

### ECCLESIASTICAL INSURANCE GROUP PLC





# Report & Accounts 28 February 1990

page	Ceounterates
2	Notice of Meeting
3	Directors and Group Management
ō	Group Structure
6	Summary of Group Results
7	Chairman's Statement
9	Review of Group Operations
11	Bad Weather Claims
13	Directors' Report
14	Auditors' Report
15	Accounting Policies
17	Financial Statements
22	Notes on the Accounts
28	Holding, Subsidiary and Associated Companies
29	Directors' Interests
30	Business Locations
31	Branches and Agencies
33	The Claims Department
34	Branch Offices
35	Five Year Summary

# Louice of Meeting

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the company will be held at Beaufort House, Brunswick Road, Gloucester GL1 1JZ on Wednesday, 11 July 1990 at 12.45 p.m. to transact the following ordinary business of the company:—

- To consider the accounts and the reports of the directors and auditors for the year ended 28 February 1990 and declare a dividend.
- To re-elect directors.
- 3. To re-appoint the auditors and to authorise the directors to fix their remuneration.
- 4. As Special Business:

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following Resolution which will be proposed as a Special Resolution:

THAT the Articles of Association of the company be amended by inserting an additional paragraph 90(3)(h) following the existing paragraph 90(3)(g):—

"90(3)(h) any proposal concerning the

"90(3)(h) any proposal concerning the arrangement or purchase of any insurance policy under which he may benefit."

By Order of the Board

D. H. HAYDON

Secretary

Gloucester 14 June 1990

The additional Article 90(3)(h) will permit the company to arrange Directors' and Officers' Liability insurance cover for directors.

A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote instead of him. A proxy need not also be a member.

There are no service contracts with the directors.

This Notice is sent for information to the holders of the 13% Debenture Stock 2018.

# Directors and Group Management

Darcottor:

C. Alan McLintock CA Chairman

M. R. Cornwall-Jones MA ACI- Deputy Chairman

J. C. Bracher FCA, FCT M. J. Burns MA, FIA

B. V. Day BA LLB. FCH Managing Direct .

The Very Revd. T. E. Evans MA the Dean of St. Paul's

J. D. McArdell acii Deputy Managing Director

D. R. W. Silk JP, MA

The Very Revd. J. A. Simpson MA the Dean of Canterbury.
The Rt. Revd. D. G. Snelgrove 1D.MA the Lord Bishop of Hull

W. H. Yates FRICS

**Group Management** 

B. V. Day BA, LLB, FCII Managing Director

J. D. McArdell Acti Deputy Managing Director

D. W. Stapleton FCII General Manager
C. B. Thomson SP General Manager

D. H. Haydon FCA, FCIS Deputy General Manager and Secretary

G. V. Doswell FCII Assistant General Manager
G. A. Prescott BA, FCA Assistant General Manager

P. C. Sparkhall FIA Actuary

Registered and Head Office Beaufort House, Brunswick Road,

Gloucester GL1 1JZ Tel: 0452 28533

Principal London and Investment Office 19/21 Billiter Street, London EC3M 2RY Tel: 071 528 7363

Auditors

BDO Binder Hamlyn

8 St. Bride Street, London EC4A 4DA

Registrar

National Westminster Bank PLC

Caxton House, PO Box 82, Redcliffe Way, Bristol BS99 7NH

Trustee for the Debenture wlock

The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.l.c.

Estates House, 66 Gresham Street,

London EC2N 7HX



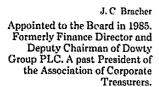
CA McLintock Chairman

Appointed to the Board in 1972, becoming Chairman in 1981. He is Chairman of the Woolwich Building Society and of a number of Investment Trusts and a director of M & G Group PLC. A member of the National Westminster Bank ple UK Advisory Board.

M. R. Cornwall-Jones Deputy Chairman Appointed to the Board in 1979. Appointed to the Board in 1979, becoming Deputy Chairman in 1983. He is a director of Govett Orienta's Investment Trust ple and Deputy Chairman of the Association of Investment Trust Companies. He also serves on the Boards of the Halifax Building Society, Century Oils ple and other companies.

B. V. Day Managing Director

Joined the Group in 1975 and became Chief Executive in 1977. A past president of the Chartered Insurance Institute. His attacture directorships include St. Andrew Trust PLC and URC Insurance Co. Ltd.



Appointed to the Board in 1979

Appointed to the Board in 1979
when he was the Archdeacon of
Cheltenham. The Dean is a
Governor of Cheltenham Ladies'
College. He is a member of the
Board of Governors of the
Church Commissioners and a
former Chairman of the Council

of the Care of Churches.

T. E. Evans

The Dean of St. Paul's



M. J. Burns

Appointed to the Board in 1987. Formerly General Manager of Equity & Law Life Assurance Society plc. He is a director of the National Home Loans Holdings plc.

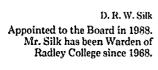


J. D. McArdell

Appointed to the Board in 1988. Mr. McArdell's whole career has been with the Ecclesiastical Group becoming General Manager in 1985 and Deputy Managing Director in 1988. He is a director of Westonbirt School Ltd.



J. A. Simpson The Dean of Canterbury Appointed to the Board in 1983, when he was Archdeacon of Canterbury.





D. G. Snelgro.c The Bishop of H. Jl

Appointed to the Board in 1978, when he was Archdeacon of the East Riding. A member of the Central Board of Finance of the Church of England and director of The Church Schools Company Limited, York Diocesan Board of Finance Ltd and Yorkshire T.V Telethon Trust Ltd



W. H. Yates

Appointed to the Board in 1985. A Senior Partner in Knight Frank & Rutley. A director of K. F. & R. Ltd. Knight Frank & Rutley (Nominees) Ltd. A director of the Woolwich Building Society. Honorary Treasurer of Save the Children Fund.

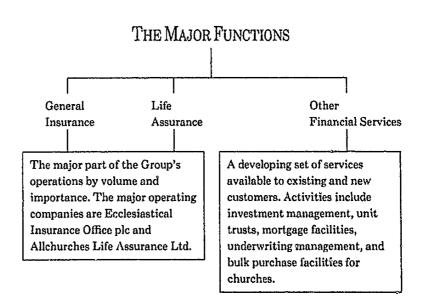
# Cirolly Structure

### ALLCHURCHES TRUST LIMITED

Allchurches Trust has the legal status of a charitable company limited by guarantee and is the legal owner of the group. It takes no part in the management but receives dividends and covenants for charitable distribution. The Trust's other main tasks are to approve the Group's corporate mission and preserve its independence in the service of the Church.

### ECCLESIASTICAL INSURANCE GROUP PLC

This company defines and implements the Group's mission and corporate strategies. It oversees the operations of all subsidiary and associated companies.







Premium Income General Insurance Long Term Insurance			1990 £000 99,098 36,990 136,088	1989 £000 83,518 24,567 108,085
General Insurance Result			(152)	8,606
Profit before taxation			4,085	8,163
Shareholders' Capital and Reserves			41,230	35,509
Territorial Analysis	**	200	10	
		990 Insurance Result £000		Insurance Result
General Insurance	£000	2000	2:000	£000
Great Britain	72,120	(1,423)	63,193	7,020
Overseas Branches and Agencies	13,925	626	11,324	496
Reinsurance and London Market	13,053	645	9,001	1,090
	99,098	(152)	83,518	8,606
Long Term Insurance				
United Kingdom	36,990		24,567	_
	136,088	(152)	108,085	8,606

### CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR OF THE STREET CONTRACTOR



A successful insurance organisation must marry prudence to enterprise. The insurer seeks to develop the business vigorously but, when disaster strikes, must exhibit unquestioned strength, security and speed of response to the policyholder. Two years ago I reported that in our centenary year we had come successfully through what climatologists regarded as the worst United Kingdom storm for 200 years. I did not then anticipate the imminent arrival of an even greater challenge or that, in such circumstances, the group would emerge bigger and stronger. Yet that is precisely what has happened in our 1989-90 financial year.

