HPB Travel Club Holdings Plc

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2016

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Company Number 1914449

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016

Contents	
Page:	
1	Chairman's review
2	Strategic report
4 ·	Report of the directors
5	Directors' responsibilities
6	Report of the independent auditor
7	Consolidated statement of comprehensive income
8	Statements of financial position
9	Consolidated statement of changes in equity
10	Company statement of changes in equity
11	Consolidated statement of cash flows
12	Company statement of cash flows
13	Accounting policies
17	Notes forming part of the financial statements

Directors

GD Baber (Chairman)
NP Reamish

NP Beamish JC Boyce RG Boyce

Secretary and registered office

RG Boyce, HPB House, 24-28 Old Station Road, Newmarket, Suffolk, CB8 8EH

Company number

1914449

Auditor

RSM UK Audit LLP, Abbotsgate House, Hollow Road, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, IP32 7FA

Chairman's review

Introduction

Although genuinely independent travel agencies seem to be becoming rarer, I am pleased to say that in 2016 the Group maintained a good level of profitability.

Results

There was a small reduction in gross turnover in 2016 (the total value of all travel products sold) to £11,092,353 (2015 - £11,559,818). Overall, however, our gross profit was only marginally down. There was a small reduction in operating profit which in 2016 was £308,644 (2015 - £326,237). This was attributable to a loss on foreign exchange contracts, rather than the gain in 2015. Profit after taxation in 2016 was £248,087 (2015 - £274,293).

The year ahead

As I explained in last year's review, sales of non-HPB holidays (cruises, packages and tours) pay higher commission levels and this was again an important part of our business in 2016. With the personal service offered by the Travel Club and competitiveness on price, we aim to maintain, if not improve, turnover in this part of the business. Please also remember that as shareholders you not only benefit from the Travel Club's high levels of service, but also from commission sharing to which you are entitled on many such arrangements. Do please ask the Travel Club to quote for your non-HPB holidays. You may be able to get a better price than you expect.

We continue to look for ways to improve our online offering to ensure that it is integrated as fully as possible with the HPB booking system. It remains very important to remind those booking their HPB holidays online of the many services available from the Travel Club.

For 2017 we will, as always, commit to the high levels of service expected by Bondholders booking their HPB holidays. Such service levels are also a point of difference from others in the non-HPB holidays market.

Dividend

Our distribution policy of 70%, subject to reserves, only requires a dividend to be paid when the total per share (including previous undistributed 70% profit shares) exceeds £10. The 2016 result produces a dividend for that year of £3.47 for each £1 Ordinary share on the 70% distribution policy. This gives a balance of cumulative unpaid dividend carried forward under the distribution policy of £10.75 per share. Taking into account the Group's overall reserves, the directors believe a dividend of £11.25 for each £1 Ordinary share should now be paid. A resolution to this effect will be put forward for approval at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and I would urge all shareholders to vote in favour.

I must stress that in view of the costs of distribution, this does not necessarily mean that we will be looking to maintain annual dividends. The distribution policy will still only require a dividend when the total (including previous undistributed 70% profit shares) exceeds £10 per share.

Staff

I wish again to record the Board's thanks to our staff. It is their loyalty, dedication and market knowledge which allows us to offer the level of personal service which distinguishes us from our competitors.

G D Baber Chairman

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2016

Business review

The Group's main trading activity is the provision of travel services.

The results for the year are shown on page 7 and reflect a pre-tax profit of £310,695 (2015 – £329,008) for the year and turnover of £1,643,324 (2015 - £1,736,347).

The Group continues to trade profitably and has a strong Balance Sheet with net assets increasing to £1,275,583 (2015 - £1,027,496). The financial progress of the Group is monitored using the following KPIs.

£'000		£'000
	•	
•		11,560
(9,907)		(10,366)
.7% 1,185	10.3%	1,194
.8% 309	2.8%	326
		273
•		1, 530
1,262		1,006
	11,092 (9,907) 1,185	11,092 (9,907) 1,185 10.3% 1.8% 309 2.8%

The Group continued to generate cash from operations and the directors are recommending a dividend of £11.25 per share payable in 2017. If approved by the shareholders this dividend, amounting in total to £562,500, will reduce the Group's cash funds and net assets.

