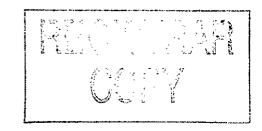
Registered Number: 01959777

# Annfold Limited Directors' Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 1992

Jeffreys Henry
Finsgate
5-7 Cranwood Street
London
ECIV 9EE





# Directors' Report and Financial Statements

# for the year ended 31 December 1992

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Financial Statements

# Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 1992

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1992.

# Principal Activities and Review of the Business

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of property investment.

The directors consider the results of the year to be satisfactory.

#### Results and Dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 4. The directors are unable to recommend payment of a dividend.

#### Fixed Assets

The movements in fixed assets during the year are explained in note 4 to the financial statements.

# Directors and their Interests

	Class of share	Number of shares 1992 1991
Corridet Limited (Resigned 21/1/94)	Ordinary shares	
Craystere Limited (Resigned 21/1/94)	Ordinary shares	
S.A.Couldridge Esq. (Appointed 21/1/94)	Ordinary shares	

#### **Auditors**

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Jeffreys Henry be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 1992 (continued)

# Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report was approved by order of the Board on .21.44.56

Secretary

For and on behalf of

INTERNATIONAL REGISTRARS LIMITED

#### Auditors' Report to the shareholders of Annfold Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 9 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

# Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

## Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board, except that the scope of our work was limited as explained below.

An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. Because of the possible effect of the limitatation in evidence available to us, we are unable to form an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 1992 and of its results for the year then ended. In all other respects, in our opinion the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

## Auditors' Report to the shareholders of Annfold Limited (Continued)

Opinion: disclaimer on view given by the financial statements.

Because of the possible effect of the limitatation in evidence available to us, we are unable to form an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 1992 and of its results for the year then ended. In all other respects, in our opinion the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

In respect alone of the limitation on our audit work:

- we have not obtained all the information and explanations that we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit; and

- we were unable to determine whether proper accounting records had been maintained.

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor Date: 23 April 1996

Finsgate 5-7 Cranwood Street London EC1V 9EE

# Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 December 1992

	Notes	1992 £	1991 £
Administrative expenses		(588)	(625)
loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2	(588)	(625)
Retained loss for the year	8	£(588)	(625)

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

## Balance Sheet as at 31 December 1992

		199	92	199	91
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets					
Tangible assets	4		296,000		296,000
Current Assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		282		282	
		282		282	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(2,300)		(1,712)	
Net Current Liabilities			(2,018)		(1,430)
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities			293,982		294,570
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(284,514)		(284,514)
			9,468		10,056
Capital and Reserves					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	7 8		10,000 (532)		10,000 56
Shareholders' Funds (equity interests)	9		9,468		10,056

The financial statements were approved by the Board on .24.4.1.96

Director

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 1992

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and include the results of the company's operations as indicated in the directors' report, all of which are continuing.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

#### 1.2 Turnover

The company received rental income from its real estate in Zaire. Owing to the company's inability to remit this income no credit has been included in these accounts. All information relating to the company's activities in Zaire had been destroyed during the civil unrest in that country.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost. No provision has been made for depreciation of the buildings, however, the company has been reliably informed that the real estate could currently be sold for a net sum exceeding its book value.

#### 1.4 Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation using the liability method to take account of timing differences between the incidence of income and expenditure for taxation and accounting purposes except to the extent that the directors consider that a liability to taxation is unlikely to crystallise.

#### 1.5 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

2.	Operating Loss	1992 f	1991 f
	Operating loss is stated after charging:	-	_
	Auditors' remuneration	588	588

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 1992

# 3. Taxation

The company was non-resident for U.K. corporation tax purposes, thus no corporation tax arises during the year. However, the company may be liable to foreign tax not provided in the accounts.

4.	Tangible	assets
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7.	Taiginie assets		Land and buildings Freehold f
	Cost At 1 January 1992 & at 31 December 1992		296,000
	Net book values		
	At 31 December 1992		296,000
	At 31 December 1991		296,000
5.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	1992 £	1991 £
	Other creditors Accruals	2,300	500 1,212
		2,300	1,712
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	1992 £	1991 £
	Loans		
	Amount due to parent undertaking	284,514	284,514

The loan from the parent company is unsecured, interest free and has no fixed date for repayment. It is repayable in Sterling.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 1992

7.	Share Capital	1992 £	1991 £
	Authorised	4-	-
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
8.	Profit And Loss Account	1992 £	1991 £
	Retained profits at 1 January 1992 Retained loss for the year	56 (588)	681 (625)
	Accumulated losses at 31 December 1992	(532)	56
9.	Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds	1992 £	1991 £
	Loss for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	(588) 10,056	(625) 10,681
	Closing shareholders' funds	9,468	10,056

# 10. Employees

# Number of employees

There were no employees during the year apart from the directors.

# 11. Ultimate Parent Company

The ultimate parent company is Brugefi International S.A., a company registered in Luxembourg.