Rule 4.223-CVL The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments** 

S.192

Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

For official use

To the Registrar of Companies

Company Number:

01888913

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

Mightyhire Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es) We

**Andrew James Nichols of Redman Nichols Butler Maclaren House Skerne Road Driffield** East Yorkshire, YO25 6PN

the liquidator(s) of the above named company attach a copy of my/our statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency

Act 1986

Signed:

Date.

28/3/14

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)

For Official Use

Liquidation Section

Post Room

01/04/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE

# Statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Company's registered Number

State whether member's or creditor's voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up

Date to which this statement is brought down

Name and address of Liquidator

Mightyhire Limited

1888913

Creditors' Voluntary Liquidation

18 September 2009

17 March 2014

Andrew James Nichols Maclaren House Skerne Road Driffield East Yorkshire, YO25 6PN

#### Notes

You should read these carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

#### Form and Contents Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

#### **Trading Account**

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alore be set out in this statement

#### Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has already been duly allowed be resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

## LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

REALISATIONS						
Date	Of whom Received	Nature of Assets Realised	Amount £			
		Brought forward	53,690 96			
27/09/2013	The Royal Bank of Scotland	Interest Earned	13.40			
30/12/2013	The Royal Bank of Scotland	Interest Earned	17 06			
19/09/2013	H M Revenue & Customs	VAT control	3,741 36			
		Carried forward *	57,462 78			

\*NOTE - No balance should be shown on this Account, but only the total Realisations and

The This margin is received for handing, and mist not be written across

## LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

Disbursements					
Date	Of whom Received	Nature of Assets Realised	Amount £		
		Brought forward	40,402 62		
10/10/2013	HM Revenue & Customs	Corporation Tax	5 64		
22/11/2013	Wilkin Chapman LLP	Legal costs	595 50		
22/11/2013	Wilkin Chapman LLP	VAT control	119.10		
		Carried forward . *	41,122 86		

<sup>\*</sup>NOTE - No balance should be shown on this Account, but only the total Realisations and

### Analysis of Balance

	£
Total Realisations	57,462.78
Total Disbursements	41,122 86
Balance £	16,339.92
The Balance is made up as follows: -	
1 Cash in hand of liquidator	0.00
2 Balance at bank	16,339.92
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account £	
*4 Amounts invested by Liquidator .	
Less The cost of investments realised.	
Balance	0 00
Total Balance as shown above £	16,339.92

(NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement)

<sup>\*</sup>The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money

The Liquidator should also state -	<u>-</u> -	
The Elquidator Should also State	£	
(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of		
the commencement of the winding up -		
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditor's -		
including the holders of floating charges	272,721	
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	153,550	
Floating charge holders	13,576	
Unsecured creditors	458,654	
(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the		
commencement of the winding up -		
Paid up in cash	100	
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	-	
(3) The general description and estimated value of any		
outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here,		
attach a separate sheet)		
	none	
(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded.		
Distribution of funds and	Distribution of funds and closing proceedures	
(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be		
completed	6 months	