REGISTERED NUMBER: 01912599 (England and Wales)

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

**FOR** 

**ENCIL LIMITED** 

\*AMBCZA7\* 16/11/2011 66 COMPANIES HOUSE

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# **COMPANY INFORMATION** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

DIRECTOR:

E Nichols

**SECRETARY:** 

E E Nichols

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

110 Bradway Road Bradway

Sheffield

South Yorkshire

S17 4QW

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

01912599 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Marriott Gibbs Rees Wallis

**Chartered Certified Accountants** 

Statutory Auditors 13-17 Paradise Square

Sheffield **S1 2DE** 

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO ENCIL LIMITED UNDER SECTION 449 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages three to five, together with the full financial statements of Encil Limited for the year ended 31 March 2011 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

# Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

The director is responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the Regulations made under that Section and to report our opinion to you

### **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared

#### Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the Regulations made under that Section

Lawrence Graham G Allen (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Marriott Gibbs Rees Wallis Chartered Certified Accountants Statutory Auditors 13-17 Paradise Square Sheffield S1 2DE

15 November 2011

# ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2011

		2011		201	2010	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible assets	2 3		4,500		3,300	
Investment properties	3		5,255,000		5,255,000	
			5,259,500		5,258,300	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Debtors		55,923		18,399		
Cash at bank		45,719		16,050		
		101,642		34,449		
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due within one year	4	1,383,970		1,609,807		
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(1,282,328)		(1,575,358)	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT L	IABILITIES	<b>3</b>	3,977,172		3,682,942	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital	5		3,000,000		3,000,000	
Revaluation reserve			(334,072)		(334,072)	
Profit and loss account			1,311,244		1,017,014	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3,977,172		3,682,942	

The abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

The financial statements were approved by the director on

7/11/11

and were signed by

E Nichols - Director

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, on a going concern basis, modified to include the revaluation of investment properties, in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) The true and fair override provisions, of the Companies Act 2006 have been invoked, see "Investment Properties" below

The company has significant cash reserves and in the opinion of the director the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus he continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### Turnover

Turnover consists of rental income receivable on property investments in the United Kingdom, exclusive of VAT

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life

Fixtures and fittings

20% on reducing balance20% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles Computer equipment

- 25% on cost

### Investment properties

All the company's properties are held for long-term investment. Investment properties are carried at open market value and are accounted for in accordance with the FRSSE, as follows

- (i) investment properties are revalued annually. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve unless a deficit below original cost, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year, and
- (ii) no depreciation is provided in respect of freehold properties

Although the Companies Act would normally require the systematic annual depreciation of fixed assets, the directors believe that the policy of not providing depreciation is necessary in order for the accounts to give a true and fair view since the current value of investment properties and changes to that current value, are of prime importance rather than a calculation of systematic annual depreciation Depreciation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been included cannot be separately identified or quantified

# **Deferred** tax

Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method on all timing differences, to the extent that they are expected to reverse in the future without being replaced, calculated at the rate at which it is anticipated the timing differences will reverse

Deferred taxation is not recognised on revaluation gains and losses unless, by the balance sheet date, the company has entered into a binding agreement to sell the asset, or on taxable gains arising on revaluation or sales if it is more likely than not that the gain will be rolled over into a replacement asset

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continued

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

# 2 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Total £
COST	
At 1 April 2010	3,615
Additions	2,958
At 31 March 2011	6,573
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2010	315
Charge for year	1,758
At 31 March 2011	2,073
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2011	4,500
At 31 March 2011	===
At 31 March 2010	3,300
	<del></del>
INVESTMENT PROPERTIES	Total
	£
COST OR VALUATION	-
At 1 April 2010	
and 31 March 2011	5,255,000
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2011	5,255,000
At 31 March 2010	5,255,000

## 4 CREDITORS

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Creditors include an amount of £1,230,000 (2010 - £1,465,802) for which security has been given

# 5 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid

Allotted, issued and fully paid	2011 £	2010 £
Ordinary of £1 each	-	3,000,000
A Ordinary of £1 each	780,000	· -
B Ordinary of £1 each	780,000	-
C Ordinary of £1 each	720,000	-
D Ordinary of £1 each	720,000	-
	3,000,000	3,000,000

The ordinary shares were reclassified as ordinary 'A', ordinary 'B', ordinary 'C' and ordinary 'D' shares on 20 December 2010