The Group's 2017 turnover budget is in line with the 2016 turnover but the devaluation of sterling against the Euro will have an adverse impact on the Group's 2017 profitability.

Principal business risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and execution of the Group's strategy are subject to a number of risks.

The key business risks affecting the Group are considered to relate to competition from national, international and independent holiday businesses, adverse changes in the pattern of discretionary consumer spending, additional competition from web-based travel opportunities and increased regulatory burden.

These risks are monitored by the directors, however due to their nature, they are largely outside HPB Travel Club Holdings Plc's control.

Those risks that are within the directors control, regulatory compliance and monitoring ABTA/ATOL licenses etc., are actively reviewed and acted upon by the directors throughout the year.

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2016 continued

Financial risk management

The Group aims to minimise financial risk. The measures used by the directors to manage this risk include the preparation of profit and cash flow forecasts and regular monitoring of actual performance against these forecasts.

The Group uses various financial instruments which include bank balances, forward currency contracts and various items such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are liquidity risk, credit risk and currency risk.

Liquidity risk

The Group seeks to manage its financial risk by ensuring it maintains sufficient liquidity available to meet future needs and short term flexibility.

Credit risk

The Group's principal financial assets are cash and trade debtors. Risks associated with cash are limited as the bank has high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. Risks associated with trade debtors are spread across a large number of customers with small balances owing to the company. There is a history of good debtor recoverability as non-payment will result in the customer's bookings being cancelled.

Currency risk

The Group is exposed to transaction foreign exchange risk. The currency risk is managed by forecasting cash flow for the Euro. Forward foreign exchange contracts are used to mitigate the impact of currency fluctuations.

Future outlook

The external commercial environment is not expected to change significantly in the near future.

The directors have agreed a number of measures which are intended to assist the Group in continuing profitability.

The strategic report was approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

GD Baber Chairman

9 May 2017

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2016

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Principal activities

The Group's main trading activity is the provision of travel services. The company's principal activity during the year continued to be to act as a holding company.

The Group operates from premises in Newmarket, Suffolk.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were:

GD Baber

NP Beamish

JC Boyce

RG Boyce

Directors' indemnity provision

Qualifying third party indemnity provision is in place for the benefit of all directors of the company.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, each director has taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditor, RSM UK Audit LLP, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Strategic Report

In accordance with Section 414C(11) of the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013 the company has disclosed the information required by Schedule 7 of the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 in its Strategic Report.

On behalf of the Board

GD Baber Chairman

9 May 2017

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and the company and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and,
- d. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of HPB Travel Club Holdings Plc

Opinion on financial statements

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements (the "financial statements") on pages 7 to 25. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit, the Strategic report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

LARAGH JEAN BOY (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Abbotsgate House

Hollow Road

Bury St Edmunds

Suffolk

IP32 7FA

11/5/2017

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2016

	Note	2016	2015
•		£	£
Turnover	1	1,643,324	1,736,347
Cost of sales		(458,454)	(542,352)
Gross profit	1		1,193,995
Administrative expenses Fair value gains and losses on foreign exchange contracts		(871,715) (4,511)	(887,025) 19,267
Operating profit		308,644	326,237
Interest receivable	5	2,051	2,771
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	310,695	329,008
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	6	(62,608)	(54,715)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and total comprehensive income for the financial year		248,087	274,293

The statement of comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing activities.

Statements of financial position at 31 December 2016

Company Number 1914449

		Gro	oup	Comp	any
		2016	2015	2016	2015
·	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets		•			
Intangible assets	8	13,117	21,437	•	-
Tangible assets	9	83	283	-	-
Investments	10	-	-	596	596
		13,200	21,720	596	596
Current assets					
Debtors	11	1,536,333	1,476,940	687,700	510,836
Cash at bank and in hand		1,832,257	1,529,844	5,321	594
		3,368,590	3,006,784	693,021	511,430
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	12	(2,106,207)	(2,001,008)	(12,298)	(10,194)
Net current assets		1,262,383	1,005,776	680,723	501,236
Net assets		1,275,583	1,027,496	681,319	501,832
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Profit and loss account		776,816	528,729	631,319	451,832
Merger reserve		448,767	448,767	-	-
Total equity		1,275,583	1,027,496	681,319	501,832

