COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 1742817

ATLAS PACKAGING LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

26/10/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

CONTENTS	PAGES
Officers and professional advisers	1
The directors' report	2 to 4
Independent auditor's report to the company	5
Abbreviated profit and loss account	6
Abbreviated balance sheet	7
Cash flow statement	8
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	9 to 19

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

The board of directors

A Gamble J Sharman

N P Jarvis M C Reeve C A Gamble

Company secretary

M C Reeve

Registered office

Barron Way

Roundswell Business Park

Barnstaple Devon EX31 3TT

Auditor

Old Mill Accountancy LLP
Chartered Accountants

& Registered Auditor Berkeley House

Dix's Field Exeter EX1 1PZ

Bankers

HSBC Bank plc

38 High Street

Exeter Devon EX4 3LP

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Principal activities and business review

The company's principal activity during the year was the design, manufacture and merchandising of cardboard packaging.

2008 saw the onset of the recession which had a significant impact on the corrugated cardboard sector with volumes down by some 25-30%. Atlas was not immune to the effects of the downturn and saw its sales volumes fall by some 5%. The directors have responded to market conditions by restructuring the company's cost base. This involved certain amounts of one-off expenditure, including redundancy costs which together with the reduced sales have resulted in an overall loss for the year after tax of £77,429.

The company has been successful in securing new business since the year end and, having made the changes referred to above, it has returned to profitability and is well placed to take advantage of the economic upturn when it comes.

The directors monitor the performance of the company by preparing annual budgets in advance, and monitoring performance using a number of financial key performance indicators, including:

- > Turnover on a daily basis
- > Gross margin
- > Net margin
- > Personnel costs
- > Debtor days
- > Monthly cashflow

Since the year end, performance has been in line with budget.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year amounted to £77,429. The directors have not recommended a dividend.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company finances its operations through a mixture of retained profits and, where necessary to fund capital expenditure programmes, through bank borrowings.

The directors' objectives are to:

- retain sufficient liquid funds to enable the company to meet its day to day obligations as they fall due whilst maximising returns on surplus funds;
- manage the company's exposure to fluctuating interest rates when considering financing options for new equipment; and
- match the repayment schedule of any external borrowings or overdrafts with the expected future cash flows from the company's trading activities.

Hedging instruments are not used by the company.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

A Gamble

J Sharman

N P Jarvis

M C Reeve

C A Gamble

Directors' insurance

The company has paid for legal liability insurance for Directors and Officers. Indemnity is limited to £250,000.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

Signed by order of the directors

M C Reeve

Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on ...9. August 2009

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO ATLAS PACKAGING LIMITED UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts, together with the financial statements of Atlas Packaging Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and the auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246A of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 246A(3) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with that provision and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 246A(3) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with that provision.

OLD MILL ACCOUNTANCY LLP

Old lill Montany Ul

Chartered Accountants

& Registered Auditor

Berkeley House Dix's Field Exeter EX1 1PZ

Pear langup 21

ABBREVIATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Gross profit		2,338,516	2,654,170
Administrative expenses		(2,223,800)	(2,070,683)
Operating profit	2	114,716	583,487
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		(42,500)	_
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(173,936)	(197,498)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(101,720)	385,989
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	6	24,291	8,442
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(77,429)	394,431

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above.

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2008

	2008		2007		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		2,384,009		2,695,279
Current assets					
Stocks	8	409,735		540,154	
Debtors	9	2,546,533		2,926,304	
Cash at bank and in hand		44,960		139	
		3,001,228		3,466,597	
Creditors: Amounts falling due					
within one year	11	3,742,154		4,130,227	
Net current liabilities			(740,926)		(663,630)
Total assets less current liabilities			1,643,083		2,031,649
Creditors: Amounts falling due after					
more than one year	13		802,983		1,114,120
			840,100		917,529
Capital and reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	17		525,000		525,000
Share premium account	18		337,500		337,500
Profit and loss account	19		(22,400)		55,029
Shareholders' funds	20		840,100		917,529

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for medium-sized companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on ... 1.1.2.2.2.207 and are signed on their behalf by:

