Rule 4.223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

01777507

Name of Company

Blueprint Interior Design Associates Limited

We an William Kings
Tenon House
Ferryboat Lane
Sunderland
Tyne and Wear
SR5 3JN

Steven Philip Ross Tenon House, Ferryboat Lane Sunderland Tyne and Wear SR5 3JN

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of ny/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

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Date 12-5 20(0)

RSM Tenon Recovery Tenon House Ferryboat Lane Sunderland Tyne and Wear SR5 3JN

Ref 5000247/IWK/SPR/SJB/PMK/LSF

For Official Use

Insolvency Sect

Post Room

TUESDAY



A13

18/05/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

345

Software Supplied by Turnkey Computer Technology Limited Glasgow

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Blueprint Interior Design Associates Limited

Company Registered Number

01777507

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

13 November 2008

Date to which this statement is

brought down

12 May 2010

Name and Address of Liquidator

lan William Kings

Tenon House Ferryboat Lane

Sunderland
Tyne and Wear

Steven Philip Ross

Tenon House, Ferryboat Lane

Sunderland Tyne and Wear SR5 3JN

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amoun
		Brought Forward	300 26
30/12/2009 30/03/2010 11/05/2010	Royal Bank Of Scotland Royal Bank of Scotland Group Recoveries	Bank interest receivable Bank interest receivable Book debts	0 08 0 07 36,725 25
		Carried Forward	37,025 6

To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
	Brought Forward	0 00
Group Recoveries Group Recoveries Group Recoveries Group Recoveries Group Recoveries Group Recoveries	Agents/Valuers fees VAT receiveble Legal advice and costs VAT receiveble Legal advice and costs Legal advice and costs	7,345 00 1,285 38 9,181 31 1,606 73 828 00 2,194 25
	Group Recoveries Group Recoveries Group Recoveries Group Recoveries	Group Recoveries Legal advice and costs Legal advice and costs

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 37,025 66 22,440 67
	Balance £	14,584 99
This balance is made up as follows Cash in hands of liquidator Balance at bank Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 14,584 99 0 00
 Amounts invested by liquidator Less The cost of investments realised Balance Accrued Items 	£ 0 00 00 0 000	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		14,584 99

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Preferential creditors

Unsecured creditors

£

85,000

85,000

85,000 00

228,862 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash 100 00 Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash 0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

None

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Closure in progress