# financial statements abbreviated

# **Deane & Amos Aluminium Systems Limited**

For the year ended 31 March 2009

Company registration number: 1800842

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## **Abbreviated Accounts**

### Year ended 31 March 2009

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Independent Auditor's Report to Deane & Amos Aluminium Systems Limited

**UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985** 

We have examined the abbreviated accounts which comprise the Balance Sheet and the related notes, together with the financial statements of Deane & Amos Aluminium Systems Limited for the year ended 31 March 2009 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

#### **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

MACINTYRE HUDSON LLP Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditor

Peterbridge House The Lakes Northampton NN4 7HB

19 November 2009

Company registration number: 1800842

**Abbreviated Balance Sheet** 

31 March 2009

			009	2008
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	2		75,165	81,333
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		26,645 1,636,879 2,145		47,100 972,655 3,350
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		1,665,669 1,573,607		1,023,105 943,950
Net current assets			92,062	79,155
Total assets less current liabilities			167,227	160,488
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one	year		22,107	17,682
Provisions for liabilities			8,899	-
			£136,221	£142,806
Capital and reserves Called-up equity share capital Profit and loss account	3		300,100 (163,879)	300,100 (157,294)
Shareholders' funds			£136,221	£142,806

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 30 September 2009, and are signed on their behalf by:

M A Deane Director

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

#### **Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts**

#### Year ended 31 March 2009

#### 1. Accounting policies Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the value of goods and services supplied to external customers and applications raised during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Turnover includes an estimate of the amounts recoverable on contracts in progress at the year end, where the successful outcome of the contract is reasonably certain. The value of the estimate is based on a review of costs incurred to date compared with amounts invoiced to date. Where costs exceed amounts invoiced an estimate of the final profit, based on expected gross margin, is included within turnover.

#### Going concern

The company is reliant upon its parent company for their continued support. The directors are confident of this ongoing support. Accordingly these accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis.

#### **Fixed assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, net of anticipated disposal proceeds, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

- 20% reducing balance

Office Furniture & Equipment

- 20% reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account at a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### **Pension costs**

The company contributes to a group personal pension scheme on behalf of its employees. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### **Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts**

#### Year ended 31 March 2009

# 1. Accounting policies (continued) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exception:

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 2. Fixed assets

	Tangible Assets £
Cost	135,798
At 1 April 2008 Additions	13,000
At 31 March 2009	£148,798
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2008 Charge for year	54,465 19,168
At 31 March 2009	£73,633
Net book value	•
At 31 March 2009	£75,165
At 31 March 2008	£81,333

#### **Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts**

Year ended 31 March 2009

3.	Share capital Authorised share capital:				
				2009 £	2008 £
	300,100 Ordinary shares of £1 each			£300,100	£300,100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2009 No	£	No	2008 £

## 4. Ultimate parent company

Ordinary shares of £1 each

The company's ultimate parent company is Deane & Amos Group Limited, the consolidated accounts of which are publicly available.

300,100

£300,100

300,100

£300,100