Company registration number: 01706936

PATTERDALE MUSIC LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 AUGUST 2017

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - 31 AUGUST 2017

				•	
		2017		2016	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	62		82	
			62	***************************************	82
Current assets					
Debtors	6	615		110	
Cash at bank and in hand		445		333	
		1,060		443	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(493)		(582)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			567		(139)
Total assets less current liabilities			629		(57)
Not assets//liabilities			629		(57)
Net assets/(liabilities)					
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			627		(59)
Shareholder funds/(deficit)			629		(57)
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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - 31 AUGUST 2017 (CONTINUED)

For the year ending 31 August 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholder has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 13 March 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A M Barratt

Director

Company registration number: 01706936

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 59 Marlpit Lane, Coulsdon, Surrey, CR5 2HF.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services rendered, net of Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) - YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

4. Profit/loss before taxation

Profit/loss before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	Profitioss before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting).		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Depreciation of tangible assets	20	27
	•	====	
_	Tarrell In consta	•	
5.	Tangible assets	-	
		Fixtures,	Total
		fittings and	
		equipment £	c
	Cont	L	£
	Cost	240	0.40
	At 1 September 2016 and 31 August 2017	342	342
	Depreciation		
	At 1 September 2016	260	260
	Charge for the year	20	20
	charge to the jour		
	At 31 August 2017	280	280
	Councing amount		===
	Carrying amount	00	00
	At 31 August 2017	62	62
	At 31 August 2016	82	82
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) - YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Debtors		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade debtors	615	89
Other debtors	-	21
	615	110
		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade creditors	450	539
Other creditors	43	43
·	493	582
	Other debtors Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors	Trade debtors 615 Other debtors - 615 615 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2017 £ £ Trade creditors 450 Other creditors 43