The financial statements on pages 7 to 25 were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 9 May 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

GD Baber Chairman

Consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2016

	Share capital	Merger reserve	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2015	50,000	448,767	254,436	753,203
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	274,293	274,293
Balance at 31 December 2015	50,000	448,767	528,729	1,027,496
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	248,087	248,087
Balance at 31 December 2016	50,000	448,767	776,816	1,275,583

Company statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2016

	Share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
Balance at 1 January 2015	50,000	259,171	309,171
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	192,661	192,661
Balance at 31 December 2015	50,000	451,832	501,832
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	179,487	179,487
Balance at 31 December 2016	50,000	631,319	681,319

HPB TRAVEL CLUB HOLDINGS PLC

Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2016

	Note	2016	2015
		£	£
Operating activities Cash generated from operations	20	312,940	272,835
Income taxes paid		(12,568)	(50,500)
Net cash from operating activities		300,372	222,335
Investing activities Interest received		2,051	2,771
Net cash from investing activities		2,051	2,771
Financing activities Dividends paid		(10)	(86)
Net cash used in financing activities		(10)	(86)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		302,413	225,020
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,529,844	1,304,824
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		1,832,257	1,529,844

Company statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Operating activities Cash used in operations	20	4,737	(8,790)
Income taxes paid		-	6,940
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities		4,737	(1,850)
Financing activities Dividends paid		(10)	(86)
Net cash used in financing activities		(10)	(86)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		4,727	(1,936)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	,	594	2,530
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		5,321	594

Accounting policies for the year ended 31 December 2016

General information

HPB Travel Club Holdings Plc ("the Company") is a public company limited by shares incorporated in England.

The registered office address of the Company is HPB House, 24-28 Old Station Road, Newmarket, Suffolk, CB8 8EH.

The group consists of HPB Travel Club Holdings Plc and its subsidiary.

The Company's and the Group's principal activities are outlined in the report of the directors on page 4.

Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' ('FRS 102') and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, including the provisions of the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008, and under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain financial instruments at fair value.

Going concern

The company has adequate financial resources. As a consequence, the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully and have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Functional and presentational currencies

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is also the functional currency of the company.

Company statement of comprehensive income

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the Company has not presented its own statement of comprehensive income. The Company's profit and total comprehensive income for the year after taxation was £179,487 (2015: £192,661).

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of HPB Travel Club Holdings Plc and its subsidiary. The financial statements are made up to 31 December 2016.

All intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

The merger method of accounting is applied to group reconstructions as if the entities had always been combined. The total comprehensive income, assets and liabilities of the entities are amended, where necessary, to align the accounting policies. The carrying values of the entities' assets and liabilities are not adjusted to fair value. Any difference between the nominal value of shares issued plus the fair value of other consideration and the nominal value of shares received is taken to a merger reserve in equity.

Accounting policies for the year ended 31 December 2016 (continued)

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for travel services, net of trade discounts and VAT. Where the group acts as principal, turnover includes the value of all travel services together with any commissions receivable. Where the group acts as agent, turnover includes only the commission element of the travel arrangements.

Revenue relating to package themes and tours, and the associated direct costs, are recognised when the holiday is taken. Where the group acts as agent only, revenue is recognised when earned, which is on confirmation of booking. Other revenue and associated expenses are taken to the statement of comprehensive income as earned or incurred.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost, net of amortisation and any impairment losses. Amortisation is provided on all intangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset to its estimated residual value on a straight line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:-

Computer software

4 years

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset to its estimated residual value on a straight line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:-

Office equipment

10 years

Computer equipment 4 years

Residual value is calculated on prices prevailing at the reporting date, after estimated costs of disposal, for the asset as if it were at the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

Impairments of fixed assets

An assessment is made at each reporting date of whether there are indications that a fixed asset may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed. If such indications exist, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use, are recognised as impairment losses and are recognised in profit or loss.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. On reversal of an impairment loss, the depreciation or amortisation is adjusted to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount (less any residual value) over its remaining useful life.

