Company Registration Number 1994622

#### **VOLTECH LIMITED**

Report and Consolidated Financial Statements

31 August 2006

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### REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2006

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#### OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

### **DIRECTORS**

P A Bradstock J S Ford P E Ford L Ind

#### **SECRETARY**

P E Ford

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

148 Sixth Street Harwell International Business Centre Didcot Oxfordshire OX11 0RA

#### **BANKERS**

National Westminster Bank plc 121 High Street Oxford OX1 4DD

#### **SOLICITORS**

Lyons Davidson Bridge House 48-52 Baldwin Street Bristol BS1 IQD

#### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte & Touche LLP Bristol

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2006. This directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under section 246(4) of the Companies Act 1985.

#### ACTIVITIES AND PRINCIPAL RISKS

Voltech Limited is the holding company for the Voltech Group. The group's main activities are the design, development and manufacture of electronic equipment for the power conversion market

As a holding company the directors do not consider that there are any key risks to the business other than in connection with the underlying investments

#### REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

Both the levels of business and year end financial position were satisfactory given the difficult economic climate. The group will continue to operate in the business area in which it is engaged and aims to exploit new activities as they arise. The group continued to spend on research and development £444,706 (2005 £269,639), as it is considered crucial to keep up with competitors and to be in a strong position in anticipation of the market recovering

#### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results for the year are set out on page 5 The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2005 £nil)

#### **DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS**

All directors served throughout the year and to date

The directors and their interests in the company's shares at 31 August 2006 and 1 September 2005 were as follows

	£1 Ordi	£1 Ordinary shares	
	2006	2005	
P A Bradstock	100	100	
J S Ford and P E Ford jointly	6,320	6,320	
L Ind	780	780	

The 6,320 ordinary shares above are owned by a trust in which J S Ford and P E Ford are named beneficiaries

#### **AUDITORS**

In the case of each of the persons who are directors of the company at the date when this report was approved

- so far as each of the directors is aware there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors
  are unaware, and
- each of the directors has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware
  of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware if that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

A resolution to reappoint Deloitte & Touche LLP as the company's auditors will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

L Ind Director



#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VOLTECH LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Voltech Limited for the year ended 31 August 2006 which comprise the consolidated Profit and Loss Account, the consolidated and company Balance Sheets and the related notes 1 to 21 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company and group's affairs as at 31 August 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Bristol, United Kingdom

12 September 2007

# CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 August 2006

	Note	2006 £	2005 £
TURNOVER	2	2,593,387	2,188,130
Cost of sales		(1,337,569)	(1,070,933)
GROSS PROFIT		1,255,818	1,117,197
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(258,969) (1,038,390)	(240,514) (1,075,701)
OPERATING LOSS	3	(41,541)	(199,018)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	4 5	1,596 (6,433)	1,955 (6,445)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(46,378)	(203,508)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	7	56,229	-
RETAINED PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	17	9,851	(203,508)

During the year ended 31 August 2006 no activities were acquired or discontinued in the company. Consequently all figures stated above relate to continuing activities

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than those included in the profit and loss account and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET At 31 August 2006

	Note	2006		2005	
		£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9		91,977		92,691
Investments	10		37,018		-
			128,995		92,691
CURRENT ASSETS			140,773		72,071
Stocks	11	662,536		799,397	
Debtors	12	470,741		268,673	
Cash at bank and in hand		62,621		65,430	
			1,195,898		1,133,500
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE			1,175,676		1,133,300
WITHIN ONE YEAR	13	(365,579)		(276,728)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			830,319		856,772
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			959,314		949,463
NET ASSETS			959,314		949,463
					=
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	15		10,000		10,000
Share premium account			39,000		39,000
Profit and loss account	16		910,314		900,463
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17		959,314		949,463

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on  $\omega/q/\tau$ 

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

L Ind Director

# COMPANY BALANCE SHEET At 31 August 2006

	Note	2006 £	2005 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	10	49,000	49,000
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	14	(164)	(164)
NET ASSETS		48,836	48,836
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital Share premium account	15	10,000 39,000	10,000 39,000
Profit and loss account	16	(164)	(164)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17	48,836	48,836

