Form 4.68

Rule 4.223-CVL The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments**

S.192

Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

For official use

To the Registrar of Companies

Company Number

1888913

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

Mightyhire Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

We

Andrew James Nichols of Redman Nichols Butler Maclaren House Skerne Road **Driffield** East Yorkshire, YO25 6PN

the liquidator(s) of the above named company attach a copy of my/our statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986.

Signed

Date

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)

For Official Use

Dant Poom

18/04/2012

#259 COMPANIES HOUSE

Statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Company's registered Number

State whether member's or creditor's voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up

Date to which this statement is brought down

Name and address of Liquidator

Mightyhire Limited

1888913

Creditors' Voluntary Liquidation

18 September 2009

17 March 2012

Andrew James Nichols Maclaren House Skerne Road Driffield East Yorkshire, YO25 6PN

Notes

You should read these carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has already been duly allowed be resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

	REA	LISATIONS	
Date	Of whom Received	Nature of Assets Realised	Amount £
		Brought forward	53,300 42
29/09/2011	The Royal Bank of Scotland	Interest Earned	60 55
29/12/2011	The Royal Bank of Scotland	Interest Earned	59 93
	.1	Carried forward *	53,420 90

*NOTE - No balance should be shown on this Account, but only the total Realisations and

NOTE - This margin is reserved for binding, and must not be written across

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

	Dis	bursements	
Date	Of whom Received	Nature of Assets Realised	Amount £
		Brought forward	5,249 53
29/09/2011	The Royal Bank of Scotland	Corporation Tax deducted	12 11
29/12/2011	The Royal Bank of Scotland	Corporation Tax deducted	11 99
21/09/2011	HM Revenue & Customs	Corporation Tax	15 22
		Carried forward *	5,288 85

*NOTE - No balance should be shown on this Account, but only the total Realisations and

Analysis of Balance

			£
Total Realisations			53,420 90
Total Disbursements			5,288 85
	Balance	£	48,132 05
The Balance is made up as follows -			
1 Cash in hand of liquidator .			0 00
2 Balance at bank			48,132 05
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account	1	£	
*4 Amounts invested by Liquidator .			
Less The cost of investments realised			
Balance			0 00
Total Balance as shown above	£		48,132 05

(NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement)

completed

^{*}The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the insolvency Regulations 1986 and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account except in the case of investments in Government securities the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the regulations

The Liquidator should also state -	£
(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -	
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditor's -	
including the holders of floating charges	272,721
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	153,550
Floating charge holders	13,576
Unsecured creditors	458,654
(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the	
commencement of the winding up -	
Paid up in cash	100
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	-
(3) The general description and estimated value of any	
outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here,	
attach a separate sheet)	
	none
(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded	
Distribution of funds an	d closing procedures
(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be	

6 months