

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

COMPANY NUMBER 1842240

**COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL**

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

of

LIFELINE PROJECT

Passed on 19 November 1997

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

1. That the Articles of Association contained in the printed document produced to the meeting marked "Document A" and for the purposes of identification signed by the Chairman of the Board be and the same are approved and adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing Articles of Association of the Company.
2. In accordance with Section 4(1) of the Companies Act 1985 the objects of the Company be replaced by those contained in Document B produced to the meeting marked "Document B" and for the purposes of identification signed by the Chairman of the Board.

Signed:

I. Wardle
.....

Secretary



THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 and 1989

Company Number 1842240

**A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL**

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

of

LIFELINE PROJECT

Incorporated on 20 August 1984

**Amended by a Special Resolution passed
on 19 November 1997**

Birchall Blackburn
Waldorf House
Cooper Street
Manchester
M2 2FW

Telephone: 0161 236 0662
Facsimile: 0161 236 0687

MF/5/26376-1-1/MC105
Version 1.3/05.03.98

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

A Company Limited by Guarantee
and not having a share capital

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

of

LIFELINE PROJECT

1. The name of the Company is "**LIFELINE PROJECT**".
2. The registered office of the Company will be situated in England.
3. The objects for which the Company is established ("the Objects") are to relieve poverty, sickness and distress among those persons affected by addiction to drugs of any kind and those persons suffering from sexually transmitted diseases including (without limitation) HIV and AIDS and to educate the public on matters relating to drug misuse and to such diseases.
4. In furtherance of the Objects but not otherwise the Company may exercise the following powers:
 - 4.1 to provide such residential therapeutic facilities for drug misusers and persons suffering from sexually transmitted diseases as are deemed necessary;
 - 4.2 to provide day care, advisory and counselling, and support facilities for drug misusers and persons suffering from sexually transmitted diseases including (without limitation) HIV and AIDS;
 - 4.3 to provide information, education and training services to the general public, statutory agencies and voluntary groups on matters related to drug misusers

- and sexually transmitted diseases;
- 4.4 to provide induction services for drug misusers wishing to become drug-free;
- 4.5 to provide guidance and support services for relatives and friends of drug-misusers and sufferers from sexually transmitted diseases;
- 4.6 to promote and provide for the development of new facilities pertaining to the treatment of sufferers from sexually transmitted diseases and the treatment and rehabilitation of drug misusers and prevention of drug misuse;
- 4.7 to promote and provide for the advancement of training and research into the dangers arising from the habitual or other uses of drugs and medical research into the treatment of sexually transmitted diseases together with the publication of the results of any such research;
- 4.8 to promote the prevention of drug addiction and to make provision for the treatment and after care of those relieved from drug addiction;
- 4.9 to purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire real or personal property and rights or privileges, and to construct, maintain and alter buildings or erections;
- 4.10 to sell, let or mortgage, dispose of or turn to account all or any of the property or assets of the Company;
- 4.11 to purchase or otherwise acquire plant and machinery including computer hardware and software, furniture, fixtures, fittings and all other effects of every description and to apply for registration of any patents, rights, copyrights, licences and the like;
- 4.12 to borrow or raise money on such terms and on such security as may be thought fit with such consents as are required by law;
- 4.13 to take and accept any gift of money, property or other assets whether subject to any special trust or not;
- 4.14 to issue appeals, hold public meetings and take such other steps as may be required for the purpose of procuring contributions to the funds of the Company in the shape of donations, subscriptions or otherwise provided that in raising funds the Company shall not undertake any substantial permanent