A Gamble Director

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

		2008	.	2007	,
	Note	£	£	£	£
Net cash inflow from operating activities	21		1,036,308		390,077
Returns on investments and Servicing of finance Interest paid Interest element of hire purchase		(89,279) (84,657)		(102,693) (94,805)	
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			(173,936)		(197,498)
Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed ass Receipts from sale of fixed assets	ets	(109,409) 7,500		(471,879)	
Net cash outflow from capital expend	diture		(101,909)		(471,879)
Cash inflow/(outflow) before financia	ng		760,463		(279,300)
Financing Repayment of bank loans Net inflow from long-term trade credit Capital element of hire purchase	ors	(539,741) (155,881)		(143,040) 467,256 (126,127)	
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from finan	cing		(695,622)		198,089
Increase/(decrease) in cash	21		64,841		(81,211)

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

1. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Going concern

Considering the current economic environment, the directors have taken steps to manage costs within the business, through enhancing financial controls within the business, reducing staff costs, and taking steps to negotiate better prices for cardboard from suppliers. New customers have been won, enhancing the quality and volume of orders. Budgets and forecasts have been prepared taking these elements into account, which estimate a return to profitability for the coming year. Performance to date has been in line with budget expectations and there is no reason to believe that this will not continue for the foreseeable future. The company continues to meet all of its financial obligations and is currently ahead of its repayment schedule for group senior debt. This position is expected to continue. Taking these items into account, the directors believe it is appropriate to prepare accounts on a going concern basis.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, net of anticipated disposal proceeds, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

7.5% - 8.3% straight line

Computer Equipment

3 years straight line

Fixtures & Fittings

- 10% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is computed on selling price less gross profit margin.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less the estimated cost of disposal.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred by the balance sheet date with certain limited exceptions.

Deferred tax is calculated on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

2 . 0	perating	profit
---------------------	----------	--------

Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2008	2007
	£	£
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	249,696	231,236
Depreciation of assets held under hire purchase		
agreements	120,983	<i>83,172</i>
Auditor's remuneration		
- as auditor	12,090	8,750
- for other services	5,610	3,200
Operating lease costs:		
- Plant and equipment	292,636	243,258
- Other	379,474	369,440
Net profit on foreign currency translation	(4,462)	_

3. Particulars of employees

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to:

	2008	2007
	No	No
Number of production staff	66	64
Number of selling, administrative and management		
staff	26	35
	92	99

The aggregate payroll costs of the above were:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Wages and salaries	2,141,206	2,102,837
Social security costs	208,699	204,930
	2,349,905	2,307,767

4. Directors' emoluments

The directors' aggregate emoluments in respect of qualifying services were:

	2008	2007
Aggregate emoluments	404,017	389,873
Emoluments of highest paid director:		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Total emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	165,657	159,183
	-	

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

4. Directors' emoluments (continued)

There were no directors accruing benefits under the company pension schemes during the period.

5. Interest payable and similar charges

	2008	2007
	£	£
Interest payable on bank borrowing	89,279	95,239
Finance charges	84,657	94,805
Other similar charges payable	<i>,</i> –	7,454
	173,936	197,498

6. Taxation on ordinary activities

Analysis of charge in the year

	2008		2007	
	£	£	£	£
Deferred tax:				
Origination and reversal of timing differen	nces (note 10)			
Capital allowances	(27,387)		<i>168,356</i>	
Effect of changed tax rate on opening				
balance	3,096		-	
Losses	-		(176,798)	
Total deferred tax (note 10)		(24,291)		(8,442)

No corporation tax liability arises for the current year due to the availability of tax losses brought forward from previous years. The company has tax losses of £1.33m (2007: £1.33m) available for offset against future trading profits.

Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the (loss)/profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.50% (2007 - 30%).

