

Company Registration No. 01883315 (England and Wales)

**KAY-LE-PROPERTY COMPANY
LIMITED**

**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2019
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

**PM+M Solutions for Business LLP
Chartered Accountants
Greenbank Technology Park
Challenge Way
Blackburn
Lancashire
BB1 5QB**

KAY-LE-PROPERTY COMPANY LIMITED

CONTENTS

| | Page |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Balance sheet | 1 - 2 |
| Statement of changes in equity | 3 |
| Notes to the financial statements | 4 - 8 |

KAY-LE-PROPERTY COMPANY LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 MARCH 2019

| | Notes | 2019 £ | £ | 2018 £ | £ |
|---|-------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Investments | 3 | | 26,468 | | 33,847 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors | 4 | 141,057 | | 145,811 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 28,831 | | 30,345 | |
| | | <u>169,888</u> | | <u>176,156</u> | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 5 | <u>(1,749)</u> | | <u>(9,160)</u> | |
| Net current assets | | | <u>168,139</u> | | <u>166,996</u> |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | <u>194,607</u> | | <u>200,843</u> |
| Provisions for liabilities | 6 | | <u>(2,700)</u> | | <u>(4,000)</u> |
| Net assets | | | <u><u>191,907</u></u> | | <u><u>196,843</u></u> |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 7 | | 2 | | 2 |
| Revaluation reserve | | | 11,600 | | 17,057 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | <u>180,305</u> | | <u>179,784</u> |
| Total equity | | | <u><u>191,907</u></u> | | <u><u>196,843</u></u> |

KAY-LE-PROPERTY COMPANY LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 MARCH 2019

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 15 May 2019

P Jolley
Director

Company Registration No. 01883315

KAY-LE-PROPERTY COMPANY LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2019

| | Share capital | Revaluation reserve | Profit and loss reserves | Total |
|--|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Balance at 31 March 2017 | 2 | 17,258 | 178,315 | 195,575 |
| Year ended 30 March 2018: | | | | |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | 1,268 | 1,268 |
| Transfers | - | - | 201 | 201 |
| Other movements | - | (201) | - | (201) |
| Balance at 30 March 2018 | 2 | 17,057 | 179,784 | 196,843 |
| Year ended 30 March 2019: | | | | |
| Loss and total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | (4,936) | (4,936) |
| Transfers | - | - | 5,457 | 5,457 |
| Other movements | - | (5,457) | - | (5,457) |
| Balance at 30 March 2019 | 2 | 11,600 | 180,305 | 191,907 |

KAY-LE-PROPERTY COMPANY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Kay-Le-Property Company Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is C/O PM+M Greenbank Technology Park, Challenge Way, Blackburn, Lancashire, BB1 5QB.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Fixed asset investments

Interests in fixed asset investments are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.3 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

KAY-LE-PROPERTY COMPANY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2018 - 1).

KAY-LE-PROPERTY COMPANY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2019

3 Fixed asset investments

| | 2019 £ | 2018 £ |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Investments | 26,468 | 33,847 |

Movements in fixed asset investments

| | Investments other than loans £ |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Cost or valuation | |
| At 31 March 2018 | 33,847 |
| Additions | 29 |
| Valuation changes | (6,757) |
| Disposals | (651) |
| At 30 March 2019 | 26,468 |
| Carrying amount | |
| At 30 March 2019 | 26,468 |
| At 30 March 2018 | 33,847 |

4 Debtors

| | 2019 £ | 2018 £ |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Amounts falling due within one year: | | |
| Corporation tax recoverable | 1,251 | - |
| Other debtors | 124,956 | 130,199 |
| | 126,207 | 130,199 |

| | 2019 £ | 2018 £ |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Amounts falling due after more than one year: | | |
| Corporation tax recoverable | 14,850 | 15,612 |
| Total debtors | 141,057 | 145,811 |

KAY-LE-PROPERTY COMPANY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2019

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

| | 2019 £ | 2018 £ |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Corporation tax | 489 | 558 |
| Other creditors | - | 6,082 |
| Accruals and deferred income | 1,260 | 2,520 |
| | <u>1,749</u> | <u>9,160</u> |

6 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the company and movements thereon:

| | Liabilities 2019 £ | Liabilities 2018 £ |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Balances: | | |
| Revaluations | 2,700 | 4,000 |
| | <u>2,700</u> | <u>4,000</u> |
| Movements in the year: | | |
| Liability at 31 March 2018 | | 4,000 |
| Credit to other comprehensive income | | (1,300) |
| | | <u>2,700</u> |
| Liability at 30 March 2019 | | <u>2,700</u> |

7 Called up share capital

| | 2019 £ | 2018 £ |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid | | |
| 2 Ordinary of £1 each | 2 | 2 |
| | <u>2</u> | <u>2</u> |

8 Directors' transactions

Advances or credits have been granted by the company to its directors as follows:

| Description | % Rate | Opening balance £ | Interest charged £ | Amounts repaid £ | Closing balance £ |
|-------------|--------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
|-------------|--------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|

KAY-LE-PROPERTY COMPANY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 MARCH 2019

| | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|------|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| 8 | Directors' transactions | | | | | (Continued) |
| | P Jolley - Loan | 2.50 | 60,170 | 1,504 | (5,004) | 56,670 |
| | | | <u>60,170</u> | <u>1,504</u> | <u>(5,004)</u> | <u>56,670</u> |
| | | | <u>60,170</u> | <u>1,504</u> | <u>(5,004)</u> | <u>56,670</u> |

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.