Accounting policies for the year ended 31 December 2016 (continued)

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from the profit on ordinary activities because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is not discounted.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and the profit on ordinary activities/ that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered by the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is recognised on income or expenses from subsidiaries, that will be assessed to or allow for tax in a future period except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the timing difference and it is probable that the timing difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited in profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited to other comprehensive income or equity, when the tax follows the transaction or event it relates to and is also charged or credited to other comprehensive income, or equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Leases

All leases are operating leases and the annual rentals are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pension costs

Contributions are made into the individual pension plans of certain employees. The contributions are charged to the profit or loss in the year in which they become payable.

Financial instruments

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Accounting policies for the year ended 31 December 2016 (continued)

Trade debtors

Trade debtors which are receivable within one year and which do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade debtors are subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled and any impairment losses.

Where the arrangement with a trade debtor constitutes a financing transaction, the debtor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the amounts due will not be collected according to the original terms of the contract. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss for the excess of the carrying value of the trade debtor over the present value of the future cash flows discounted using the original effective interest rate. Subsequent reversals of an impairment loss that objectively relate to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities are initially measured at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency (foreign currencies) are initially recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date.

All translation differences are taken to profit or loss, except to the extent that they relate to gains or losses on non-monetary items recognised in other comprehensive income, when the related translation gain or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income.

The Group uses foreign currency forward contracts to manage the foreign exchange risk of future transactions and cash flows.

The contracts are valued based on available market data. The Group does not adopt hedge accounting for forward exchange contracts and, consequently, fair value gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the Company.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016

1 Turnover

As the company is engaged substantially in one class of business, no analysis of turnover by class of business has been provided. Turnover arises solely within the United Kingdom.

As stated within accounting policies, where the group acts as agent, turnover includes only the commission element of the travel arrangements. The gross turnover and cost of sales for the year were as follows:

		2016	2015
		£	£
	Gross turnover Gross cost of sales	11,092,353 (9,907,483)	11,559,818 (10,365,823)
	Gross profit	1,184,870	1,193,995
2	Employees	2016	2015
	Staff costs consist of:	£	£
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs	445,056 33,705 10,713	436,771 32,510 10,875
		489,474	480,156

The average monthly number of employees in the group during the year, including directors, was as follows:

	2016 Number	2015 Number
Administration and sales Directors	23 5	24 4
		28

3 Directors

The directors, who are considered to be the key management personnel, did not receive any emoluments or accrue any benefits under an individual personal pension plan to which the group contributed, during this or the previous year.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 (Continued)

4	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	
	•	2016	2015
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:	£	£
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets - owned Amortisation of intangible fixed assets Operating lease - rent of premises	200 8,320 52,000	199 10,685 52,000
	The analysis of auditor's remuneration is as follows: Audit services - fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the company's annual accounts audit of the company's subsidiary Tax and other services	3,650 6,250 9,650	3,450 6,250 9,150
5	Interest receivable	2016 £	2015 £
	Bank interest receivable Corporation tax repayment interest	1,716 335	2,771
		2,051	2,771
6	Taxation	0040	2045
		2016	2015
	Current taxation	£	£
	UK corporation tax on the profit for the year Adjustment in respect of the previous year	62,829 (154)	64,638 (1,216)
		62,675	63,422
	Deferred taxation Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of the previous year Effect of tax rate change on opening balance	(337) (65) 335 —————————————————————————————————	(8,707) - - - (8,707)
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	62,608	54,715

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 (Continued)

