Rule 4.223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments** Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

01818422

Name of Company

Rettig Heating Limited

1 / We Richard Dixon Fleming 1 The Embankment Neville St Leeds LS14DW

Brian Green KPMG LLP, 1 The Embankment Neville Street Leeds LSI 4DW

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date

For Official Use

KPMG LLP 1 The Embankment Neville St Leeds LSI 4DW

Ref R605191/MRG/LEF/MFG

Insolvency Sect Post Room A63 13/05/2008 **COMPANIES HOUSE** 

Software Supplied by Furnkey Computer Technology Limited Glasgow

# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Rettig Heating Limited

Company Registered Number

01818422

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Members

Date of commencement of winding up

27 April 2007

Date to which this statement is

brought down

26 April 2008

Name and Address of Liquidator

Richard Dixon Fleming

1 The Embankment

KPMG LLP, 1 The Embankment

Neville St

Neville Street Leeds

Brian Green

Leeds LS14DW

LS14DW

#### NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

#### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

### Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

# Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations			

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	0 00
22/08/2007 01/10/2007 18/02/2008	Shephard Air Conditioning Interest Interest	Book debts ISA interest gross ISA interest gross	546 96 3 99 14 01
. 6. 62. 2000			
		Carried Forward	564 9

Disbursement	1		
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	0 00
01/10/2007	ISA Banking Fee	Bank charges	20 00
01/10/2007	Tax on Interest	Tax paid on ISA interest	0 80
01/01/2008	ISA Banking Fee	Bank charges	20 00
18/02/2008	Tax on interest	Tax paid on ISA interest	2 80
01/04/2008	ISA Banking Fee	Bank charges	20 00
		Carried Forward	63

## Analysis of balance

	£
Total realisations	564 96
Total disbursements	63 60
Balance £	501 36
This balance is made up as follows	
1 Cash in hands of liquidator	0 00
2 Balance at bank	0 00
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account	501 36
£	
4 Amounts invested by liquidator 0 00	
Less The cost of investments realised 0 00	i i
Balance	0 00
5 Accrued Items	0 00
Total Balance as shown above	501 36

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	
including the holders of floating charges)	0 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	0 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash (200,000 00) Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash 0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

No assets to collect

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Corporation tax clearance outstanding

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

6 Months