The storms of January and February 1990 were not as intense as the October 1987 hurricane, but they were longer and more widespread. Over 20,000 weather claims were generated, about twice the 1987 total and the cost is expected to exceed that of a normal winter by almost £40 million, reduced by reinsurance to £3 million. No praise can be too high for our claims handlers and their colleagues in other departments who responded so devotedly to the exceptional demands on their services, demands which called for speedy as well as sympathetic handling.

Faced by winter weather of such severity, together with higher subsidence claims following a very dry summer, we did not expect to match the previous year's record profits. Nevertheless, pre-tax profits in excess of £4 million represent a creditable outturn and will help continue the underlying uptrend in covenants and dividends to the governing charity, Allchurches Trust. Adequate profitability is essential if we are to meet Ecclesiastical's financial objectives - to keep increasing charitable distributions in real terms, while simultaneously building a stronger capital base to support an expanding and diverse business.

Ecclesiastical continued to grow strongly in 1989, with gross turnover up from £108 million to £136 million. For some years now we have sought to expand and diversify in the behef that, while new ventures can involve heavy financial commitments at the outset, they will more than pay their way in the long run. The good overall performance of our International division for the second successive year was particularly welcome at a time when results from our core business in the United Kingdom were adverse.

Sound investment performance is another important factor in the overall performance of the group. Despite the prevailing uncertainty in the equity and property markets we were able to secure useful increases in investment income and in both realised and unrealised capital gains.

The growth in our business was not confined to general insurance. Demand for Life division products, particularly the single premium contracts, offered through our subsidiary Allchurches Life increased dramatically. The more traditional life portfolio underwritten by "the EIO", in which all profits are reserved for policyholders, grew slowly in the face of intense competition. Setting bonuses for life assurance policies calls for fine judgement in current investment conditions but we were pleased, nevertheless, to be able to maintain both reversionary and capital bonuses at their present high level.

Every year the Ecclesiastical Group sets in hand new developments which are designed to offer additional or improved service. Some have service to the church or church people as their primary objective, others are general commercial ventures. All are characterised by the desire to offer excellent value for money but, equally, all must be conducted with financial prudence. Two current ventures may be of special interest to members of the church. For several years two organisations have been offering discount purchasing schemes to parishes. One, the Churches Purchasing Scheme, originally promoted by the Central Board of Finance, was run jointly by Ecclesiastical and another organisation. The other, Exon, was privately owned. It became apparent to us that there would be advantages in combining the two services. Having the necessary resources we therefore acquired full ownership of both schemes. We intend to give the merged organisation adequate finance and a fair run so that Anglican and other church bodies can have an opportunity of purchasing various goods and services on favourable terms. This venture has already been launched and we hope it will have general support.

The second venture concerns clergy mortgages, where Ecclesiastical already runs a scheme for

### Chairman's Statement



Welsh clergy in response to a request from The Representative Body of the Church in Wales. We now propose to make mortgages available to clergy in England and Scotland. Many English clergy are, of course, eligible for assistance with retirement housing from the Church of England Pensions Board. The Ecclesiastical scheme will be operated so that conflict between the two schemes is avoided.

These are modest but exciting new initiatives which we believe will be of direct help to the church and its clergy. Our dominant business, however, remains insurance in its manifold forms. Last year we decided to extend our international insurance interests, partly as a response to EEC developments, by setting up a joint underwriting management company in the London international insurance market. Our partner in this new enterprise is the Church & General Insurance Company, which began life as a specialist underwriter of Irish Catholic insurances and then, like Ecclesiastical, diversified. This is not our first ecumenical insurance venture; we manage the URC Insurance Company on behalf of the United Reformed Church and enjoy friendly business relationships with many other denominational insurers, at home and abroad.

An organisation as dynamic as the Ecclesiastical must constantly review its working practices in the search for efficiency. Last year I explained our new operating division structure and the steps taken to strengthen the management team. This year we have reviewed some financial aspects of the group. Two important changes concern the group's capital structure and its financial year-end. The market expects modern insurance companies to demonstrate capital strength in line with their growth of business and we have therefore increased the issued capital of the major group companies by capitalising reserves. In particular, we have raised the capital of EIO to £21.25 million and Allchurches Life to £10 million.

Ever since its inception in 1887, Ecclesiastical's financial year has ended on the last day of February. We have been reluctant to abolish this fiscal curiosity, though aware that the organisation has outgrown it. Almost all major insurers have a calendar year-end and, in some countries, we are constrained to do so by insurance regulations. We have therefore decided, not without regret, that Ecclesiastical should adjust to the market norm and we intend to make the transition by closing

the current year at 31 December 1990, Obviously, the ten month accounts will have no direct comparatives, especially as they will this year omit the two main winter months of January and February. We shall be accounting life assurance and most United Kingdom general insurance for ten months and our international business for twelve months. One important effect is on life assurance where ten months is really too short a period to declare life bonuses. The next bonus declaration will, therefore, be at 31 December 1991. Special provision is being made to ensure that life policies which mature in the interim receive full and fair treatment and we shall be writing individually on this topic to all with profits life policyholders.

Despite many new and interesting developments (or perhaps, to some extent, because of them) it has not been an easy year for management and staff. Our general management team have, as always, applied themselves with devotion and skill to the progress and standing of the group through the prudent acceptance and spreading of risk, on which our prosperity depends. The non-executive members of the board would wish me to record our appreciation of the firm and imaginative leadership of Bernard Day, so ably backed by John McArdell and the members of management, as well as of the staff at all levels. We are indeed fortunate to be served by such a committed group of people, amongst whom the claims section already referred to are but an outstanding example this year. We are grateful to them all.

I hope my comments have presented to you a picture of an energetic, diverse and, despite the winter's storms, thriving organisation. We do not know from year to year - or, indeed, sometimes from day to day - what elemental force must be withstood in this risk business. So far as human endeavour can manage, we believe the group has the strength and skill to serve you well in whatever uncertain future lies ahead. I do not imply that we are the cheapest - cheapness in insurance is rarely synonymous with value - but we do try constantly to give very good value for money. You also know, of course, that whatever we can prudently spare from the group's profits will be made available for church and charitable use. For these reasons we seek to enlist your continued support.

ALAN McLINTOCK Chairman

### Review of Group Operations

### Introduction

The Group continued the vigorous development pattern set in previous years and gross turnover increased by 25.9% to reach £136 million. We were not able to maintain the exceptional underwriting margins of the 1988-89 year, especially in the face of the violent storms experienced in the United Kingdom, which remains our principal area of general insurance operations. In the circumstances we were pleased to achieve a pre-tax profit of £4.1 million, almost exactly half last year's figure.

We allocated covenants and dividends to provide the governing charity (Allchurches Trust) with an income of almost £2 million. Retained profits and unrealised capital appreciation raised the group's net worth from £35.5 million to £41.2 million. The capital and free reserves of the main insurance operating company, Ecclesiastical Insurance Office plc, are approximately £49.6 million, on the valuation basis prescribed by the Department of Trade & Industry, representing 79% of net general insurance premiums. We were thus able to maintain a strong solvency ratio despite vigorous growth.

### General Insurance - Great Britain

Competition in this market continued to increase, with the major composite insurers leading the way downwards in commercial insurance rates as volume was preferred to profit. In these circumstances we did well to defend our existing portfolio and increase gross premiums by 14.1% to £72.1 million.

