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## Stilexo Industrial (UK) Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

31 December 1994

Registered number 1959067

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## Directors' report and financial statements

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### Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1994.

### Principal activities and business review

The principal activity is and continues to be the manufacture of television and video stands.

The trading results for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 4.

#### **Dividends**

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (1993:£Nil).

### Significant changes in fixed assets

Significant changes in fixed assets are shown in note 8 to the financial statements.

### Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

R Jansson

G Johansson

**B-A Nilsson** 

Messys. Jansson, Johansson and Nilsson are shareholders in Stilexo Industri AB.

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



Directors' report (continued)

### **Auditors**

On 6 February 1995, our auditors changed the name under which they practise to KPMG and, accordingly, have signed their report in their new name.

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the company, is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

Bengt-Ake Nilsson

Secretary

Welsh Street Chambers Chepstow Gwent NP6 5LN



Weish Street Chambers Chepstow Gwent NP6 5LN

Report of the auditors to the members of Stilexo Industrial (UK) Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 15.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 1994 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

28th April 1895.

Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditors

KPMG

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 1994

	Note	1994	1993
		£	£
Turnover	1	4,823,039	3,599,845
Cost of sales		(4,174,359)	(3,269,559)
Gross profit		648,680	330,286
Distribution costs		(56,384)	(36,230)
Administrative expenses	2	(274,391)	(155,626)
Operating profit		317,905	138,430
Other interest receivable and similar income	5	1,928	16,886
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(21,100)	(29,228)
Profit on ordinary activities			<del></del>
before taxation	3-4	298,733	126,088
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(5,000)	-
Profit for the financial year		293,733	126,088
Accumulated loss brought forward		(75,231)	(201,319)
Retained profit/(accumulated loss) carried			<del></del>
forward		218,502	(75,231)
		***************************************	

There were no acquisitions and no operations were discontinued during the year.

The company had no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the results above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no difference between the profit for the financial year stated above and its historical cost equivalent.



Balance sheet at 31 December 1994

	Note	1	1994	1	993
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		243,687		237,225
Current assets					
Stocks	9	361,442		313,262	
Debtors	10	817,053		609,006	
Cash at bank and in hand		69,888		13,571	
Craditars, amounts falling		1,248,383		935,839	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(960,131)		(871,588)	
Net current assets			288,252	_	64,251
Total assets less current liabilities			531,939		301,476
Creditors: amounts falling			ŕ		, -
due after more than one year	12		(260,416)		(320,000)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	13		(5,000)		-
Deferred income	14		(28,021)		(36,707)
Net assets/(liabilities)			238,502		(55,231)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		20,000		20,000
Profit and loss account			218,502		(75,231)
Shareholders' funds - equity	16		238,502		(55,231)

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on  $\frac{28}{4}$  and were signed on its behalf by:

Director

### Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 December 1994

	Note		1994	1	1993
		£	£	£	£
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	17		220,091		(148,897)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance					
Interest received		1,928		1,886	
Bank and loan interest paid		(19,975)		(27,680)	
Interest element of hire purchase		` , ,		( , , , , , ,	
and finance lease rental liabilities		(1,125)		(1,548)	
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			(10.172)		(05.6.40)
and servicing or intarre			(19,172)		(27,342)
Taxation					
Taxation paid		-		-	
Investing activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(71,484)		(9,002)	
Sale of tangible fixed assets		3,300		173,900	
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing					
activities			(68,184)		164,898
Net cash inflow/(outflow) financing activities			132,735		(11,341)
Financing					
Grant received		-		30,000	
Capital element of hire purchase and finance lease rental payments		/D #15#\		(14.070)	
Capital element of ECSC loan repayments		(8,757)		(14,070)	
Repayment of parent undertaking loan		(9,375) (65,000)		(37,500)	
Net cash outflow from financing			(83,132)		(21,570)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 18	3-1 <i>9</i>		49,603		(32,911)



#### Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided by the company to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Plant and machinery - 10 years
Motor vehicles - 4 years
Fixtures and fixtures - 4 - 10 years

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Government grants

Regional development grants are allocated between revenue and capital. The revenue element of the grant is released to profit and loss account in the year in which the grant is received. The capital element of the grant is released to profit and loss account over the life of the asset to which the grant relates.