Group profit on ordinary activities before tax Group profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 – 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Fixed asset timing differences Other short term timing differences Tax rate and other differences Adjustment in respect of the previous year Group tax charge for the year Dividend 2016 Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 1,664 (4, 01her short term timing differences 395 (2, Adjustment in respect of the previous year (219) (1, Group tax charge for the year Dividend Computation ordinary dividend of £Nil per share (2015: £Nil) Interim ordinary dividend of £Nil per share (2015: £Nil) Computation ordinary 2016 and at 31	6	Taxation (continued)		
Group profit on ordinary activities before tax Group profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 – 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Fixed asset timing differences Other short term timing differences Tax rate and other differences Adjustment in respect of the previous year Group tax charge for the year Tolividend Interim ordinary dividend of £Nil per share (2015: £Nil) Compusoftwates Cost At 1 January 2016 and at 31			applicable sta	ndard rate of
Group profit on ordinary activities before tax Group profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 – 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Fixed asset timing differences Other short term timing differences Adjustment in respect of the previous year Group tax charge for the year 7 Dividend 2016 2 £ Interim ordinary dividend of £Nil per share (2015: £Nil) 8 Intangible fixed assets - Group Compusion Compusion Compusion Compusion At 1 January 2016 and at 31			2016	2015
Group profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 – 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Fixed asset timing differences Other short term timing differences (1,642) (3, Tax rate and other differences Adjustment in respect of the previous year (219) Group tax charge for the year 7 Dividend 2016 £ Interim ordinary dividend of £Nill per share (2015: £Nill)			£	£
corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 – 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Fixed asset timing differences Other short term timing differences Tax rate and other differences Adjustment in respect of the previous year Topic dend Topic dend		Group profit on ordinary activities before tax	310,695	329,008
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Fixed asset timing differences Other short term timing differences (1,642) (3, Tax rate and other differences Adjustment in respect of the previous year Group tax charge for the year 7 Dividend 2016 £ Interim ordinary dividend of £Nill per share (2015: £Nil)			62,139	66,624
Interim ordinary dividend of £Nil per share (2015: £Nil) 8 Intangible fixed assets - Group Compussoftwa Cost At 1 January 2016 and at 31	7 [Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Fixed asset timing differences Other short term timing differences Tax rate and other differences Adjustment in respect of the previous year Group tax charge for the year	1,664 (1,642) 395 (219) 62,608	187 (4,340) (3,955) (2,585) (1,216) 54,715
8 Intangible fixed assets - Group Compussoftwa Cost At 1 January 2016 and at 31	-			2015 £
Compu softwa <i>Cost</i> At 1 January 2016 and at 31		Interim ordinary dividend of £Nil per share (2015: £Nil)		
At 1 January 2016 and at 31	3 i	ntangible fixed assets - Group		Computer software
		At 1 January 2016 and at 31		146,405
·		At 1 January 2016		124,968 8,320
At 31 December 2016 133,2		At 31 December 2016		133,288
Net book value At 31 December 2016 13,1		Net book value		13,117
At 31 December 2015 21,4		At 31 December 2015		21,437

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 (Continued)

9	Tangible fixed assets - Grou	p		Office equipment	Computer	
				£	£	£
	Cost			,	_	~
	At 1 January 2016 and a	at 31				
	December 2016			65,731	798	66,529
	Depreciation					
	At 1 January 2016			65,731	515	66,246
	Provided for the year			-	200	200
	At 31 December 2016			65,731	715	66,446
	Net book value					
	At 31 December 2016			-	83	83
	At 31 December 2015			-	283	283
10	Investment in subsidiary – C	Company	•			£
	Cost at 1 January 2016 and	31 December 2016	6			596
	The following was a sub consolidated financial state		throughout	the year and	has been	included in the
	Name of undertaking	Class of shareholding		on of nominal eld directly	Nature o	f business
	HPB Travel Club Limited	Ordinary	1	00%	Travel ag	jency
44	Debtere					

	Name of undertaking	Snarenoluling	value III	elu directiy	Mature or bus	111633
	HPB Travel Club Limited	Ordinary	1	00%	Travel agency	
11	Debtors		Cro		Compo	m .,
			Groi 2016 £	2015 £	Compa 2016 £	2015 £
	Falling due within one year					
	Trade debtors		1,340,719	1,367,804	-	-
	Amount owed by group und	dertakings				
	(note 19)	•	5,594	17,948	687,700	510,836
	Corporation tax recoverable	Э	19,408	31,662	-	-
	Other debtors		-	2,516	•	-
	Prepayments and accrued Falling due after one year:	income	168,372	54,837	-	-
	Deferred tax (note 14)		2,240	2,173		-
			1,536,333	1,476,940	687,700	510,836

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 (Continued)

-	Group		Compa	Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	£	£	£	£	
Trade creditors	1,687,593	1,655,076	-	-	
Amount owed to group undertakings					
(note 19)	45,844	78,871	-	-	
Other taxation and social security	16,252	26,499	-	-	
Dividend payable	2,433	2,443	2,433	2,443	
Foreign currency forward contracts (note	•	•	•	•	
13)	5,017	506	•	-	
Other creditors	3,269	-	-	-	
Accruals and deferred income	345,799	237,613	9,865	7,751	
	2,106,207	2,001,008	12,298	10,194	
			-	-	