At the close of the calendar year we hoped to achieve a modest underwriting profit on a soundly rated portfolio, notwithstanding an increase in subsidence claims following the dry summer. Sadly, the unprecedented series of storms which hit the United Kingdom and other parts of Northern Europe during January and February plunged the account into underwriting loss, despite extensive reinsurance protection. An underwriting loss of £4.66 million was only partially offset by income on technical funds. This was particularly disappointing when our patient and unremitting efforts to encourage risk improvement in our core portfolio were showing some positive signs in the reduction of fire losses, though major church fires occurred at St. George's, Bickley and St. Martin's, Brasted.

The future is hard to foretell. Logic calls for higher rating levels, but a weak market seems content to await further evidence of any fundamental change in weather patterns. We shall continue our traditional methods - seeking to maintain sound and adequate rating levels, chasing markets neither up nor down, and providing the best possible levels of service to help develop our business.

### General Insurance - International

The International Division is responsible for Ecclesiastical's reinsurance and 'London market' portfolios, as well as general insurance operations outside Great Britain. The division again made excellent progress, with turnover up by 32.7% to £27 million. Underwriting results were not as good

as the previous year but an operating ratio of 101.7% leading to an underwriting loss of only £325,000 enabled the division to achieve an insurance profit of £1.27 mill; an, after allowing for income on technical funds.

Our portfolios in Canada, Ireland and Malta are written on the traditional one-year basis. In Canada we again found growth difficult in a very soft market, but our cautious stance was rewarded with an underwriting profit. Our small account in Malta, managed by our agents, S. Mifsud and Sons Ltd, also yielded a profit, in only its second full year of operation. Results from Ireland were again disappointing with a substantial underwriting loss; the core portfolio is sound but, following a detailed review, steps have been taken to divest some of the less satisfactory business.

The remainder of our International Division business is written under the deferred accounting convention which enables the results to be included when sufficient time has elapsed to form a reliable view.

The main Inwards Reinsurance account, much of which is written in reciprocity for EIG's direct business, sustained a moderate underwriting loss, on a static premium volume.

Our non-proportional reinsurance account, underwritten through the NWRe organisation, closed the 1987 year of account with an underwriting profit. The progress made by this business since commencement in 1986 has been very satisfactory. The 1988 account promises well, but in the wake of hurricane Hugo and other natural disasters we have provided an additional £400,000 from taxed reserves for the 1989 account.

We also closed the initial 1987 year of our participation in the Admiral professional indemnity syndicate. Great care is taken in establishing technical reserves for this medium to long-tail business, where claims development continues well beyond the opening three-year period. Nevertheless, an underwriting profit has emerged from the 1987 account.

### Long Term Business

The growth of single premium business was once again the dominant factor in an increase in the Life Division's turnover from £24.6 million to £37 million. Allchurches Life, our proprietary life subsidiary, achieved strong progress in sales of annuity policies, up by 72.2% at £27.1 million, with Home Income plans more than compensating a downturn in school fees contracts. The company also made a sound start in sales of unit-linked personal pensions.

In previous years the rapid growth of Allchurches has required capital support in the form of transfers into the policyholders' fund but no additional support has been necessary this year. The directors have nevertheless elected to increase the capital base of Allchurches Life in order to underpin the continued growth of business.

# Review of Group Operations



Following a valuation by the Appointed Actuary the directors of Allchurches Life have carried out their triennial review of bonuses on with profits policies. They have maintained the level of reversionary bonus but increased the rates of capital bonus payable at maturity.

With the major new business thrust directed towards Allchurches Life the main EIO life portfolio increased only modestly in very competitive markets. In this fund the directors declared unchanged reversionary and capital bonuses, apart from some minor technical adjustments to maintain equity between different policyholders, in accordance with the Actuary's recommendations. Thus EIO with profits policies continue to represent very good value for money. This is no small achievement in view of current uncertainty in stock markets, the heavy administrative costs visited on life assurers by compliance with financial services legislation and the Government's determination to impose higher taxation on policyholders' funds.

### Investment and Financial Services

Each of our funds showed a strong advance in investment income during the year. In part, this is due to growth in the funds under management but strong increases in dividends from equity investments and the higher yields available on money have underpinned the overall growth.

Except where the matching of technical liabilities requires otherwise, we remain strongly committed

to a long-term capital growth strategy, with money directed into equities and property rather than fixed interest securities. Naturally, in times of uncertainty, as at present, we allow liquidity to rise, aiming to secure high-quality investments at the right buying opportunity. Our commitment to equity investment led us to acquire a further interest in St. Andrew Trust, where we now own nearly 40% of the shares.

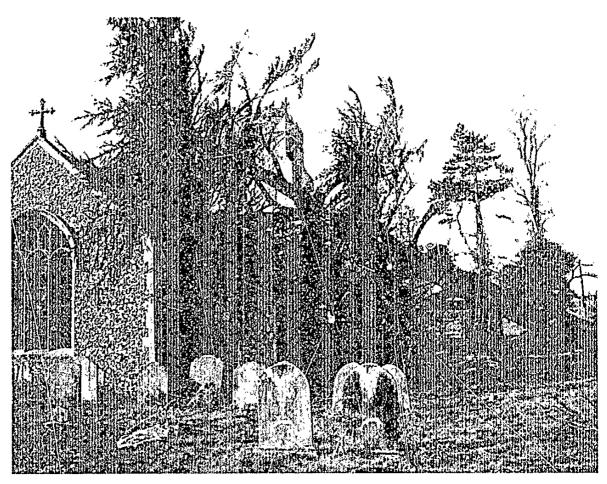
These strategies have brought us well through a difficult year. Each fund has benefited from capital gains, by trading or writing up, while unrealised capital appreciation remains substantial. In the general fund we allocated part of the unrealised surplus to strengthen the capital structure of operating companies.

Our small unit trust operation made further progress, with a useful net inflow of money, though much progress has yet to be made before this enterprise becomes self-supporting. The Amity Fund, our ethical unit trust, again performed well, both in its specialist class and in comparison with the general category of United Kingdom growth funds.

As indicated in the Chairman's Statement, we sought further progress in mortgage business, both as a direct supplier of mortgage finance, and in connection with Home Income Plans. In the aggregate the group's mortgage business has reached almost £36 million.

B. V. DAY Managing Director

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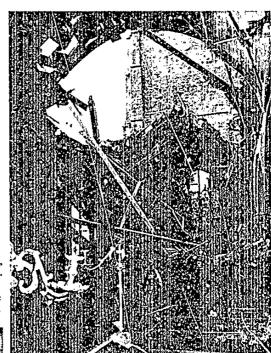


Above: St. Margaret's Church, Starston, Harleston, Norfolk,

Left Floods at Towyn, North Wales.

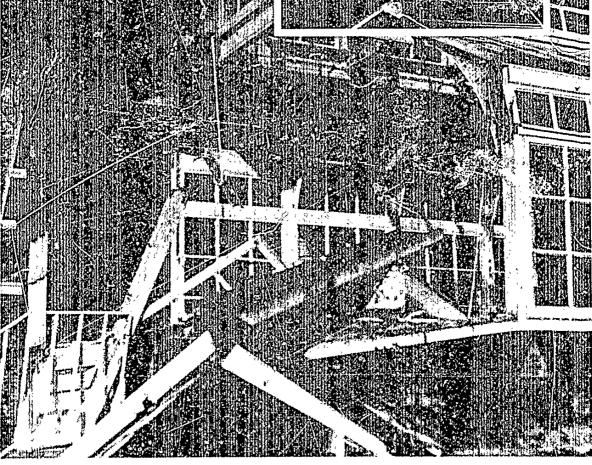


# . By Winter Storms



Right: St. John the Baptist Church, Hatherleigh, Devon.

Below: A residential nursing home in Hartley, Kent.



### Directors' Report

The directors present their annual report together with the audited accounts for the year ended 28 February 1990.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the company is that of an investment holding company. Its principal subsidiary is Ecclesiastical Insurance Office plc. That company and its insurance subsidiary transact most forms of general and long term insurance.