#### Leases

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a 'finance lease'. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated over its estimated useful life or the term of the lease, whichever is shorter. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included with creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.



### Notes (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Leases (continued)

All other leases are accounted for as 'operating leases' and the rental charges are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. For work in progress and finished goods manufactured by the company, cost is taken as production cost, which includes an appropriate proportion of attributable overheads.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred tax only to the extent that it is probable that an actual liability will crystallise.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods to customers during the year.

### Pensions and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged against profits represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

### 2 Administrative expenses

The 1993 charge of £155,626 includes an exceptional credit in respect of an amount written off the loan from the parent undertaking.



### Notes (continued)

### 3 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	1994	1993
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities		
before taxation is stated		
after charging/(crediting)		
Auditors' remuneration - audit fees	6,500	6,500
Depreciation	73,073	62,219
Directors remuneration	35,528	27,642
Management charges (net)	, -	12,000
Government grants	(8,686)	(23,686)
Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed	.,,,,,,,	(,,
assets	649	(7,772)

### 4 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

	Number of employees	
	1994	1993
Office and management	4	4
Production	52	36
	56	40
		<del></del>
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were	re as follows:	

	1994 £	1993 £
Wages and salaries	670,606	449,849
Social security costs	62,717	42,745
Other pension costs (see note 21)	4,000	3,083
	737,323	495,677



### Notes (continued)

### 5 Other interest receivable and similar income

	ome merest receivable and sammar income		
		1994	1993
		£	£
	Grants received	-	15,000
	Exchange gains/(losses) on foreign currency	1	(3)
	Bank deposit account	1,927	1,889
		1,928	16,886
6	Interest payable and similar charges		
		1994	1993
		£	£
	On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans wholly		
	repayable within five years On all other loans	14,856	19,442
	Finance charges payable in respect of	5,119	8,238
	finance leases and hire purchase contracts	1,125	1,548
		21,100	29,228
7	Taxation		
	The charge based on the profit for the year is as	follows:	
		1994	1993
		£	£
	UK corporation tax	-	-
	Deferred taxation charge	5,000	-
		5,000	-

### Notes (continued)

### 8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible lived doces				
	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and	Motor vehicles	Total
		fittings		
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At beginning of year	506,673	51,146	22,072	579,891
Additions	58,191	2,383	22,910	83,484
Disposals	(12,000)	(9,703)	(20,847)	(42,550)
At end of year	552,864	43,826	24,135	620,825
Depreciation				
At beginning of year	291,379	29,218	22,069	342,666
Charge for year	60,338	7,007	5,728	73,073
Disposals	(11,450)	(6,306)	(20,845)	(38,601)
At end of year	340,267	29,919	6,952	377,138
Net book value				
At 31 December 1994	212,597	13,907	17,183	243,687
At 31 December 1993	215,294	21,928	3	237,225

Included in the total net book value of motor vehicles is £14,450 (1993: £8,448) in respect of assets held under finance leases and similar hire purchase contracts. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £6,353 (1993: £1,536)

### 9 Stocks

	1994	1993
	£	£
Raw materials and consumables	283,152	257,369
Work in progress	76,725	53,686
Finished goods and goods for resale	1,565	2,207
	361,442	313,262



### Notes (continued)

### 10 Debtors

Debtors		
	1994	1993
	£	£
Trade debtors	752,235	459,350
Amounts owed by parent undertaking	1.4 1.72	101 774
Other debtors	14,173 1,542	121,774 3,323
Prepayments and accrued income	49,103	24,559
	817,053	609,006
Creditors: amounts falling due within	in one year	
	1994	1993
Double Leave at 1 to 6	£ £	££
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12)	139,640	132,926
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	105,040	132,720
(see note 12)	3,883	6,056
Trade creditors  Amounts owed to parent	468,586	256,579
undertaking	269,273	403,378
Other creditors including taxation and social security:		
Other taxes and social security	23,466	15,621
Other creditors	36,743	34,645
	60,209	50,266
Accruals and deferred income	18,540	13,008
ECSC - loan 1 (see note 12)		9,375
	960,131	871,588



