Company Registration No. 01825146 (England and Wales)	
ABBOTSWOOD PROPERTIES LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		22,157		26,566
Current assets					
Stocks		326,475		95,919	
Debtors	4	59,654		296,050	
Cash at bank and in hand		499,731		717,52 1	
		885,860		1,109,490	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	5	(20.247)		(126 770)	
year	5	(28,217)		(126,778)	
Net current assets			857,643		982,712
Total assets less current liabilities			879,800		1,009,278
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		25,000		25,000
Profit and loss reserves			854,800		984,278
Total equity			879,800		1,009,278

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 August 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 April 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mrs P A Hauser

Director

Company Registration No. 01825146

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Abbotswood Properties Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Athenia House, 10-14 Andover Road, Winchester, Hampshire, SO23 7BS.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2017 are the first financial statements of Abbotswood Properties Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 September 2015. An explanation of how transition to FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 8.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Freehold 10% on cost

Plant and machinery 15% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 10% reducing balance
Computer equipment 33% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.11 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 11 (2016 - 13).

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and Plant and buildingsnachinery etc		Total	
	£	£	£	
Cost				
At 1 September 2016	120,000	43,943	163,943	
Additions	-	2,000	2,000	
Disposals		(374)	(374)	
At 31 August 2017	120,000	45,568	165,568	
Depreciation and impairment				
At 1 September 2016	120,000	17,377	137,377	
Depreciation charged in the year	-	6,342	6,342	
Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(308)	(308)	
At 31 August 2017	120,000	23,411	143,411	
Carrying amount				
At 31 August 2017	-	22,157	22,157	
At 31 August 2016	-	26,566	26,566	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

4 Debtors	2017	2016
Amounts falling due within one year:	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	50,444	246,700
Other debtors	9,210 ———	49,349
	59,654 =====	296,049
5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2017 £	2016 £
Trade creditors	14,747	109,327
Other taxation and social security	8,976	10,599
Other creditors	4,494	6,852
	28,217	126,778
6 Called up share capital		
	2017	2016
Ordinary share capital	£	£
Issued and fully paid 25,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	25,000	25,000
	25,000	25,000
7 Operating lease commitments		
Lessee At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitm	onto for futuro minimum logo-	to under

2017

1,150

2016

1,149

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Reconciliations on adoption of FRS 102

Reconciliation of	equity
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Reconciliation of equity			
		1 September	31 August
	N.A	2015	2016
	Notes	£	£
Equity as reported under previous UK GAAP		1,018,004	1,013,629
Adjustments arising from transition to FRS 102:			
Holiday pay accrual	1		(4,351)
Equity reported under FRS 102		1,018,004	1,009,278
Reconciliation of loss for the financial period			
,			2016
	Notes		£
Loss as reported under previous UK GAAP			(4,375)
Adjustments arising from transition to FRS 102:			
Holiday pay accrual	1		(4,351)
Loss reported under FRS 102			(8,726)

Notes to reconciliations on adoption of FRS 102

1. Holiday pay accrual

Restatement of unpaid holiday accrual at year end.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.