HPB Travel Club Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2003

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Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003

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Directors

RG Boyce (Chairman)

GD Baber

NP Beamish

JC Boyce

PF Maltby

Secretary and registered office

GD Baber, Kentford Lodge, Kentford, Newmarket, Suffolk, CB8 7PT

Company number

1992328

Auditors

Baker Tilly, 87 Guildhall Street, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, IP33 1PU

Bankers

Lloyds TSB Bank Plc, 28-34 Risbygate Street, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, IP33 3AH

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2003

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003.

Results and dividend

The profit and loss account is set out on page 4 and shows the profit for the year.

An ordinary dividend of £118,000 was proposed at the year end.

Principal activity, trading review and future developments

The company's main activity is the provision of travel services.

Despite the general fall in business in the travel industry the company performed well, with gross trading activity only down by 2%. However, revised commission arrangements resulted in an overall fall of £185,000 in net profit for the year.

The directors anticipate that the company will continue to trade profitably in the foreseeable future.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were:

RG Boyce (Chairman)

GD Baber

NP Beamish

JC Boyce

PF Maltby

No director had any interest in the ordinary share capital of the company throughout the year.

The interests of NP Beamish, JC Boyce and PF Maltby in the shares of the parent company, HPB Travel Club Holdings Plc, are shown in that company's financial statements.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

Auditors

Baker Tilly have expressed their willingness to continue in office and are deemed to be re-appointed in accordance with the elective resolutions currently in force.

On behalf of the Board

RG Boyce

Director /

7 May 2004

Independent auditors' report to the member of HPB Travel Club Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 11.

This report is made solely to the company's member in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to the member in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2003 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BAKER TILLY
Chartered Accountants
and Registered Auditors
87 Guildhall Street
Bury St Edmunds
Suffolk
IP33 1PU

Saker Tilly

7 May 2004

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2003

	Note	2003	2002 (restated - see
		£	note 2)
Turnover	2	1,785,922	2,029,122
Cost of sales		(720,056)	(811,928)
Gross profit		1,065,866	1,217,194
Administrative expenses		(909,556)	(878,490)
Operating profit	5	156,310	338,704
Interest receivable Interest payable	6	39,769 (1,747)	41,009 (137)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		194,332	379,576
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	(43,176)	(111,090)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		151,156	268,486
Dividend	8	(118,000)	(192,500)
Profit for the year		33,156	75,986
Retained profit brought forward		175,493	99,507
Retained profit carried forward		208,649	175,493

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 6 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2003

	Note	£ 20	003 £	£	2002 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		151,815		89,342
Current assets					
Debtors	10	1,349,213		1,541,597	
Cash at bank and in hand		921,712		997,533	
		2,270,925		2,539,130	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(2,129,608)		(2,402,979)	
Net current assets			141,317		136,151
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(34,483)		<u>.</u>
Net assets			258,649		225,493
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		50,000		50,000
Profit and loss account			208,649		175,493
Shareholder's funds	14		258,649		225,493

All shareholder's funds relate to equity interests.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 7 May 2004.

RG Boyce Director

The notes on pages 6 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for travel services, net of trade discounts and VAT. Where the company acts as principal, turnover includes the value of all travel services together with any commissions receivable. Where the company acts as agent, turnover includes only the commission element of the travel arrangements. This is a revised accounting policy - see note 2.

Travel debtors and creditors

Travel debtors include the amounts receivable from customers for the gross value of the related travel service. Travel creditors include the gross amounts payable to tour operators.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all fixed assets evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Office equipment
Computer equipment

10 years

- 4 years

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxation profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Pension costs

Contributions are made into the individual pension plans of certain employees. The contributions are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)' not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of HPB Travel Club Holdings Plc and is included in the group's consolidated financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom.

Amendment of comparative figures

Following the amendment to Financial Reporting Standard 5 'Reporting the Substance of Transactions', specifically the addition of Application Note G 'Revenue Recognition', the company's accounting policy for turnover has been amended to that shown above. Previously turnover included the gross amounts receivable for travel services, together with the related commissions, net of trade discounts and VAT.

This has had a significant effect on the amounts disclosed for turnover and cost of sales, as follows:

			sclosed under unting policy 2002 £		ounts under ounting policy 2002 £
	Turnover Cost of sales	1,785,922 (720,056)	2,029,122 (811,928)	10,176,034 (9,110,168)	10,397,916 (9,180,722)
	Gross profit	1,065,866	1,217,194	1,065,866	1,217,194
3	Employees			2002	2002
	Staff costs consist of:			2003 £	2002 £
	Wages and salaries			479,453	469,899
	Social security costs			41,905	35,588
	Other pension costs			4,256	4,956
				525,614	510,443
	The average number of employees of	the company during	the year, includ	ling directors, w	as as follows:
				2003	2002
				Number	Number
	Administration and sales			33	31
4	Directors				
	Directors' emoluments consist of:			2003 £	2002 £
	2.1.01			•	
	Remuneration for management serv	vices		65,291	58,753
	Pension contributions			1,200	1,200
				66,491	59,953