A list of the company's subsidiary companies is given on page 28.

#### Results

The results of the group for the year and the appropriations are shown in the consolidated profit and loss account on page 18.

### Ownership

The entire equity capital of the company is owned by Allchurches Trust Limited.

#### Covenants and Distributions

Charitable distributions amount to £1,988,000, comprising £188,000 covenants and £1,800,000 gross ordinary dividends.

<b>9</b>	
Charit thie coverants were:	£
Representative Body of the Church in Wales Church of England Pensions Board Allchurches Trust Limited Beaufort House Trust Limited	22,000 26,000 100,000 40,000
	£188,000
Dividends are as follows: Preference dividends of subsidiary	£
company	307,000
Ordinary shares—Interim paid	450,000
-Final proposed	900,000

The gross equivalent of the ordinary dividends to the parent company available for charitable purposes amounts to £1,800,000.

In the past five years over £6.5 million has been provided for Church and charitable purposes.

It is the company's policy not to make donations for political purposes.

#### Directors

The Very Revd. T. E. Evans, the Dean of St. Paul's, Mr. M. R. Cornwall-Jones and Mr. M. J. Burns, retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The Revd. and the Right Honourable Lord Sandford served on the Board until 6 July 1989.

### Capital and Reserves

In February 1990 the issued Ordinary share capital was increased from £3,050,000 to £20,000,000 by the issue of 16,950,000 new shares paid up by the capitalisation of reserves. Details appear in note 9 on the accounts.

#### Status

The close company provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1970 do not apply to the company.

### **Employees**

The average number of persons employed in the United Kingdom each week by the company and its subsidiaries was 708 and their aggregate remu aration was £8,663,124.

It is the company's policy to employ disabled persons on its standard terms of employment having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities. Where possible, employment of persons who become disabled is continued and the necessary retraining provided to allow continuing service with the company. Opportunities for training and career development are available to all staff.

The company recognises the importance of employee communication and aims to keep employees informed about its affairs. Regular meetings are held and discussion encouraged.

Under the procedural agreement with the recognised trade union, meetings are held on topics raised by either party.

### Auditors

1,350,000

A resolution will be proposed at the annual general meeting to re-appoint BDO Binder Hamlyn as auditors of the company.

By Order of the Board D. H. HAYDON Secretary 14 June 1990

# Auditors' Report



### Auditors' Report to the Members of Ecclesiastical Insurance Group plc

We have audited the financial statements on pages 15 to 28, in accordance with Auditing Standards.

In our opinion, the balance sheet of the Parent Company gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at 28 February 1990 and has been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and the financial statements of the group have been properly prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 applicable to insurance companies.

Boo Buran Hemyn

BDO BINDER HAMLYN Chartered Accountants

London 14 June 1990

### **Accounting Policies**

a Accounting and Disclosure Requirements The consolidated accounts are prepared under the provisions of Part VII, Chapter II, of the Companies Act 1985 relating to special category accounts and utilise certain of the exemptions from the disclosure requirements that are available to a group with insurance subsidiaries. The balance sheet of the company is prepared under the provisions of Part VII, Chapter I, of the Companies Act 1985. As permitted by Section 228 of the Act a separate profit and loss account for the company is not presented. Certain supplementary information is provided in notes 4, 5 and 6 in accordance with the statement of recommended practice on accounting issued by the Association of British Insurers.

#### b Subsidiary Companies and Overseas Branches

The accounting date of subsidiary companies is the last day of February.

Overseas branch trading results for the year ended 31 December are incorporated into the group results for the financial year ending on the last day of February of the following year.

### c Associated Company

The appropriate proportions of the latest published earnings and net assets are included in the accounts. The surplus of net assets over cost is added to investment reserves.

### d Exchange Rates

Assets and liabilities in overseas currencies relating to overseas branches and reinsurance are translated at the rates ruling on the previous 31 December. Revenue in overseas currencies is stated at the rates ruling on 31 December in the year in which each revenue transaction was recorded or, where appropriate, at the actual rate obtained on exchanging each currency remittance for sterling. Assets and liabilities of the overseas subsidiary and revenue for the year are translated at the rate ruling on the last day of February. Surpluses and deficits arising from the translation at those rates of exchange of the branch current accounts are taken directly to non-distributable reserves as being outside the company s mormal trading activities. Exchange profits or losses which arise from normal trading activities are taken to distributable reserves net of taxation.

#### e Insurance Funds

Unearned premiums represent the proportion of general business premiums written in the year which relate to cover provided thereafter.

An allowance is made for deferred acquisition costs according to the class of business. Outstanding claims are calculated by reference to individual cases and include amounts for claims incurred but not reported and the balances of the 'open years' accounts for London Market and inwards reinsurance business.

#### f Investment Income and Return

In the general insurance revenue account and consolidated profit and loss account investment income, comprising dividends, interest and rent is stated after charging investment expenses and is credited in the year in which received.

In the long term insurance revenue account investment return comprising net realised gains, dividends, interest and rent is stated after charging investment expenses and is credited in the year in which received.

### g Pensions

United Kingdom and Eire pension liabilities are dealt with by payment to the Ecclesiastical Insurance Office plc Staff Retirement Benefit Fund in accordance with actuarial recommendations. Canadian pension liabilities are dealt with by payment to a Canadian Trustee Fund.

### h Premiums Written

Net written premiums comprise gross direct business and reinsurance accepted (on determined years) after taking into account reinsurance ceded and portfolio transfers.

### i Reinsurance Accepted and London Market Operations

The results of reinsurance accepted and London Market operations are determined as at 31 December and incorporated into the accounts for the financial year ending on the last day of February of the following year.

London Market and certain reinsurance which due to the nature of the business is subject to delayed receipt of accounts is carried forward in an 'open year' fund until fully reported and included in outstanding claims in the balance sheet, where appropriate this being closed at the end of the second or third year of account following the year of account to which that business relates.

# **Accounting Policies**



### Depreciation

Capital expenditure on premises, computer equipment, vehicles, furniture and office equipment is capitalised and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The rates of depreciation are periodically reviewed and amounts capitalised are currently written off over the following periods:

Freehold Buildings

100 years

Leases of less than

50 years

Unexpired period

Plant and machinery; computers and office

equipment

5 years

Motor Vehicles

2 years

Land is not depreciated.

### k Revaluation Reserve

This comprises surplus on revaluation of investments and gains less losses on movements in exchange.

### Taxation

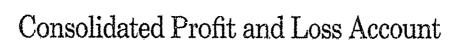
UK and overseas taxa , n charged in the Profit and Loss and Long Term Insurance Revenue Accounts is based on profits and income of the year as determined in accordance with the relevant tax legislation. Provision is not made on unrealised appreciation of investments at the balance sheet date.