	2008	2007
	£	£
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(101,720)	<i>385,989</i>
		_
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	(28,990)	115,797
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,114	3,029
Capital allowances for period in excess of		
depreciation	27,876	(134,894)
Unrelieved tax losses	-	16,068
		
Total current tax	•	-

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

7. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant & equipment £	Computer equipment £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 January 2008	3,784,366	137,733	279,608	4,201,707
Additions	83,198	16,047	10,164	109,409
Disposals	_(148,500)			(148,500)
At 31 December 2008	3,719,064	153,780	289,772	4,162,616
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2008	1,228,080	112,571	165,777	1,506,428
Charge for the year	327,246	16,935	26,498	370,679
On disposals	(98,500)			(98,500)
At 31 December 2008	1,456,826	129,506	192,275	1,778,607
Net book value				
At 31 December 2008	2,262,238	24,274	97,497	2,384,009
At 31 December 2007	2,556,286	25,162	113,831	2,695,279

Hire purchase agreements

Included within the net book value of £2,384,009 is £1,239,556 (2007 - £1,312,029) relating to assets held under hire purchase agreements. The depreciation charged to the abbreviated accounts in the year in respect of such assets amounted to £120,983 (2007 - £83,172).

8. Stocks

		2008 £	2007 £
	Finished goods	409,735	540,154
9.	Debtors		
		2008	2007
	Trade debtors	1,921,980	2,449,656
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	411,685	225,203
	Prepayments and accrued income	142,135	205,003
	Deferred taxation (note 10)	70,733	46,442
		2,546,533	2,926,304

Trade debtors of £1,921,980 (2007 - £2,449,656) are subject to the invoice discounting facility.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

1	O	Deferred taxation	
	u.	Deferred taxation	

The deferred		11	TO 1 1		C 11
I he deterred	tay incliida	ad in the	- Halance ci	neeric ac	tollowe.
THE GENERAL	tan meruw	m m	Dalance Si		TOHOWS.

The deferred tax included in the Dalance sheet is	as ioliows.	
	2008	2007
	£	£
Included in debtors (note 9)	70,733	46,442
The movement in the deferred taxation account de	uring the year was:	
	2008	2007
	£	£
Balance brought forward	46,442	38,000
Profit and loss account movement arising during	the	
year	24,291	8,442
Balance carried forward	70,733	46,442

The balance of the deferred taxation account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciati	ion on	
fixed assets	(300,888)	(351,724)
Tax losses available	371,621	398,166
	70,733	46,442

A deferred tax asset of £70,733 (2007 - £46,442) has been recognised in respect of forecast taxable profits for 2009.

11. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2008	2007
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	1,570,998	1,987,759
Trade creditors	1,591,915	1,541,446
Other taxation and social security	295,169	332,505
Hire purchase agreements	206,689	194,433
Other creditors	12,597	_
Accruals and deferred income	64,786	74,084
	3,742,154	4,130,227

Included within bank loans and overdrafts is an amount of £1,426,035 (2007: £1,822,776) representing funds drawn down in advance from an invoice discounting facility.

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	143,000	143,000

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

12. Net Current Liabilities

At the year end the balance sheet showed net current liabilities of £740,926. However, this is due to the company's drawdown on its discounting facility. Although this is technically repayable within one year, the directors do not consider there to be a risk that the facility will be withdrawn. On this basis, the directors believe that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

13. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2008	2007
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	166,833	<i>309,833</i>
Hire purchase agreements	636,150	804,287
	802,983	1,114,120
		2,114,120

In respect of bank loans and overdrafts, the company has provided security to the company's lenders by way of fixed and floating charges over the company's assets. At the year end, the bank loan amounted to £303,373 (2007 - £452,833) and is fully repayable within five years.

There is an unlimited group guarantee and set-off agreement in place.

The hire purchase liabilities are secured on the assets to which they relate.

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

	2008	2007	
	£	£	
Bank loans and overdrafts	160,373	309,833	

14. Commitments under hire purchase agreements

Future commitments under hire purchase agreements are as follows:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Amounts payable within 1 year	206,689	194,433
Amounts payable between 1 and 2 years	174,209	183,242
Amounts payable between 3 and 5 years	412,312	452,686
Amounts payable after more than 5 years	49,629	168,359
	842,839	998,720
		

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

15. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2008 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below.