- trading activities and shall conform to any relevant statutory regulations;
- 4.15 to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills, cheques and other instruments and to operate bank accounts;
- 4.16 to invest moneys of the Company not immediately required for its purposes in or upon such investments, securities or property as may be thought fit subject nevertheless to such conditions (if any) and such consents (if any) as may for the time being be imposed or required by law;
- 4.17 to make any donations in cash or assets or establish or support or aid in the establishment or support of and to lend money (with or without security) to or for any charitable associations or institutions;
- 4.18 to undertake and execute charitable trusts;
- 4.19 to engage and pay any person or persons whether on a full-time or part-time basis or whether as consultant or employee to supervise, organise, carry on the work of and advise the Company and, subject to the provisions of clause 5 hereof, to make any reasonable and necessary provision for the payment of pensions and superannuation to or on behalf of employees or former employees and their wives, husbands and other dependants;
- 4.20 to amalgamate with any companies, institutions, societies or associations which shall be charitable by law and have objects altogether or mainly similar to those of the Company and prohibit payment of any dividend or profit to and the distribution of any of their assets among their members at least to the same extent as such payments or distributions are prohibited in the case of members of the Company by this Memorandum of Association;
- 4.21 to subscribe for, take, or otherwise acquire, and hold shares, stock, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any other company provided that such other companies prohibit payment of any dividend or profit to and the distribution of any of their assets among their members (other than the Company) at least to the same extent as such payments or distributions are prohibited in the case of members of the Company by this Memorandum of Association;
- 4.22 to do all such other lawful and charitable things as shall further the

attainment of the objects of the Company or any of them

Provided that:

- 4.23 in case the Company shall take or hold any property which may be subject to any trusts, the Company shall only deal with or invest the same in such manner as allowed by law, having regard to such trusts;
- 4.24 in case the Company shall take or hold any property subject to the jurisdiction of the Charity Commissioners for England and Wales, the Company shall not sell, mortgage, charge or lease the same without such authority, approval or consent as may be required by law, and as regards any such property the directors of the Company shall be chargeable for any such property that may come into their hands and shall be answerable and accountable for their own acts, receipts, neglects, and defaults, and for the due administration of such property in the same manner and to the same extent as they would as such directors have been if no incorporation had been effected, and the incorporation of the Company shall not diminish or impair any control or authority exercisable by the Chancery Division or the Charity Commissioners over such directors but they shall as regards any such property be subject jointly and separately to such control or authority as if the Company were not incorporated.

- 5. The income and property of the Company shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the Objects and no portion thereof shall be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise howsoever by way of profit, to members of the Company and no director of the Company shall be appointed to any office of the Company paid by salary or fees, or receive any remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth from the Company provided that nothing herein shall prevent any payment in good faith by the Company:

- 5.1 of reasonable and proper remuneration to any member, officer or servant of the Company (not being a director) for any services rendered to the Company and of travelling expenses necessarily incurred in carrying out the duties of any member, officer or servant of the Company;

- 5.2 of interest on money lent by a member or director of the Company at a rate per annum not exceeding two percentage points less than the base lending rate for the time being of the Company's clearing bankers or three per cent whichever is the greater;
- 5.3 to any director of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses;
- 5.4 of fees, remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth to a Company of which a member of the Company or a director may be a member holding not more than one hundredth part of the capital of such Company;
- 5.5 of reasonable and proper rent for premises demised or let by any member of the Company or any director.
6. The liability of the members is limited.
7. Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company, in the event of the same being wound up while he is a member, or within one year after he ceases to be a member, for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company contracted before he ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves, such amount as may be required not exceeding one pound.
8. If upon the winding up or dissolution of the Company there remains, after the satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, any property whatsoever, the same shall not be paid to or distributed among the members of the Company, but shall be given or transferred to some other charitable institution or institutions having objects similar to the objects of the Company, and which shall prohibit the distribution of its or their income and property to an extent at least as great as is imposed on the Company under or by virtue of clause 5 hereof, such institution or institutions to be determined by the members of the Company at or before the time of dissolution, and if so far as effect cannot be given to such provision, then to some other charitable body.

WE the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Company.

Names, addresses, and descriptions of Subscribers

J A Simm
N.A.C.R.O.
567A Barlow Moor Road
Manchester 21

Development Officer

J P Yates
14 Courtman Close
Moss Side
Manchester 16

Project Co-ordinator

Dated this 30th day of March 1984

Witness to the above Signatures:

