COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 01719179

J FREELEY LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 MAY 2016



ALEXANDER KNIGHT & CO LIMITED

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
Manchester Business Park
3000 Aviator Way
Manchester
M22 5TG

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO J FREELEY LIMITED

UNDER SECTION 449 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts which comprise the Balance Sheet and the related notes, together with the financial statements of J Freeley Limited for the year ended 31 May 2016 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

OPINION

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section.

MURRAY PATT, FCA (Senior

Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of

ALEXANDER KNIGHT & CO LIMITED

Alexander Kright Va Limited

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Manchester Business Park 3000 Aviator Way Manchester

26/1/2017

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MAY 2016

	2016			2015	
	Note	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Tangible assets			597,037	484,458	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		26,305		38,700	
Debtors		200,694		278,737	
Cash at bank and in hand		103,813		69,690	
		330,812		387,127	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one		220,012		207,127	
year	3	420,180		470,676	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(89,368)	(83,549)	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			507,669	400,909	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more					
than one year	4		153,152	168,896	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			111,754	96,891	
			242,763	135,122	
				<u> </u>	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up equity share capital	6		10,000	10,000	
Profit and loss account			232,763	125,122	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			242,763	135,122	

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

J Freeley

Company Registration Number: 01719179

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the invoice value of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not yet invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion. Revenue not billed to the client is included in debtors as amounts recoverable on long-term contracts.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 15% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles - 25% reducing balance
Office equipment - 33% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible
	Assets
COST	£
COST At 1 June 2015	721,791
Additions	312,215
Disposals	(216,421)
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At 31 May 2016	817,585
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 June 2015	237,333
Charge for year	99,746
On disposals	(116,531)
At 31 May 2016	220,548
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 May 2016	597,037
At 31 May 2015	484,458
111 51 111ag 2015	

3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

2016	2015
£	£
104,461	100,853
	£

There is a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

Hire purchase agreements are secured on the assets to which they relate.

4. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Hire purchase agreements	153,152	168,896

Hire purchase agreements are secured on the assets to which they relate.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

5. CONTROLLING INTEREST

The company was under the control of the director J Freeley during the current and previous year.

6. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2016		2015	
	No.	£	No.	£
A Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,001	5,001	5,001	5,001
B Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,633	1,633	1,633	1,633
C Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,633	1,633	1,633	1,633
D Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,633	1,633	1,633	1,633
E Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
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