# Consolidated Revenue Accounts

for the year ended 28 February 1990			
for the year ended 20 rebluary 1830		1990	1989
General Insurance	Notes	£000£	£000
Gross written premiums  Less: Reinsurance	4a	99,098 36,651	83,518 28,418
Net written premiums Increase in unearned premiums		62,447 2,793	55.100 2,791
Net earned premiums	4b	59,654	52,309
Claims incurred Expenses and commission	4c	43,403 21,240	28,595 19,113
		64,643	47,708
Underwriting result hwestment Income on General Insurance Funds	6	(4,989) 4,837	4,601 4,005
Insurance Result		(152)	8,606

### Long Term Insurance

Premiums less reassurance Investment Return on Long Term Funds	5a	36,769 11,829	24,387 9,064
	5	48,598	33,451
Less: Claims and surrenders Annuities Expenses and commission Taxation	7 5	5,173 9,499 3,481 694	5,614 6,833 3,029 677 16,153
Excess of Income over Expenditure		29,751	17,298
Transfer from investment reserve Transfer (to)/from consolidated profit and loss account		2,750 (4)	3,250 2,000
Increase in Funds		32,497	22,548





for the year ended 28 February 1990			
·		1990	1989
	Notes	£000	£000
Investment Income on Shareholders' Funds Realised Investment Gains General Insurance Result Other Operations Transfer from/(to) Policyholders' Funds of a	6 6 3	2,268 3,063 (152) (320)	1,664 770 8,606 (97)
subsidiary company  Less: Debenture Interest		4,865 780	(2,000) 8,943 780
Profit before Taxation Taxation	7	4,085 1,423	8,163 3,855
Profit after Taxation  Less:		2,662	4,308
Transfer to General Reserve Preference dividends of a subsidiary company Dividends to parent company Charitable covenants net of tax relief		306 1,350 122	1,500 307 1,460 122
Retained Profit	2	1,778	3,389 919

# Movements in reserves

Retained Profits Balance 1 March 1989 Foreign exchange gains/(losses) net of taxation Transfer to 'open year' funds Retained profit for the year		199 Group £000 1,207 (115) (400) 884	Parent £000 917 — 508	193 Group £000 263 25 — 919	Parent £000 84 — 833
Balance 28 February 1990		1,576	1,425	1,207	917
General Reserve Balance 1 March 1989 Transfer from consolidated profit and loss account		1,500		1,500	AND MINE FOR NO THE
Balance 28 February 1990		1,500		1,500	
Revaluation Reserve Balance 1 March 1989 Foreign exchange gains Surplus arising from revaluation of investments Amount capitalised	9	29,752 826 4,526 (16,950)	31,542  5,213 (16,950)	24,352 412 4,988	24,531 7,011
Balance 28 February 1990		18,154	19,805	29,752	31,542
Total Reserves		21,230	21,230	32,459	32,459

# Consolidated Balance Sheet

at 28 February 1990		1990	1989
	Notes	£000	£000£
Share Capital		20,000	3,050
Reserves Revaluation Reserve General Reserve Retained Profits		18,154 1,500 1,576	29,752 1,500 1,207
	9	41,230	35,509
Minority Interests	10	3,331	3,225
Insurance Funds	4d, e	68,485	54,498
Other Liabilities due within one year due after more than one year  Long Term Insurance Accounts (see separate balance sheet page 20)	13 15	25,724 6,000 31,724 164,421 309,191	28,026 6,000 34,026 140,506 267,764
Investments	12	62,802	57,844
Associated Company	14	33,439	25,266
Fixed Assets		4,414	3,010
Other Assets	13	44,115	41,138
Long Term Insurance Accounts (see separate balance sheet page 20)		164,421	140,506
		309,191	267,764



# Parent Company Balance Sheet

at 28 February 1990		1990	1989
	Notes	£000	£000
Fixed Assets Investments: Shares in group companies	14	46,842	41,199
Current Assets	13	1,419	1,523
Less: Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	13	1,022	1,213
Net Current Assets		388	310
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		47,230	41,509
Less: Creditors Amount falling due after more than one year	15	6,000	6,000
Net Assets		41,230	35,509
Represented by: Capital and Reserves	9	41,230	35,509

C. A. McLINTOCK
B. V. DAY

Directors

# Long Term Business Balance Sheet

1990 £000 163,239 	1989 £000 139,539 967
163,239	139,539 96 <i>7</i>
1,182	967
164 491	
104,421	140,506
157,593	133,178
855	772
5,973	6.556
164,421	140,506
	855 5,973

# Group Statement of Source and Application of Funds

for the year ended 28 February 1990 (excluding Long Term Business)		
too too too to an amount to a continuing noting not	1990	1989
Source of Funds	£000	RODA
Profit before taxation	4.000	th militar
Transfer to 'open year' funds	4,085 (400)	8,163
Profit retained in associated company	(60)	(24)
Depreciation	814	896
Minorities	110	5° 3007
Adjustments for movements in: Exchange rates	711	438
Insurance funds and outstanding claims	13,987	2,431
Creditors	(812)	(4,319)
Debtors	(1,666)	2,377
Total generated from operations	16,769	9,962
Application of Funds Charitable Grants Preference dividends paid by subsidiary company Dividends paid Tax paid Funds available for investment	188 306 1,550 2,434 4,478 12,291	188 307 360 960 1,815 8,147
Change in Investments and Liquid Funds Fixed interest securities Ordinary stocks and shares Properties Other investments Fixed assets Acquisition of interest in associated company Cash at bank and in hand	3,008 3,004 278 1,196 2,218 1,065 1,522	(668) 1,343 391 (274) 1,504 928 4,923

#### 1. Exchange Rates The principal rates of exchange used for translation are: 1990 1989 Canada C\$1.87 C\$2.15 Republic of Ireland IR£1.04 IR£1.20 2 Retained Profits Retained profits have been dealt with in the following accounts: £000 £000 Parent Company 508 833 Subsidiary Companies 316 62 Associated Company 24 60 884 939 3 Other Operations £000 £000 Unit Trust Management (120)(97)Underwriting Management (134)Churches Purchasing Scheme (66)(320)(97)4 General Insurance Business In the consolidated revenue account premiums and claims are made up as follows: £000 £000 (a) Gross written premiums Property Damage 65,010 56,225 Other Classes 34,088 27,293 99.098 83,518 (b) Premiums earned Premiums written less reinsurance 62,447 55,100 Increase in unearned premiums (3,454)(3,464)Increase in deferred acquisition costs 661 673 59,654 52,309 (c) Claims incurred Gross incurred 96,560 42,312 Reinsurance recoveries (53, 157)(13,717)Net incurred 43,403 28,595 In the consolidated balance sheet insurance funds are made up as follows: (d) Unearned premiums Gross of reinsurance 40,098 34,728 (12,228)Reinsurance ceded (13,812)Deferred acquisition costs (4,928)(4,201)21,358 18,299 (e) Outstanding claims Gross of reinsurance 103,145 58,905 Reinsurance recoverable (56,018)(22,706)36,199 47,127 **Total Insurance Funds** 68,485 54,498

### 5 Long Term Insurance Business

In the consolidated revenue account the increase in the Mutual and Non Mutual Funds is made up as follows:

follows:						
	Mu 1990	tual 1989	Non I 1990	Autual 1989	To 1990	otal 1389
	£000	£000	£000	2000 2000	£000	Linia
Income Life Assurance and Endowment						
Certain premiums	5,236	4,738	149	មួញ	5,385	4,830
Consideration for annuities granted Pension Fund premiums	1,905 1,776	1,983 1,835	27,073 630	15.1.24 15	28,978 2,406	17,707 1,850
Investment return	8,917 6,268	8,556 5,473	27,852 5,561	15,831 3,591	36,769 11,829	24.887 9,064
	15,185	14,029	33,413	19,422	48,598	33,451
Expenditure	0.000	4040	450			N 6000
Claims incurred Surrenders	3,998 826	4,849 539	176 173	34 192	4,174 999	4,883 731
Annuities	2,971	2,917	6,528	3,916	9,499	<b>5,833</b>
	7,795	8,305	6,877	4,142	14,672	12,447
Expenses Taxation	1,907 654	2,016 499	1,574 40	1,013 254	3,481 694	$\frac{3.029}{677}$
	10,356	10,744	8,491	5,409	18,847	16,153
Excess of Income over Expenditure Transfer from Investment Reserve	4,829 2,750	3,285 2,250	24,922	14,013	29,751	17,298
Transfer (to)/from Shareholders Funds	2,750	3,250	(4)	2,000	2,750 (4)	3,250 2,000
Funds at beginning of year	69,843	63,308	43,530	27,517	113,373	90,825
Funds at end of year (see note 11)	77,422	69,843	68,448	43,530	145,870	113.373
(a) Premiums Written Gross written premiums					36,990	24,567
Reassurance ceded					(221)	(180)
					36,769	24,387
(b) Class analysis						
Life Policies—Single						10
—Regular Annuities —Single					5,433 28,979	4,899 17,707
Pensions —Single					1,006	339
—Regular					1,448	1,542
Endown.ent Certain					124	70
					30,990	24,567
(c) Claims and Surrenders Gross of reassurance					5,173	5,617
Reassurance recoveries					-	181
					5,173	5.014
						deserted these paragraphs of the sec