J Bridgwood
Solicitor
Manchester

PRIVATE ADDRESS
19 Windsor Grove
Bolton
Greater Manchester

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 and 1989

Company Number 1842240

**A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL**

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

LIFELINE PROJECT

Incorporated on 20 August 1984

Adopted by Special Resolution passed
on 19 November 1997

Birchall Blackburn
Waldorf House
Cooper Street
Manchester
M2 2FW

Telephone: 0161 236 0662
Facsimile: 0161 236 0687

MF/5/26376-1-1/MC003
Version 1.3/05.03.98

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

Company Number 1842240

A Company Limited by Guarantee
and not having a share capital

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

LIFELINE PROJECT

Incorporated on 20 August 1984

Adopted by Special Resolution passed
on 19 November 1997

Definitions and Interpretation

1. In these Articles, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings:

"The Act"	means the Companies Act 1985 and every statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.
"The Articles"	means the Articles of the Company.
"Clear Days"	in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect.
"Executed"	includes any mode of execution.
"Office"	means the registered office of the Company.
"The Seal"	means the common seal of the Company.
"Secretary"	means the Secretary of the Company or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the Secretary of the Company, including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary.
"The United Kingdom"	means Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

2. Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when these Articles become binding on the Company.

Members

3. The subscribers to the Memorandum of Association of the Company and such other persons as are admitted to membership in accordance with the Articles shall be members of the Company. No person shall be admitted a member of the Company unless he is approved by the directors. Every person who wishes to become a member shall deliver to the Company an application for membership in such form as the directors require executed by him.
4. A member may at any time withdraw from the Company by giving at least seven clear days' notice to the Company. Membership shall not be transferable and shall cease on death.
5. The directors may also at their discretion terminate the membership of any member but the requirements of natural justice shall be respected and a member shall be entitled to be heard in his own defence by the directors or a committee of the directors.
6. The Company is established for the purposes expressed in the Memorandum of Association.
7. It shall be lawful for the directors to provide for the admission of such persons as they may think fit to be friends or associates of the Company and for the rights duties and liabilities (if any) of such friends or associates but so that such persons shall not by virtue of being friends or associates as aforesaid be members of the Company and their rights (if any) shall not include a right to speak or vote at general meetings of the Company. The Secretary shall keep an accurate register of such friends or associates of the Company.

General Meetings

8. The Company shall in each calendar year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next provided that so long as the Company holds its first annual general meeting within eighteen months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The annual general meeting in each year shall be held at such time and place as the directors shall appoint. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
9. The directors may call general meetings and, on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting for a date not later than eight weeks after receipt of the requisition. If there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting, any director or any member of the Company may call a general meeting.

Notice of General Meetings

10. An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a director shall be called by at least twenty-one Clear Days' notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least fourteen Clear Days' notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed:
 - 10.1 in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
 - 10.2 in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent of the total voting rights at the meeting of all the members.The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such. The notice shall be given to all the members and to the directors and auditors.
11. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

Proceedings at General Meetings

12. No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.
13. If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting such a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such other time as the directors may determine.
14. The chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
15. If no director is willing to act as chairman, or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman.
16. A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting.
17. The chairman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to

place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven Clear Days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.

18. A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is duly demanded. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded:
 - 18.1 by the chairman; or
 - 18.2 by at least two members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
 - 18.3 by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meetingand a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member.
19. Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.
20. The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.
21. A poll shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
22. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.
23. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such other time and place as the chairman directs not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.
24. No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven Clear Days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
25. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present

shall be as effectual as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members.

Votes of Members

26. On a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote. On a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote.
27. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the Articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.
28. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
29. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, Executed by or on behalf of the appointer and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve):

I/We of
being a member/members of the above-named Company, hereby appoint
of or failing him
 of

as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the Company to be held on 19 and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed on 19 .

30. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve):

I/We of
being a member/members of the above-named Company, hereby appoint
of or failing him

of
as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary
general meeting of the Company, to be held on 19 , and at an adjournment thereof.

This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:

Resolution No 1 +for +against

Resolution No 2 +for +against

+ strike out whichever is not desired.

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.

Signed this day of 19 .

31. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors may:
- 31.1 be deposited at the office or such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote; or
- 31.2 in the case of a poll taken more than forty-eight hours after it is demanded, be deposited as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; or
- 31.3 where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than forty-eight hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the Secretary or to any director
- and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.
32. A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the Company at the Office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.

Number of Directors

33. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two.

