cash flow statement as it qualifies as a small company.

c) Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable in respect of goods and services, excluding value added tax.

d) Depreciation of tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the full cost or valuation less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life. The principal rates in use are:

Freehold buildings Plant and machinery Straight line over the life of the lease

15% on reducing balance

e) Goodwill

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated useful economic life.

f) Stocks

Stock and work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value.

Cost of raw materials is determined on the first in first out basis. In the case of work in progress and finished goods, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on the normal level of activity. Net realisable value is the price at which the stock can be released in the normal course of business, less further costs to completion of sale.

g) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the company's accounts. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more (or less) tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based in current tax rates and law.

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising form the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset.

h) Hire purchase and lease transactions

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as they fall due.

Ordinary shares of £1 each

Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 30 April 2009 (continued)

2 **Fixed assets** Intangible Tangible fixed fixed assets assets Total £ £ £ Cost: At 1 May 2008 126,343 390,548 516,891 Additions 236 236 At 30 April 2009 390,784 126,343 517,127 Depreciation: At 1 May 2008 126,342 292,011 418,353 Provision for the year 15,979 15,979 At 30 April 2009 126,342 307,990 434,332 Net book value: At 30 April 2009 1 82,794 82,795 At 30 April 2008 98,537 1 98,538 3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2009 2008 £ £ Bank loans 35,000 55,490 Called-up share capital 2009 2008 £ £ **Authorised** Equity shares: Ordinary shares of £1 each 50,000 50,000 Allotted, called up and fully paid Equity shares:

30,000

30,000