### Notes (continued)

### 12 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

_	1994	1993
	£	£
Obligations under finance leases		
and hire purchase contracts	5,416	-
Amounts owed to parent		
undertaking	205,000	270,000
ECSC - loan 2	50,000	50,000
	260,416	320,000

- The bank loan and overdraft are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the undertaking, property and assets of the business.
- ii) The loan from the parent undertaking is unsecured, interest free and there are no fixed terms of repayment.
- iii) Loan 1 The ECSC loan is repayable in equal instalments between June 1990 and March 1994. Interest is payable half-yearly at an annual rate of 6.27%. The loan is guaranteed by Svenska Handlsbanken plc.
  - Loan 2 The ECSC loan is repayable over 5 years by 4 annual instalments with the first repayment on 1 June 1996. Interest is payable half-yearly at an annual rate of 8.49%. The loan is guaranteed by Svenska Handlsbanken plc.
- iv) The obligations under finance leases and hire purchase arrangements are payable by instalments all within five years.

### 13 Provisions for liabilities and charges

### **Deferred taxation**

	1994	1993
	£	£
At beginning of year	-	-
Charge for the year in the profit and loss account	5,000	
At end of year	5,000	<u>.</u>
The amount provided for deferred taxation represents 33% as follows:	the tax value of all of	lifferences at
	1994	1993
	£	£
Difference between accumulated depreciation and	~	•
capital allowances	5,000	-



### Notes (continued)

### 14 Deferred income

		1994	1993
	Government grants	£	£
	At beginning of year	26 707	20.202
	Received in year	36,707	30,393
	Released in year	-	30,000
	- revenue	_	(15,000)
	- capital	(8,686)	(8,686)
	At end of year	28,021	36,707
			30,707
15	Called up share capital		
1.5	Caned up snare capital	1004	1000
		1994	1993
	Authorised	£	£
	50,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	20,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	20.000	00.000
	20,000 Ordinary shares of Li each	20,000	20,000
16	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
		1994	1993
		£	£
	Profit for the financial year	312,140	126,088
	Opening shareholders' funds	(55,231)	(181,319)
	Closing shareholders' funds	256,909	(55,231)



### Notes (continued)

17	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities				
			1994	1993	
			£	£	
	Operating profit		317,905	138,430	
	Depreciation charge		73,073	62,219	
	Release of grants		(8,686)	(8,686)	
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of tangible fixed a	ssets	649	(7,772)	
	Write off by parent undertaking of part of l			(,,,,,,	
	the company (see note 2)		-	(100,000)	
	Increase in stocks		(48,180)	(83,565)	
	Increase in debtors		(208,047)	(185,337)	
	Increase in creditors		93,377	35,814	
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating a	ctivities	220,091	(148,897)	
18	Analysis of changes in cash and cash equiv	alents during th	e year 1994	1993	
			£	£	
	Balance at 1 January 1994		(119,355)	(86,444)	
	Net cash inflow/(outflow)		49,603	(32,911)	
	Balance at 31 December 1994		(69,752)	(119,355)	
19	Analysis of the balances of cash and cash e	quivalents as sh	own in the bala	nce sheet	
		1994	1993	Change in year	
		£	£	£	
	Cash at bank and in hand	69,888	13,571	56,317	
	Bank overdraft and loans	(139,640)	(132,926)	(6,714)	
		(69,752)	(119,355)	49,603	



### Notes (continued)

### 20 Commitments

- (i) Capital commitments at the year end were £30,840 (1993:£Nil).
- (ii) At 31 December 1994 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	1994		1993	
	Land and buildings	Other	Land and buildings	Other
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire:				
Within one year	-	624	_	1,248
In the second to				·
fifth years inclusive	43,250	-	43,250	624
		<del></del>	<del></del>	
	43,250	624	43,250	1,872

### 21 Pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £4,000 (1993:£3,083).

There were prepaid contributions of £3,667 (1993:£3,667).

### 22 Parent undertaking of larger group

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of Stilexo Industri AB incorporated in Sweden.

