TURNER PAGE LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



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TURNER PAGE LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2018

		2018		2017 .	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		382,934		382,934
Current assets		-		-	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one		(200 (10)		(200 (10)	
year	3	(389,619)		(389,619)	
Net current liabilities		١	(389,619)		(389,619)
Total assets less current liabilities			(6,685)	•	(6,685)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			(6,785)		(6,785)
Total equity			(6,685)		(6,685)
•					

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 August 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16.5.19 and are signed on its behalf by:

Director

Company Registration No. 01843812

TURNER PAGE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Turner Page Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Garden Flat, 32 King Henry's Road, London, NW3 3RP.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Freehold

fifty

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.3 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

TURNER PAGE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs.

2 Tangible fixed assets

		Land a	Land and buildings £		
	Cost		*		
	At 1 September 2017 and 31 August 2018		382,934		
	Depreciation and impairment	•	,		
	At 1 September 2017 and 31 August 2018		-		
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 August 2018		382,934		
	At 31 August 2017		382,934		
3	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
		2018 £	2017 £		
	Other creditors	389,619	389,619		
					
4	Called up share capital	2018	2017		
		£	£		
	Ordinary share capital				
	Issued and fully paid				
	100 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100		
		100	100		
					