6 Investment Income and Return	Long Term Business				General	
o mandament contraction and management	Mu	ıtual	Non 1	Mutual		iness
	1990 £000	1989 £960	1990 £000	£099 1939	1990 £000	भूतिविध १९४०
Investment Income	6,183	5,375	5,445	3,386	6,301	5,228
Associated Company	· <del></del>	* ***		Target	1,089	824
Realised Investment Gains	338	36	146	236	3,063	770
	6,521	5,770	5,591	3,622	10,453	6,822
Leas Expenses	253	207	30	31	285	383
	6,268	5,473	5,561	3,591	10,168	6,439
Allocated to:						<del>,</del>
Consolidated Revenue Accounts Consolidated Profit and Loss Account	6,268	5,473	5,561	3,531	4,837	4,005
Investment Income	_	C BMF	_		2,268	1,664
Realised Investment Gains		Arm		-	3.963	770
	6,268	5,473	5,561	3,591	10,168	6, 39
	-			***************************************		

Following a refinement of the allocation of investment income and gains between technical and shareholders' funds a re-allocation of comparative figures has been effected and this resulted in a transfer of £936,000 from General Business Revenue Account to the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account.

#### 7 Taxation

Taxation charged in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account is Corporation Tax at the rate of 35% (1989: 35%) based on the profit for the year and tax credit attributable to United Kingdom franked investment income received. The Long Term Funds are charged to tax on the bases applicable to Life Assurance and Annuity business.

The charges for the year and any adjustments for prior years are:

The charges for the year and any adjacomonic to	prior Joure	Long Tern	Business		General	
	Mu	tual	Non Mutual		Busi	iness
	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989
	000	0000	$\mathfrak{L}000$	£000	£000	$\mathfrak{L}000$
UK Corporation Tax	208	145	_	250	744	3,222
Overseas taxation	12	13			330	304
	220	158	_	250	1,074	3,526
Less relief for overseas taxation	12	4	<u> </u>		330	304
	208	154	_	250	744	3 222
Tax credit on franked investment income	481	123	41	6	416	368
Share of Associated Company's taxation		******		patro	272	206
	689	277	41	256	1,432	3.796
Prior year adjustment	(35)	146	(1)	(2)	(9)	59
	654	423	40	254	1,423	3,855
		المراجعة ا				فتشتنسن

Capital Gains
If the investments of the group were realised at the amounts at which they are included in the accounts a liability to corporation tax of approximately £14.0m (1989: £16.0m) would arise. Of this £9.1m (1989: £9.2m) would relate to the Shareholders' Funds, £4.9m (1989: £6.8m) to the Long Term Funds.

### 8 Leaso Commitments

Annual commitments under non-cancellable of	perating leases were	e as follows:		
	1990	1990	1989	1989
	Premises	Equipment	Premises	Equipment
	000£	0003	£96D	¥0.00
Expiring within 1 year	_	52	paralle 4	I Sad
Between 1-5 years	780		391	52
·		<del></del>	4 -	•
	780	52	391	52

9 Share Capital and Reserves	Group	Parent	Group	Parent
Share Camital	1990	1990	1989	11489
Share Capital Authorised, Allotted, Issued and Fully Paid Ordinary Share Capital	0003	£000	<b>इ</b> स)र्सम	<b>集轉程</b> 表
20,000,000 (1989: 3,050,000) Shares of £1 each	20,000	20,000	3,050	3,050
Reserves				
Revaluation Reserve	18,154	19,805	29,752	31.542
General Reserve	1,500	,	1,500	
Retained Profits	1,576	1,425	1,207	917
	41,230	41,230	35,509	35,509

The authorised share capital was increased during the year from £3,050,060 to £20,000,000 by the creation of a further 16,950,000 new Ordinary Shares of £1 each. These shares were paid up by the capitalisation of £16,950,000 standing to the credit of revaluation reserve.

### 10 Minority Interests

Minority interests comprise preference and ordinary share capital in subsidiary companies less attributable losses.

	1990	1989
	£000	2000
Ecclesiastical Insurance Office plc		
2.8% First Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each	221	225
10% Redeemable Second Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each	3.000	3.000
Ecclesiastical Underwriting Management Limited	-,	
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	110	2*
	3,331	3,225

The subsidiary has the right to redeem all or any of the Redeemable Second Cumulative Preference Shares at par together with a premium, as follows:

Year of Redemption	Premium
up to 1992	10%
1993 to 1997	71/2%
1998 to 2002	5%
2003 to 2007	21/2%
2008 to 2012	Nil

Any of these Preference Shares not previously redeemed will be redeemed at par on 31 December 2012.

### 11 Long Term Insurance Funds

Insurance Funds shown in the Long Term Business Balance Sheet are as follows:

	1990 £000	1989 £000
Mutual Funds Non Mutual Funds	77,422 68,448	69,843 43,530
	145,870	114,873
Investment Reserves	17,369	26,346
	163,239	1,39,530



### 12 Investments

Investments are valued in accordance with the Insurance Companies Regulations. Listed investments are at mid-market value, properties are valued at net realisable value by independent Chartered Surveyors and other investments (mortgages and loans) are at valuation reflecting year end interest rates.

, , ,	•			•		
	1990	1990	1990	1989	1989	1989
	Long Term	General	Total	Long Term	General	Total
'	2000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
British Government and British						
Government guaranteed						
securities	20,671	12,461	33,132	26,498	12,728	39,136
United Kingdom Municipal,						
County and Public Boards	005	0.00	1 167	991	291	1,282
securities Government, Provincial and	905	262	1,167	331	201	1,202
Municipal securities other than						
United Kingdom	2,492	5,564	8,056	1,539	5,799	7,338
Debentures and loan stocks	20,430	9,351	29,781	20,903	7,213	28,116
Preference shares	2,091	2,218	4,309	1,817	2,653	4,470
Ordinary stocks and shares	64,197	28,660	92,857	56,071	26,401	82,472
Other investments, including			07.007	10.050	5.40	1 4 500
mortgages and loans	34,066	1,828	35,894	13,853	746	14,599
Freehold and leasehold properties	12,741	2,458	15,199	11,596	2,013	13,609
	157,593	62,802	220,395	133,178	57,844	191,022
				<del></del>		
13 Other Assets and Liabilities			1000	4000	*000	1000
	1990	1990	1990	1989	1989	_ 1989
	Long	Consoli-	Parent	Long	Consoli-	Parent
	Term	dated	Company	Term	dated	Company
Current Assets	£000	£000	000£	£000	£000	0003
Agents and other insurance debts	502	28,655		150	29,298	14are
Other debtors, including taxation	1,866	2,394		1,191	940	201
Dividends from subsidiary	_	-	1,050	<del></del>	******	1,250
Group balances	27	644	360	25 5,190	10,900	72
Cash at bank and in hand	3,578	12,422		17,100	10,300	ند∀ د عد سمت
	5,973	44,115	1,410	€,556	41,138	1,523
				FAT FA 10 700 1		<u></u>
Creditors: amounts falling due						
within one year						
Outstanding claims	540	01.000		567	same Egyl Aprila	X-Maries A
Due to other insurance companies	6	21,963	110	16	22,679	113
Other creditors, including taxation	636	2,854	113 9	384	4,240	113
Group balances Proposed dividend	<u></u>	907	900		1,107	1,100
I Toposcu Furtuotiu	1,182	25,724	1,022	967	28,026	1,513
	-,	,			_ · · · · ·	

### 14 Shares in Group and Associated Companies

Shares in group companies are shown at net asset value in the parent company balance sheet.