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 10/9/7

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

L Ind Director

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 August 2006

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities The particular policies adopted, which have been applied consistently throughout the year, are described below

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

#### Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and all its subsidiaries, with the exception of Voltech Instruments Nantong Limited, which has not been consolidated on the grounds on materiality

#### Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the group for goods supplied and services provided in respect of the principal activity, excluding VAT and trade discounts. Income is recognised on despatch of goods

#### Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for permanent diminution in value

#### Goodwill

Goodwill, all of which arose on the acquisition of businesses prior to the implementation of Financial Reporting Standard 10, was all written off to the profit and loss account as a matter of accounting policy. It remains eliminated in that reserve and will be charged to the profit and loss account as appropriate on the subsequent disposal of the business to which it relates

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes materials, direct labour and production overheads appropriate to the relevant stage of production. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing, selling and distribution costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of all assets less estimated residual values in equal annual instalments over their estimated lives, which are as follows

Plant and machinery 2 to 5 years Motor vehicles 3 years Fixtures, fittings and equipment 2 to 5 years

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 August 2006

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### Foreign exchange

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet dates are retranslated at the rates ruling at that date. These translation differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

The financial statements of foreign subsidiaries are translated into sterling at the closing rates of exchange and the differences arising from the translation of the opening net investment in subsidiaries at the closing rate and matched long-term foreign currency borrowings are taken direct to reserves

#### Development expenditure

Development expenditure is charged to the profit and loss account in the year it is incurred

#### Leases

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised at their fair value on the inception of the leases and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital amount outstanding.

Rental costs under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the periods of the leases

#### Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they fall due

#### **Cashflow Statement**

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions available to small companies in FRS1 and has therefore not prepared a cashflow statement

2.	TURNOVER		
	The analysis of turnover by geographical location is as follows	2006 £	2005 £
	Europe (including UK)	825,543	841,893
	United States of America	1,103,741	815,491
	Far East	664,103	530,746
		2,593,387	2,188,130
3.	OPERATING LOSS		
	Operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting)	2006 £	2005 £
	Depreciation - owned assets Auditors' remuneration	55,432	63,630
	- audit	23,250	21,750
	- non-audit	3,500	3,500
	Rentals under operating leases - other	68,000	173,296
	Research and development expenditure	444,706	269,639
	Audit fees were borne by other group companies There is no charge in the	e parent company accor	unts
4.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME	2006 £	2005 £
	Other interest receivable	1,596	1,955
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2006 £	2005 £
	Bank interest and charges	6,433	6,445

6.	INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES	2006 £	2005 £
	Directors' emoluments	-	~
	Total emoluments (excluding pension contributions)  Total emoluments paid in respect of a defined contribution	161,844	123,919
	pension scheme	10,283	12,859
		172,127	136,778
		No.	No.
	Number of directors who are members of a defined contribution		
	pension scheme	1	1
	Average number of persons employed in the year including directors	No	No.
	Development	6	9
	Production	6	7
	Distribution	5	5
	Administration	6	6
		23	27
		<del></del>	
	Staff costs incurred during the year in respect of these employees were	£	£
	Wages and salaries	673,931	730,895
	Social security costs	61,647	66,755
	Pension costs	10,283	12,859
		745,861	810,509

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 August 2006

#### 7. TAX CREDIT ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

Analysis of credit in year	2006 £	2005 £
United Kingdom corporation tax at 30% (2005 30%)	-	•
R&D tax credit		
Current year Adjustment in respect of prior years	23,625 32,604	-
Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	56,229	

There was no deferred tax charge in either year

#### Factors affecting tax credit in year

The tax assessed for the year differs from that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2005–30%) The differences are as follows

	£	£
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(46,378)	(203,508)
	£	£
Tax at 30% thereon	(13,913)	(61,052)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	294	10
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	(4,210)	6,799
Carry forward of tax losses R&D tax credit	17,829 56,229	54,243
nacio dia cicali		
Current tax credit for the year	56,229	

#### Factors affecting future tax charges

Deferred tax assets of £330,000 (2005 £282,000) in respect of tax losses and timing differences have not been recognised in these accounts on the grounds of uncertainty over future profits within the companies against which to recover the assets