Powers of Directors

34. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Memorandum and the Articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of the Memorandum or Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this regulation shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the Articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.
35. The directors may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the Company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine.

Delegation of Directors' powers

36. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors or other persons. They may also delegate to any managing director or any director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the directors may impose, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the Articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.

Appointment and retirement of Directors

37. At the first annual general meeting all the directors shall retire from office, and at every subsequent annual general meeting one-third of the directors who are subject to retirement by rotation or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office, but, if there is only one director who is subject to retirement by rotation, he shall retire.
38. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or re-appointment but as between persons who became or were last re-appointed directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.
39. If the Company, at the meeting at which a director retires by rotation, does not fill the vacancy the retiring director shall, if willing to act, be deemed to have been re-appointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or unless a resolution for the re-appointment of the director is put to the meeting and lost.
40. No person other than a director retiring by rotation shall be appointed or re-appointed a director at any general meeting unless:
 - 40.1 he is recommended by the directors; or
 - 40.2 not less than fourteen nor more than thirty-five Clear Days before the date

appointed for the meeting, notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment or re-appointment stating the particulars which would, if he were so appointed or re-appointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed or re-appointed.

41. Not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight Clear Days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting notice shall be given to all who are entitled to receive notice of the meeting of any person (other than a director retiring by rotation at the meeting) who is recommended by the directors for appointment or re-appointment as a director at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the Company of the intention to propose him at the meeting for appointment or re-appointment as a director. The notice shall give the particulars of that person which would, if he were so appointed or re-appointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of directors.
42. Subject as aforesaid, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director and may also determine the rotation in which any additional directors are to retire.
43. The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the Articles as the maximum number of directors. A director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to retire by rotation at the meeting. If not re-appointed at such annual general meeting, he shall vacate his office at the conclusion thereof.
44. Subject as aforesaid, a director who retires at an annual general meeting may, if willing to act, be re-appointed. If he is not re-appointed, he shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place, or if it does not do so, until the end of the meeting.

Disqualification and removal of Directors

45. The office of a director shall be vacated if:
 - 45.1 he ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director; or
 - 45.2 he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - 45.3 he is, or may be, suffering from mental disorder and either (a) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1983 or, in Scotland, an application for admission under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1984 or (b) an order is made by a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver, curator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs; or
 - 45.4 he resigns his office by notice to the Company; or

- 45.5 he shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated.

Remuneration of Directors

46. The provisions of the Memorandum of Association as to the remuneration of directors shall apply.

Directors' Expenses

47. The directors may be paid all travelling, hotel, and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of directors or committee of directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.

Proceedings of directors

48. Subject to the provisions of the Articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A director may, and the Secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the United Kingdom. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
49. The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two.
50. The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number, but, if the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.
51. The directors may appoint one of their number to be the chairman of the board of directors and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if there is no director holding that office, or if the director holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
52. All acts done by a meeting of directors, or of a committee of directors, or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any director or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitled to vote.

53. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors as (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors.
54. Save as otherwise provided by the Articles, a director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty which is material and which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the Company.
55. A director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote.
56. The Company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of the Articles prohibiting a director from voting at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors.
57. If a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to vote, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any director other than himself shall be final and conclusive.

Secretary

58. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

Minutes

59. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose:
- 59.1 of all appointments of officers made by the directors; and
 - 59.2 of all proceedings at meetings of the Company, and of the directors, and of committees of directors, including the names of the directors present at each such meeting.

The Seal

60. The Seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the Seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the Secretary or by two directors.

President, vice-presidents and patrons

61. The directors may appoint any person to be the president and any person or persons to be vice-presidents or patrons of the Company for such term or terms specified at the time of

appointment as they shall think fit. Such persons shall not by virtue only of such appointments be directors or members of the Company.

Accounts

62. No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the Company.

Notices

63. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the Articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the directors need not be in writing.
64. The Company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the Company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the Company.
65. A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called.
66. Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted.

Winding up

67. On the winding-up and dissolution of the Company the provisions of the Memorandum of Association shall have effect as if repeated in these Articles.

Indemnity

68. Subject to the provisions of the Act but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled, every director or other officer or auditor of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the Company.