Shares in the associated company St. Andrew Trust plc are shown at net asset value in the consolidated balance sheet.

### 15 Debenture Stock

The 6,000,000 13% Debenture Stock 2018 is secured on the assets of the company. Except insofar as previously repaid, or purchased by the company or any of its subsidiaries and cancelled, the stock will be repaid at par on 31 August 2018.

### 16 Capital Commitments

At 28 February 1990 there were no outstanding contracts for capital expenditure (1989: nil). Capital expenditure authorised by the directors but not contracted for was £3.5m (1989: nil).

#### 17 Directors' Emoluments

The aggregate emoluments of the directors of the group were:

	1990	1989 £
In respect of services as directors Other emoluments including	74,654	64,622
pension contributions	205,020	156,312
	279,674	220,934
		<del></del>

In addition an ex gratia payment of £25,000 was made to one retiring director (1989: nil).

Individual emoluments (excluding pension contributions) were:

1990	1989
£	£
14,450	12,560
96,272	90,820
No.	No.
1	5
7	3
1	1
	1
1	16.
	£ 14,450 96,272

#### 18 Employees' Emoluments

The number of group employees, excluding directors, who received remuneration exceeding £30,000 in the financial year was:

	1990	1000
£30,001 to £35,000	12	Ç
£35,001 to £40,000	4	1
£40,001 to £45,000	1	***
£45,001 to £50,000	1	
£50,001 to £55,000		* 3
£55,001 to £60,000	2	2
£60,001 to £65,000	1	-
£65,001 to £70,000	2	Ann

#### 19 Pensions

The group's main scheme is a defined benefit scheme for UK and Eire employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group by the Ecclesiastical Insurance Office plc Staff Retirement Benefit Fund. Pension costs for this scheme are determined, on the basis of triennial valuations, by a qualified Actuary who is an employee of the group, using the aggregate method. The most recent valuation was at 31 August 1989. The assumptions which have the greatest effect on the valuation results are those related to the rate of return on investment and the rate of increase in salaries. It is assumed that there will be a margin of 2% between investment return and salary growth. Other than in respect of statutory pension increases no allowance was made for pension increases as these are separately

The most recent actuarial valuation showed that the market value of the scheme's assets was £19,881,000, representing 101.9% of the benefits that had accrued to members, after allowing for expected future increases in earnings. The contribution of the group to the Fund is 20% of pensionable salary.

Canadian pension liabilities are dealt with by payment to a Canadian Trustee Fund.

### 20 Loans to Directors and Officers

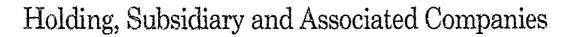
No loans or quasi loans were made to directors or connected persons during the year. One person who was an officer of the group during the year ended 28 February 1990 had a loan outstanding at that date amounting to £328.

### 21 Auditors' Remuneration

The remuneration of the auditors of the group amounted to £87,145 (1989: £71,980).

### 22 Approval of Accounts

The accounts shown on pages 15 to 28 were approved by the directors and signed on 14 June 1990.





### **Holding Company**

The company's ultimate holding company is Allchurches Trust Limited incorporated in England.

Sul	bsidiary Companies	Share Capital	Holding o Parent	f shares by: Subsidiary
(i)	Incorporated and operating in England:			
	Ecclesiastical Insurance Office plc	Ordinary Shares 2.8% First Cumulative Preference	100%	
		Shares 9.5% Redeemable Third Cumulative	11.6%	
		Preference Shares	100%	
	Ecclesiastical Group Asset Management Limited	Ordinary Shares	100%	
	The Churches Purchasing Scheme Limited	Ordinary Shares	100%	
	Ecclesiastical Underwriting Management Limited	Ordinary Shares	60%	
	Allchurches Investment Management Services Limited	Ordinary Shares		100%
	Allchurches Life Assurance Limited	Ordinary Shares		100%
	Blaisdon Properties Limited	Deferred Shares Ordinary Shares		100% 100%
	In addition there are six other wholly-ow subsidiary companies whose assets and companies of to group income are not significant.			
(ii)	Incorporated and operating in the Republic of Ireland:			
	Rei Investments Limited	Ordinary Shares		100%
As	sociated Company			
	Incorporated in Scotland:			
	St. Andrew Trust plc	Ordinary Shares 3.675% Cumulative Preference		39.7%
Stock				15.5%

### Directors' Interests

The interests of the directors, all of which are beneficial, in the 2.8% First Cumulative Preference shares of Ecclesiastical Insurance Office plc appearing in the register maintained under the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 are as follows:

Directors									Interest at 28.2.1990	Interest at 1.3.1989
C. Alan McLint	ock				•				500	500
M. R. Cornwall	Jones	3 .							500	500
J. C. Bracher		ı					•		500	500
M. J. Burns	,								500	500
B. V. Day.					•				2,970	2,970
The Very Revd.	T. E.	Evans	the D	ean o	f St. I	Paul's	•		2,900	2,900
J. D. McArdell								•	1,000	1,000
D. R. W. Silk									500	500
The Very Revd.	J. A.	Simps	on the	Dean	of Ca	interb	ury		500	500
The Rt. Revd. I									700	700
W. H. Yates						•			500	500

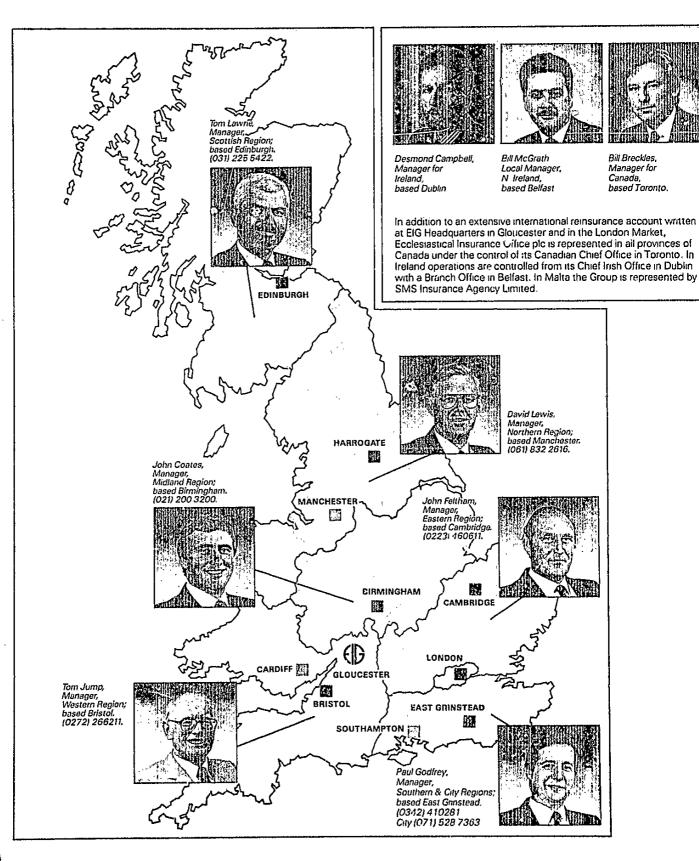
No director was interested in any other shares or debentures of the group. There has been no change in these interests since the end of the financial year to the date of this report.

No contract subsisted during or at the end of the financial year in which a  $d^i x_i$ -ctor was or is materially interested.