#### 8. PARENT COMPANY PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Under Section 230(4) of the Companies Act 1985, the company is exempt from the requirement to present its own profit and loss account. The result for the company amounted to £nil (2005 £nil)

10.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 August 2006

Shares in the subsidiary company

#### 9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost		-	<del></del>	_
At 1 September 2005	753,956	13,873	426,480	1,194,309
Additions	55,670	-	6,866	62,536
Disposals	(63,190)		(36,095)	(99,285)
At 31 August 2006	746,436	13,873	397,251	1,157,560
Accumulated depreciation	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>-</del>
At 1 September 2005	675,153	12,492	413,973	1,101,618
Charge for the year	46,845	1,186	7,401	55,432
Disposals	(55,372)	-	(36,095)	(91,467)
At 31 August 2006	666,626	13,678	385,279	1,065,583
Net book value				
At 31 August 2006	79,810	195	11,972	91,977
At 31 August 2005	78,803	1,381	12,507	92,691
INVESTMENTS HELD AS FIXED ASS	ETS			
Group			2006 £	2005 £
Shares in the subsidiary company			37,018	
Company			£	£

The subsidiaries of the group and company and its shareholding therein at 31 August 2006 was

	Country of registration	Class of share	Percentage held
Voltech Instruments Limited	England and Wales United States of America People's Republic of China	Ordinary shares	100%
Voltech Instruments Inc		Ordinary shares	100%
Voltech Instruments Nantong Ltd		Ordinary shares	100%

The shares in Voltech Instruments Inc and Voltech Instruments Nantong Ltd are held by Voltech Instruments Limited

The principal activities of these subsidiaries are the design, development and manufacture of electronic equipment for the power conversion market. Voltech Instruments Nantong Limited is also involved in the assembly of electronic equipment for the power conversion market.

Voltech Instruments Nantong Limited was set on 11 May 2006 and has not been consolidated in these accounts on the grounds of materiality

49,000

49,000

11	STOCKS		
	Group	2006 £	2005 £
	Raw materials	524,547	649,421
	Work in progress	3,098	1,382
	Finished goods	134,891	148,594
		662,536	799,397
12.	DEBTORS		
		2006	2005
	Group	£	£
	Trade debtors	377,360	239,495
	Corporation tax recoverable	56,229	, <u>-</u>
	Other debtors	12,840	10,510
	Prepayments and accrued income	24,312	18,668
		470,741	268,673
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2006	2005
	Group	£	£
	Bank loans and overdraft	-	32,229
	Trade creditors	267,413	148,264
	Other taxation and social security	10,405	10,155
	Other creditors	16,631	16,494
	Accruals	71,130	69,586
		365,579	276,728
14.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		200=
	Company	2006 £	2005 £
	Other	164	164

15.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	2006 £	2005 £
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid 10,000 Ordinary shares of £1	10,000	10,000
16.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		
	Group	£	
	At beginning of year Profit for the financial year	900,463 9,851	
	At 31 August 2006	910,314	
	Сотрапу	£	
	At beginning of year Result for the financial year	(164)	
	At 31 August 2006	(164)	
17.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2006	2005
	Group	2006 £	2005 £
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year	9,851	(203,508)
	Net increase/(reduction) in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	9,851 949,463	(203,508) 1,152,971
	Closing shareholders' funds	959,314	949,463
	Company	£	£
	Result for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	48,836	48,836
	Closing shareholders' funds	48,836	48,836

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 August 2006

#### 18. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 August 2006 the company was committed to making the following payments in respect of operating leases

Land and buildings	2006 £	2005 £
Leases which expire		
- within one year	68,000	-
- between one and two years	11,333	-
- thereafter	79,333	68,000
	158,666	68,000
	<del></del>	

#### 19. PENSION SCHEME

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees The assets of the scheme are held in separate trustee administered funds. Contributions made during the year amounted to £10,283 (2005 £12,859). No amounts were outstanding to the scheme at the year end (2005 £nil)

#### 20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions available under FRS8 from disclosing related party transactions as all companies within the group are 100% owned

#### 21. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTIES

The directors consider J S Ford and P E Ford to be the ultimate controlling parties