	2008		2007	
	Land and buildings	Other Items £	Land and buildings £	Other Items £
Operating leases which expire:				
Within 1 year	-	9,346	-	10,638
Within 2 to 5 years	61,380	169,086	•	181,784
After more than 5 years	308,220	-	300,000	-
	369,600	178,432	300,000	192,422

16. Related party transactions

The parent company is Westcountry Packaging Limited who own 100% of the share capital of Atlas Packaging Limited.

During the year Atlas Packaging Limited provided a loan to Westcountry Packaging Limited. The balance of the loan at the start of the year was £225,203 (2007: £102,815). Further payments of £185,482 were made during the year and expenses were incurred on behalf of Westcountry Packaging Limited of £1,000 (2007: £-). The balance owed by Westcountry Packaging Limited at the year end amounted to £411,685 (2007: £225,203).

Purchases, including rent, building expenses, interest and consultancy services, during the period from Kat-O-Log Limited, a company controlled by Mr A Gamble, totalled £536,596 (2007: £482,877). At the year end, expenses of £428 (2007: £Nil) was owed to Kat-O-Log.

As at the year end, Mr A Gamble had given a guarantee to the company's lenders in respect of the company's borrowings. This guarantee amounted to £250,000 (2007 - £250,000).

17. Share capital

Authorised share capital:

	2008	2007
	£	£
12,500 Ordinary shares of £1 each	12,500	12,500
250,000 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	250,000	250,000
262,500 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	262,500	262,500
	525,000	525,000

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

17. Share Capital	17.	Share	capital
-------------------	-----	-------	---------

Authorised share capital:

	2008	2007
	£	£
12,500 Ordinary shares of £1 each	12,500	12,500
250,000 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	250,000	250,000
262,500 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	262,500	262,500
	525,000	525,000

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2008		2007	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500
Ordinary A shares of £1 each	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
Ordinary B shares of £1 each	262,500	262,500	262,500	262,500
	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000

18. Share premium account

There was no movement on the share premium account during the financial year.

19. Profit and loss account

	2008	2007
	£	£
Balance brought forward	55,029	(339,402)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(77,429)	394,431
Balance carried forward	(22,400)	55,029

20. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2008	2007
	£	£
(Loss)/Profit for the financial year	(77,429)	<i>394,431</i>
Opening shareholders' funds	917,529	523,098
Closing shareholders' funds	840,100	917,529

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

21. Notes to the statement of cash flows

Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2008	2007
	£	£
Operating profit	114,716	<i>583,487</i>
Depreciation	370,679	314,408
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	130,419	(194,632)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	404,062	(668,851)
Increase in creditors	16,432	355,665
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1,036,308	390,077

Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	200	8	200	7
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the period	£ 64,841	£	£ (81,211)	£
Net cash outflow from bank loans Net cash (inflow) from long-term trade	539,741		143,040	
creditors Cash outflow in respect of hire	_		(467,256)	
purchase	155,881		126,127	
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows New finance leases		760,463		(279,300) (824,800)
Movement in net debt in the period		760,463		(1,104,100)
Net debt at 1 January 2008		(3,296,173)		(2,192,073)
Net debt at 31 December 2008		(2,535,710)		(3,296,173)

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

21. Notes to the statement of cash flows (continued)

Analysis of changes in net debt

	At		At
	1 Jan 2008	Cash flows	31 Dec 2008
	£	£	£
Net cash:			
Cash in hand and at bank	139	44,821	44,960
Overdrafts	(21,983)	20,020	(1,963)
	(21,844)	64,841	42,997
Debt:			
Debt due within 1 year	(1,965,776)	396,741	(1,569,035)
Debt due after 1 year	(309,833)	143,000	(166,833)
Hire purchase agreements	(998,720)	155,881	(842,839)
	(3,274,329)	695,622	(2,578,707)
Net debt	(3,296,173)	760,463	(2,535,710)

22. Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent undertaking is Westcountry Packaging Limited, a company which is incorporated in England and Wales.

Controlling party

The controlling party of Atlas Packaging Limited is Mr A Gamble due to his majority shareholding in Westcountry Packaging Limited, the parent company.