### Great Britain

### International





and a companie de la companie de la

### Branches and Agencies

England and Wales

London

Regional Manager: T. P. H. Godfrey ACH MIAS Manager of City Office; D. S. Bullock ACH

Regional Office: 19/21 Billiter Street, London EC3M 2RY Tel. 071 528 7363

Eastern

Regional Manager; J. M. Feltham ACH Assistant Regional Manager: J. N. Farrow

Regional Office: Abbeygate House, 164-167 East Road, Cambridge CB1 1DB

Tel. 0223 460611

Midland

Regional Manager: J. M. Coates ACII

Assistant Regional Manager: P. T. Bloxham ACH

Regional Office: Berwick House, 35 Livery Street, Birmingham B3 2PB

Tel. 021 627 0452

Northern (including Isle of Man) Regional Manager: D. J. Lewis ACH

Deputy Regional Manager: R. W. Marshall FCH Branch Manager (Manchester): J. M. Lindsey

7 Cambridge Road, Harrogate, North Yorkshire HG1 1PB

Tel. 0423 524221

Lincoln House, 1 Brazennose Street, Manchester M2 5FJ

Tel. 061 832 2616

Southern (including Channel Islands) Regional Manager: T. P. H. Godfrey ACH MIAS Deputy Regional Manager: S. F. Cakebread

Branch Manager (Southampton): D. M. F. Byrne FCH

Kings House, 13/21 Cantelupe Road, East Grinstead, Sussex RH19 3BE

Tel. 0342 410281

Adyar House, 32 Carlton Crescent,

Southampton SO1 2ZB

Tel. 0703 634488

Western (including Isles of Scilly) Regional Manager: T. B. Jump FCII Deputy Regional Manager: C. J. Langton Branch Manager (Cardiff): P. March

Kings Court, King Street, Bristol BS1 4HW

Tel. 0272 266211

Riverside House, 31 Cathedral Road,

Cardiff CF1 9HB Tel. 0222 223983

Scotland

Regional Manager: T. G. Lawrie Acu

Assistant Regional Manager: A. M. M. Fraser

Regional Office: 55 North Castle Street, Edinburgh EH2 3QA

Tel. 031 225 5422

## Branches and Agencies



Ircland

65 Fitzwillîam Square, Dublin 2 Tel. Dublin 687033

Manager for Ireland: D. E. Campbell

Local Manager: W. C. McGrath Acu

Friends' Provident Building, 58 Howard Street, Belfast BT1 6PH

Tel. Belfast 233130

Canada

Chief Office: 2300 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ontario M4P 1E4

Advisory Board: C. Alan McLintock, B. V. Day, D. W. Stapleton, P. C. Mangin, W. T. Breckles, M. E. T. Payne, Prof. W. Waters, D. Stovel

Manager for Canada: W. T. Breckles ascinons), MBA

Maritimes Office: 255 Lacewood Drive, Halifax, Nova Scotia B3M 4G2

Manager: H. Meek

British Columbia Office: 545 Clyde Avenue, West Vancouver,

British Columbia, V7T 1C5

Manager: Miss D. Burcham

Newfoundland: c/o R. C. Anthony Insurance Agency Inc., P.O. Box 8130, Kenmount Road, St. John's, Newfoundland, A1B 3N2

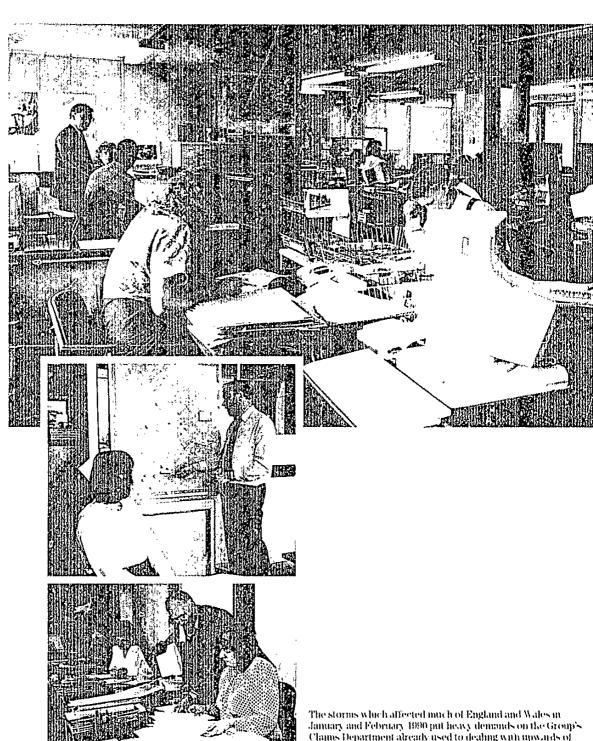
Provincial General Agent: R. C. Anthony

Quebec: c/o Société de Courtage Meloche Limitée, 500 Réné Levesque Blvd West, Montreal, Quebec, H2Z 1Y4

Provincial General Agent: Robert Di Marco

Malta

Underwriting Agents: SMS Insurance Agency Ltd., 33 Tower Road, Sliema, Malta



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The storms which affected much of England and Wales in January and February 1990 put heavy demands on the Group's Claims Department already used to dealing with upwards of 10,000 claims of all types each year

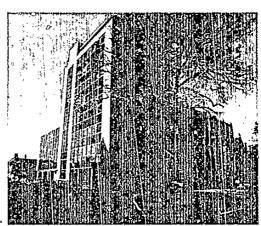
In the immediately ensuing period the department operated a seven day working week to deal with an additional  $20,000\,\mathrm{storm}$  damage claims



# **Branch Offices**

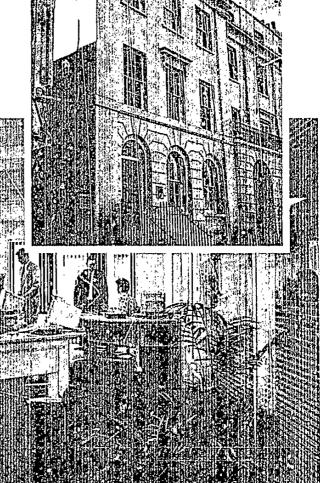
The Group continued its expansion into large cities during the year by opening new offices in Cardiff and Southampton. In Bristol the Group office moved to the new, larger accommodation in the heart of one of the main financial areas of the city,

Bristol, Kings Court.



Cardiff, Riverside House.

Southampton, Adyar House.



# Five Year Summary

Years to end of February	1990 £000	1989 £000	1988 £000	1987 £000	1986 £000
Premium Income					
Gross written premiums				=0.000	45 550
General insurance	99,098	83,518	68,737	58,800	45,779 10,978
Long term insurance	36,990	24,567	15,288	13,254	10,576
Total	136,088	108,085	84,025	72,054	56,757
Net written premiums			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
General insurance	62,447	55,100	47,816	41,336	30,721
Long term insurance	36,769	24,387	15,107	13,113	10,860
Total	99,216	79,487	62,923	54,449	41,581
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Summary of Results					
Profit/(Loss) before Taxation	4,085	8,163	(318)	3,399	2,439
Taxation	1,423	3,855	21	1,274	862
Profit/(Loss) after Taxation Less:	2,662	4,308	(297)	2,125	1,577
Transfer to General Reserve		1,500			
Preference dividends of a subsidiary	306	307	307	307	307
Dividends to parent company	1,350	1,460	300	170	155
Charitable convenants net of tax relief	122	122	41	512	420
	1,778	3,389	648	989	882
Retained Profit/(Loss)	884	919	(945)	1,136	695
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Capital and Reserves	41,230	35,509	27,665	35,714	25,724
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Insurance Funds					
General Business	68,485	54,498	52,067	41,107	31,018
Long Term (Mutual)	104,587	97,939	86,043	82,494	65,570
Long Term (Non Mutual)	58,652	41,600	29,479	21,794	17,078
	231,724	194,037	167,589	145,395	113,666