OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENT SERVICES LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2013

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OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENT SERVICES LIMITED YEAR ENDED JULY 2013

DIRECTORS

Mr S Lebus Mrs J Rippeth

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mrs S Knight

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Abacus House
Castle Park
Cambridge
CB3 0AN

BANKERS

Barclays Bank PLC Bene't Street Cambridge CB2 3PZ

REGISTERED OFFICE

University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate 1 Hills Road Cambridge CB1 2EU

OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENT SERVICES LIMITED YEAR ENDED JULY 2013

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OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENT SERVICES LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2013

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2013

The report has been prepared taking advantage of the small companies exemption within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

Cambridge Assessment is a department of the University of Cambridge (see note 13)

Principal activities

The company's main activity is to provide overseas representative offices for the University of Cambridge ESOL Examinations and University of Cambridge International Examinations, which are divisions of Cambridge Assessment

Review of business and future developments

Turnover for the year was £1,291k, compared with £1,249k for the year ended 31 July 2012 The profit for the year after taxation was £25k (2012 £21k)

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2012 £nil)

Directors

No director has had a material interest, directly or indirectly, at any time during the year under review, in any contract significant to the company's business

The directors who served during the year are listed on page 1 of these accounts

Indemnity provision for directors

Cambridge Assessment has paid for insurance for the directors in respect of their duties as directors of the company

Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political or charitable contributions during the year (2012 £nil)

Independent auditors

Pursuant to a shareholders' resolution, the company is not obliged to reappoint its auditors annually and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will therefore continue in office

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

In accordance with Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006, as the company's directors, we certify that

- So far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- Each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make him or herself aware of any relevant information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENT SERVICES LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2013

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Sippeth

Mrs J Rippeth

Director

9 October 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENT SERVICES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Oxford and Cambridge International Assessment Services Limited for the year ended 31 July 2013 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report and the financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 July 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENT SERVICES LIMITED (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' Report

Simon Omit

Simon Ormiston (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Cambridge

9 October 2013

OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENT SERVICES LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2013

	Note	2013 £000	2012 £000
Turnover	1	1,291	1,249
Cost of sales		(1,254)	(1,199)
Gross profit		37	50
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(26) 24	(25) 5
Operating profit	2	35	30
Interest payable and similar charges		(2)	(2)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxatio	n	33	28
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(8)	(7)
Profit for the financial year	10	25	21

All income and expenditure relates to continuing activities

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results shown above Therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENT SERVICES LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JULY 2013

	Note	2013 £000	2012 £000
Current assets Debtors Short term deposits Cash at bank and in hand	6	56 26 <u>237</u> 319	59 25 253 337
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(191)	(234)
Net current assets		128	103
Total assets less current liabilities		128	103
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(95)	(95)
Net assets		33	8
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account Total shareholders' funds	9 10	400 (367) 33	400 (392) 8

The financial statements on pages 7 to 13 were approved by the board of directors on 9 October 2013 and were signed on its behalf by

Mrs J Rippeth

Director

Oxford and Cambridge International Assessment Services Limited Registered number 1838486

1. Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements except as noted below

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom

Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised 1996), "Cash Flow Statements", the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own publically available consolidated financial statements

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts derived from the provision of goods and services to customers during the year, excluding value added tax. All turnover is derived from the UK.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains and losses on translation are included in the Profit and Loss Account.

Taxation

Tax recognised in the Profit and Loss Account is the amount estimated to be payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year along with adjustments to estimates in respect of previous years. Tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are carried at original fair value less any impairment. An impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due. The difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount is recognised within Administrative Expenses in the Profit and Loss Account.

Short term deposits

Short term deposits represent monetary amounts repayable at more than 24 hours' notice

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost. Bank overdrafts are included within current liabilities on the balance sheet.

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are carried at the value of goods and services received from others

2. Operating profit

	2013	2012
	£000	£000
Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)		
Services provided by the company's auditor		
 Fees payable for the audit 	2	1
Exchange gain	(24)	(5)

3. Remuneration of directors

During the year the company had two directors in office (2012 two) The directors did not receive any remuneration in respect of services to the company (2012 £nil)

4. Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons (full time equivalent) employed by the company in overseas offices during the year was 19 (2012 19)

Staff costs comprise

	2013	2012
	£000	£000
Salaries and wages	480	458
Social security costs	77	58
Other pension costs	43	37
·	600	553

Other pension costs represent amounts payable to compulsory foreign government schemes in respect of overseas office staff

5. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2013 £000	2012 £000
Current tax UK corporation tax on profits for the year	8	7_

5. Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

(b) Factors affecting the tax for the year

The tax assessed for the year is the same as (2012 same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23 7% (2012 25 3%)

Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2013 £000 33	2012 £000 28
Current tax at 23 7% (2012 25 3%)	8	7
Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	-
Total current tax charge for the year	8	7

A number of changes to the UK corporation tax system were announced in the March 2013 UK Budget statement Legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 24% to 23% from 1 April 2013 was included in the Finance Act 2012 and this was substantively enacted on 3 July 2012

In addition to the changes in rates of corporation tax disclosed above further changes to the UK corporation tax rates were substantively enacted as part of the Finance Bill 2013 on 2 July 2013 These include reductions to the main rate to reduce the rate to 21% from 1 April 2014 and to 20% from 1 April 2015

6. Debtors

2013 £000	2012 £000
56	59_
•	
2013 £000	2012 £000
52 4 8 <u>127</u>	44 - 7 183 234
	£000 56 2013 £000 52 4 8

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2013 £000	2012 £000
Amounts owed to parent undertaking	95	95
Amounts awad to the parent undertaking represen	to a loop from Cambride	10

Amounts owed to the parent undertaking represents a loan from Cambridge Assessment for USD 149k (2012 USD 149k), which is unsecured and repayable at the discretion of the company Interest is charged at 2% above Barclays Bank PLC UK base rate

9. Called up share capital

	2013 £000	2012 £000
Allotted and fully paid 400,000 (2012 400,000) Ordinary shares of £1 each	400	400

10. Movement in shareholders' funds

	Share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total £000
Year ended 31 July 2013: Balance at 1 August 2012 Profit for the financial year Balance at 31 July 2013	400	(392) 25 (367)	8 25 33
Year ended 31 July 2012: Balance at 1 August 2011 Profit for the financial year Balance at 31 July 2012	400	(413) 21 (392)	(13) 21 8

11. Subsidiary companies

Name of subsidiary	Country of registration	Class of share	Proportion held direct	Nature of business
World Class Tests Limited	England	Ordinary	100%	Dormant

12. Related parties

Advantage has been taken of the exemption available under Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 8, "Related Parties", not to disclose transactions with entities that are part of the University of Cambridge group

13. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The parent undertaking is Cambridge Assessment, a not-for-profit organisation and a department of the University of Cambridge The ultimate parent undertaking is the University of Cambridge

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by the University of Cambridge. The smallest group in which they are consolidated is that headed by Cambridge Assessment. The consolidated financial statements of the University of Cambridge may be obtained from the Cambridge University Reporter, Cambridge University Press Bookshop, 1 Trinity Street, Cambridge, CB2 1SZ.