13 Financial instruments

The carrying amount of the Group's and Company's financial instruments at 31 December were:

		Group		Company
	2016 £	2015 £	2016 £	2015 £
Financial assets Debt instruments measured at				
amortised cost	1,346,313	1,401,962	687,700	510,836
Equity instrument measured at cost less impairment	· .	-	596	596
Financial liabilities	4 000 770	4 000 407	40.000	40.404
Measured at amortised cost Measured at fair value through profit or loss - foreign exchange forward	1,898,770	1,886,137	12,298	10,194
contracts	5,017	506	-	-
	1,903,787	1,886,643	12,298	10,194

Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts

The Group uses foreign currency forward contracts to manage the foreign exchange risk of future transactions and cash flows.

The contracts are valued based on available market data. The Group does not adopt hedge accounting for forward exchange contracts and, consequently, fair value gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 (Continued)

14	Deferred taxation - Group				2016 £
	Balance at 1 January 2016 Movement in the year				2,173 67
	Balance at 31 December 2016				2,240
	The deferred tax assets recognised by	y the Group are:		•	
				2016 £	2015 £
	Fixed asset timing differences Short term timing differences			1,388 852	1,759 414
				2,240	2,173
15	Share capital and reserves				
	Share capital			Allotted, ca	alled up
		Auti	horised	and fully	
		2016 £	2015 £	2016 £	2015 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000

Merger reserve

The merger reserve of £448,767 represents the difference between the nominal value of shares held in HPB Travel Club Limited and the fair value of the net assets acquired.

Profit and loss account

Cumulative profit and loss net of distributions to owners.

16 Commitments under operating leases

Group

As at 31 December 2016, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for land and buildings were as set out below:

leases for larid and ballottings were as set out below.	2016	2015
	£	£
Amounts due:		
Within one year	52,000	52,000
Between one and five years	208,000	208,000
After five years	346,667	138,667

In August 2016, the terms of the lease were renegotiated and the end date was extended by 4 years.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 (Continued)

17 Pensions

Group

The group makes payments into individual personal pension plans on behalf of certain employees. The assets of these pension plans are held separately from those of the group in independently administered funds. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the group to the funds. The charge for the year was £10,713 (2015 - £10,875). There were no contributions outstanding at the year end (2015 - £Nil).

18 Contingent liabilities

At 31 December 2016, the company had given a guarantee and certain indemnities in respect of its subsidiary company, HPB Travel Club Limited, as follows:

An indemnity for one insurance bond (2015 – one) given by Royal & Sun Alliance Insurance plc to The Association of British Travel Agents Limited, amounting to a total of £224,038 (2015 - £211,670).

A fixed guarantee of £1,257,000 has been given to the Civil Aviation Authority in respect of its subsidiary company, HPB Travel Club Limited.

19 Related parties

(1) Related party balances

The following balances were due in respect of related parties at the year end:

	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	£	£	£	£
Debtor balance (note 11)				
Amount owed by group undertakings:				
- HPB Travel Club Limited	-*	-	685,690	497,948
- Newmarketing Campaign Limited	-	1,593	•	2,493
- Stately Holiday Cottages Limited	-	4,448	-	4,448
- HPB Management Limited	4,397	· -	953	5,947
- HPB Assurance Limited		9,264	-	-
- Signature Holidays Limited	1,057	•	1,057	_
- Lantern & Larks Limited	•	2,239	· -	_
- Conker Interiors Limited	140	404	-	-
	5,594	17,948	687,700	510,836
Creditor balances (note 12)				
Amounts owed to group undertakings:				
 HPB Management Limited 	-	39,484	-	-
 Rural Retreats Holidays Limited 	•	39,387	-	-
 Newmarketing Campaign Limited 	723	-	-	-
- HPB Assurance Limited	2,552	-	•	-
- Signature Holidays Limited	3,760	-	-	-
 Lantern & Larks Limited 	37,109	-	-	-
- HPB Finance Limited	1,700	-	-	-
	45,844	78,871		
•				

The above balances were unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 (Continued)

19 Related parties (continued)

(2) Related party transactions

Group:

Rent of £52,000 (2015 - £52,000) was paid to B & B Advertising Limited. Travel services of £80,254 (2015 - £73,776) were provided to HPB Management Limited. Marketing costs of £8,567 (2015 - £5,279) were paid to Newmarketing Campaign Limited Purchases of £67,285 (2015 - £54,035) from HPB Management Limited.

