Rule 4 223-CVL

### The Insolvency Act 1986 Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments**

Form 4 68 S. 192

Pursuant to section 192 of the **Insolvency Act 1986** 

To the Registrar of Companies

	For official use	
Company Nu	ımber	
01833801		
		-
		·

(a) Insert full name of company

Name of Company Mayflower Developments Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es) I/We

Ladislav Hornan Peter Kubik UHY Hacker Young UHY Hacker Young

LLP LLP

Quadrant House Quadrant House

4 Thomas More Square 4 Thomas More Square London London

E1W 1YW E1W 1YW

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date Signed

Presenter s name, address and reference (if any)

UHY Hacker Young LLP Quadrant House 4 Thomas More Square London EIW IYW

M172

For Official Use

Liquidation Section

Post Room

15/09/2010

**COMPANIES HOUSE** 

## Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company Mayflower Developments Limited

Company's registered number 01833801

State whether members' or creditors' Creditors

voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up 18 February 2009

Date to which this statement is brought down 17 August 2010

Name and address of liquidator UHY Hacker Young LLP

Quadrant House

4 Thomas More Square

London E1W 1YW

Peter Kubik Ladislav Hornan
Quadrant House Quadrant House
4 Thomas More Square 4 Thomas More Square

London London E1W 1YW E1W 1YW

#### NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

#### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services. Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represents the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

#### **Trading Account**

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

#### Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

# Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought forward	2,776 86
		Carried forward	2,776 86

Note No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought forward	128 71
24/05/2010	J G Collections	Storage Costs	8 32
24/05/2010	J G Collections	Vat Receivable	1 46
23/07/2010	J G Collections	Storage Costs	8 32
23/07/2010	J G Collections	Vat Receivable	1 46
		Carried forward	148 27

disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

#### Analysis of balance

Total Realisations Total Disbursements	Balance £	£ 2,776 86 148 27 2,628 59
This balance is made up as follows		
1 Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at Bank		2,628 59
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
	£	ļ l
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	ŀ
Less the cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Balance as shown above		2,628 59
i otal Balance as snown above		2,028 39

[NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors -including the	
holders of floating charges)	0 00
Liabilities-Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	1,409,502 67

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

£800,000 00

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Awaiting sale of Property to be finalised & dividend to be paid

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

12 Months