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

5	Operating profit	2002	2002
	This has been arrived at after charging/(crediting);	2003 £	2002 £
	Depreciation Profit on sale of fixed assets Auditors' remuncration - audit - non audit Rent of premises	41,805 (220) 6,650 6,200 30,068	32,992 6,450 6,822 25,100
6	Interest receivable	2003 £	2002 £
	Bank interest receivable	39,769	41,009
7	Taxation	2003 £	2002 £
	Current taxation UK corporation tax on the profit for the year Adjustment in respect of prior years	43,176	111,213 (123)
		43,176	111,090
	The tax assessed for the period is lower than that calculated at the s the UK (30%). The differences are explained below:	tandard rate of corpo 2003 £	2002 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	194,332	379,576
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%	58,300	113,873
	Effects of: Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Other timing differences Adjustment in respect of prior year Group relief received	(5,895) 1,971 - (11,200)	(3,059) 399 (123)
	Current tax charge for the year	43,176	111,090
8	Dividend	2003 £	2002 £
	Ordinary dividend proposed at £2.36 per share (2002 – paid at £3.85 per share)	118,000	192,500

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

9	Tangible assets			
		Office equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
	Cost	-	_	
	At 1 January 2003	29,208	171,262	200,470
	Additions	81,812	22,501	104,313
	Disposals	(3,529)	-	(3,529)
	At 31 December 2003	107,491	193,763	301,254
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2003	11,263	99,865	111,128
	Provided for the year	10,749	31,056	41,805
	On disposals	(3,494)		(3,494)
	At 31 December 2003	18,518	130,921	149,439
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2003	88,973	62,842	151,815
	At 31 December 2002	17,945	71,397	89,342

As at 31 December 2003 the written down value of assets held under hire purchase contracts amounted to £58,844 (2002 - £Nil). The related depreciation charged on these assets totalled £6,538 (2002 - £Nil).

10	Debtors
10	Debtors

		2003 £	2002 £
Trade debtors Corporation tax re	eceivable	1,322,109 13,075	1,522,653
Other debtors			5,725
Prepayments		14,029	13,219
		1,349,213	1,541,597
11 Creditors: amounts	falling due within one year		
		2003	2002
		£	£
Obligations under	hire purchase contracts (secured)	12,096	-
Trade creditors		1,834,522	2,017,547
Amount owed to	•	-	5,000
	connected undertakings (note 16)	30,650	12,519
Corporation tax		-	66,213
Other taxes and se	ocial security	34,843	19,892
Accruals		99,497	89,308
Proposed dividen	d	118,000	192,500
		2,129,608	2,402,979

Obligations under hire purchase contracts are secured on the underlying assets.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

12	Creditors: amounts falling due after mor	e than one year			
				2003 £	2002 £
	Obligations under hire purchase contract	s (secured - see no	ote 11)	34,483	-
	Amounts repayable by instalments fallin In more than one but not more than two In more than two but not more than fr	wo years		12,672 21,811	-
				34,483	
13	Called up share capital			A.W. 444.	
		Aut	horised		l, called up ully paid
		2003 £	2002 £	2003 £	2002 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000	50,000	50,000
14	Reconciliation of movements in sharehold	der's funds			
				2003 £	2002 £
	Profit for the financial year Dividend			151,156 (118,000)	268,486 (192,500)
	Net addition to shareholder's funds Opening shareholder's funds			33,156 225,493	75,986 149,507
	Closing shareholder's funds			258,649	225,493

15 Pensions

The company makes payments into individual personal pension plans on behalf of certain employees. The assets of these pension plans are held separately from those of the company in independently administered funds. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the funds. The charge for the year was £4,256 (2002 - £4,956). There were contributions of £1,239 (2002 - £1,330) outstanding at the year end.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

16 Related party transactions and controlling interest

Balance with connected undertaking

At the year end, the company owed £11,266 (2002 - £12,519) to HPB Management Limited and £19,384 (2002 - £Nil) to B & B Advertising Limited (note 11).

The balances are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand. At no time during the year did the company make advances to HPB Management Limited or B & B Advertising Limited.

Related party transactions

During the year rent of £13,568 (2002 - £25,100) was paid to HPB Management Limited.

During the year rent of £16,500 (2002 - £Nil) was paid to B & B Advertising Limited.

Nature of relationship

The company is related to HPB Management Limited and B & B Advertising Limited by virtue of the directorships and interests in relation to the shares of all three companies of RG Boyce, JC Boyce and GD Baber. NP Beamish is also a director of HPB Management Limited.

Controlling interest

The RG Boyce Trustee Company Limited, in its capacity as trustee, had a controlling shareholding in HPB Travel Club Holdings Plc, the company's parent company throughout the year. However, RG Boyce had ultimate influence over the operating decisions of the company, both as chairman and in view of his connection with The RG Boyce Trustee Company Limited.

17 Ultimate parent company

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of HPB Travel Club Holdings Plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The financial statements of HPB Travel Club Holdings Plc can be obtained from Companies House.

As a wholly owned subsidiary, the company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 not to disclose related party transactions which occurred during the year with other group companies included in the group's consolidated financial statements.