Audioprint Limited

Report and Accounts

31 March 2023

Audioprint Limited

Registered number: 01928479

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2023

					Restated
ı	Notes		2023		2022
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		2,855		1,970
Current assets					
Stocks		2,120		2,120	
Debtors	4	170,739		189,230	
Cash at bank and in hand		711		2,725	
		173,570		194,075	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(96,590)		(124,798)	
Net current assets			76,980		69,277
Total assets less current liabilities		-	79,835	-	71,247
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(58,087)		(43,250)
Net assets		-	21,748	- -	27,997
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			6,000		6,000
Capital redemption reserve	7		2,000		2,000
Profit and loss account			13,748		19,997
Shareholders' funds		-	21,748	- -	27,997

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr S Lawrence
Director
Approved by the board on 7 November 2023

Audioprint Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

10% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back

to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2023	2022
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	5	5
•	Tanaible fixed access		
3	Tangible fixed assets		Plant and machinery etc
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 April 2022		207,182
	Additions		1,125
	At 31 March 2023		208,307
	Depreciation		
	At 1 April 2022		205,212
	Charge for the year		240
	At 31 March 2023		205,452
	Net book value		
	At 31 March 2023		2,855

At 31 March 2022 1,970

4	Debtors			2023	2022
				£	£
	Trade debtors			10,120	5,557
	Amounts owed by group underta	akings in	10,120	3,337	
	which the company has a partici		annigo III	134,245	145,950
	Other debtors			26,374	37,723
				170,739	189,230
	Amounts due after more than on	e year included a	above	113,947	99,110
					Restated
5	Creditors: amounts falling due	2023	2022		
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			9,398	10,648
	Other loans			9,396 27,408	47,914
	Trade creditors			12,998	7,140
	Taxation and social security cos	ts		39,651	55,676
	Other creditors			7,135	3,420
				96,590	124,798
6	Creditors: amounts falling due	after one year		2023	2022
	g and and you.			£	£
	Bank loans			22,957	31,411
	Other loans			35,130	11,839
				58,087	43,250
7	Capital redemption reserve			2023	2022
				£	£
	At 1 April 2022			2,000	2,000
	At 31 March 2023			2,000	2,000
8	Loans to directors				
	Description and conditions	B/fwd	Paid	Repaid	C/fwd
		£	£	£	£
	Mr S Lawrence				
	Loan	15,571	4,174	-	19,745
		15,571	4,174	-	19,745
				 ·	

9 Related party transactions

Dividends of £27,000 (2021: £60,000) were paid to Audioprint Management Limited, shareholder and parent company.

10 Controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent company is Audioprint Management Limited. Its registered office is 3 Wolseley Court, Woburn Road Industrial Estate, Kempston, Bedford MK42 7AY.

11 Other information

Audioprint Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

3 Wolseley Court

Woburn Road Industrial Estate

Kempston

Bedford

MK42 7AY

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.