# G.J.S. Wholesale Fruit & Vegetable Merchants Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For the year ended 28 February 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



## **DEBERE LIMITED**

Chartered Accountants
Swallow House
Parsons Road
Washington
Tyne and Wear
NE37 1EZ

# **Financial Statements**

# Year ended 28 February 2017

Contents	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Chartered accountants report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements	2
Statement of financial position	3
Notes to the financial statements	5

#### Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors

Mr G Corner

Mr G Jamieson

**Registered office** 

Unit 1

Church Street East Sunderland Tyne and Wear SR1 2BB

**Business address** 

Unit 1

Church Street East Sunderland Tyne and Wear SR1 2BB

**Accountants** 

Debere Limited

**Chartered Accountants** 

Swallow House Parsons Road Washington Tyne and Wear NE37 1EZ

**Bankers** 

Santander UK Plc

6 South Administration Block

Bridle Road Bootle Merseyside L30 4GB

# Chartered Accountants Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of G.J.S. Wholesale Fruit & Vegetable Merchants Limited

#### Year ended 28 February 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of G.J.S. Wholesale Fruit & Vegetable Merchants Limited for the year ended 28 February 2017, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of G.J.S. Wholesale Fruit & Vegetable Merchants Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 13 April 2016. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of G.J.S. Wholesale Fruit & Vegetable Merchants Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state you, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF as detailed at www.icaew.com/compilation. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than G.J.S. Wholesale Fruit & Vegetable Merchants Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that G.J.S. Wholesale Fruit & Vegetable Merchants Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of G.J.S. Wholesale Fruit & Vegetable Merchants Limited. You consider that G.J.S. Wholesale Fruit & Vegetable Merchants Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of G.J.S. Wholesale Fruit & Vegetable Merchants Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

DEBERE LIMITED
Chartered Accountants

Swallow House Parsons Road Washington Tyne and Wear NE37 1EZ

27 June 2017

#### **Statement of Financial Position**

# 28 February 2017

		2017		2016
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	6		7,732	10,065
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7 8	8,455 62,192 18,671 89,318		5,358 46,512 27,668 79,538
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(44,805)		(36, 109)
Net current assets			44,513	43,429
Total assets less current liabilities			52,245	53,494
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(16,337)	(16,337)
Provisions Taxation including deferred tax		·	(1,314)	(1,812)
Net assets		,	34,594	35,345
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account			100 34,494	100 35,245
Members funds			34,594	35,345

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

For the year ending 28 February 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Financial Position (continued)

#### **28 February 2017**

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 June 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr G Jamieson Director

Company registration number: 01793224

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 28 February 2017

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit 1, Church Street East, Sunderland, Tyne and Wear, SR1 2BB.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

#### **General Information**

G.J.S. Wholesale Fruit & Vegetable Merchants Limited supplies fruit and vegetables.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in England.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Going concern

The company meets its day-today working capital requirements through its bank facilities. The company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the company should be able to operate within the level of its current facilities. After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

#### **Transition to FRS 102**

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 March 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 13.

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 28 February 2017

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the value of all goods sold during the year, less returns received, at selling price exclusive of value added tax. Sales are recognised at the point at which the company has fulfilled its contractual obligations to the customer.

#### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings

- 15% reducing balance

Motor vehicles

- 25% reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price. Cost includes all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 28 February 2017

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### 4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 4 (2016: 4).

#### 5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging:

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 28 February 2017

6.	Tangible assets			
		Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost At 1 Mar 2016 and 28 Feb 2017	5,956	21,145	27,101
•	<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 March 2016 Charge for the year	4,123 275	12,913 2,058	17,036 2,333
	At 28 February 2017	4,398	14,971	19,369
	Carrying amount At 28 February 2017	1,558	6,174	7,732
	At 29 February 2016	1,833	8,232	10,065
7.	Stocks			
			2017 £	2016 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale		8,455	5,358
8.	Debtors			
		•	2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors		59,496	43,469
	Other debtors		2,696 62,192	3,043  46,512
				<del></del>
	Short term debtors are measured at transaction price	ce, less any impairn	nent.	
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2017 £	2016 £
	Trade creditors		37,225	32,918
	Corporation tax Social security and other taxes		2,936 265	790 196
	Other creditors		4,379	2,205
			44,805	36,109 ———

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 28 February 2017

## 10. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		2017	2016
		. <b>£</b>	£
Other creditors	•	16,337	16,337
		· ————	

Long term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

#### 11. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Not later than 1 year	_	7,833

#### 12. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

\*\*Balance brought forward\*\*

	and outsta	and outstanding	
	2017	2016	
	£	£	
Mr G Corner	(3,872)	(3,872)	
Mr G Jamieson	(12,465)	(12,465)	
	(16,337)	(16,337)	

#### 13. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 March 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.