Joint costs of £41,006 (2015 - £36,424) were recharged to HPB Management Limited.

Joint costs of £ 106,887 (2015 - £119,804) were recharged from HPB Management Limited.

Printing and mailing costs of £10,241 (2015 - £9,395) from HPB Management Limited. This includes £1,696 (2015 - £1,556) of irrecoverable VAT.

Charge of £1,835 (2015 - £3,600) from Newmarketing Campaign Limited for use of fixed assets. Computer software charges of £3,300 (2015 - £3,300) were paid to HPB Assurance Limited. Travel services of £3,107 (2015 – £10,009) were provided to Conker Interiors Limited. Sales of £Nil (2015 - £38) to Lantern & Larks Limited.

Lantern & Larks Limited surrendered group relief of corporation tax losses to HPB Travel Club Limited in the sum of £185,245 (2015 - £181,221) in return for payment of £37,049 (2015 - £36,697). HPB Finance Limited surrendered group relief of corporation tax losses to HPB Travel Club Limited in the sum of £8,498 (2015 - £Nil) in return for payment of £1,700 (2015 - £Nil).

Conker Interiors Limited surrendered group relief of corporation tax losses to HPB Travel Club Limited in the sum of £805 (2015 - £Nil) in return for payment of £161 (2015 – £Nil).

Group and Company:

Printing and mailing costs of £8,545 (2015 - £7,839) recharged by HPB Management Limited. The company surrendered group relief of corporation tax losses to Signature Holidays Limited in the sum of £5,287 (2015 - £Nil) in return for payment of £1,057 (2015 - £Nil).

The company surrendered group relief of corporation tax losses to Newmarketing Campaign Limited in the sum of £Nil (2015 - £12,314) in return for payment of £Nil (2015 - £2,493).

The company surrendered group relief of corporation tax losses to Stately Holiday Cottages Limited in the sum of £Nil (2015 - £21,965) in return for payment of £Nil (2015 - £4,448).

(3) Nature of relationships

The group is related to HPB Management Limited, Newmarketing Campaign Limited, Stately Holiday Cottages Limited, HPB Finance Limited, HPB Assurance Limited, Conker Interiors Limited, Signature Holidays Limited and Lantern & Larks Limited by virtue of common control by the ultimate parent company, Quality Holidays Assured Limited. HPB Travel Club Limited is the company's wholly owned subsidiary.

The group is related to B & B Advertising Limited by virtue of common ownership with the ultimate individual shareholders.

(4) Controlling party

Throughout the year and the previous year, the controlling party was Quality Holidays Assured Limited, the ultimate parent company.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 (Continued)

20 Reconciliation of profit after tax to net cash generated from/(used in) operations

	Group		Company	
	2016 £	2015 £	2016 £	2015 £
Profit after tax	248,087	274,293	179,487	192,661
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	200	199	-	-
Amortisation of intangible assets Fair value losses/(gains) on foreign	8,320	10,685	-	-
exchange forward contracts	4,511	(19,267)	•	-
Interest receivable	(2,051)	(2,771)	•	-
Taxation	62,608	54,715	(5,128)	(6,940)
Operating cash flows before movements			474.070	405 704
in working capital	321,675	317,854	174,359	185,721
Increase in trade and other debtors	(70,684)	(226,916)	(171,736)	(194,941)
Increase in trade and other creditors	61,949	181,897	2,114	430
Cash generated from/(used in)				
operations	312,940	272,835	4,737	(8,790)
Cash and cash equivalents				
·	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	£	£	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents represent:-				
Cash at bank	1,832,257	1,529,844	5,321 	594 ———

21 Ultimate parent company

Throughout the year and the previous year, the ultimate parent company was Quality Holidays Assured Limited, a company incorporated in the Isle of Man, which is the parent of the largest and smallest groups of which the company is a member.

The address of the parent's registered office is:

Bank Chambers 15-19, Athol Street Douglas Isle of Man IM1 1LB