REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

International Hoteliers (UK) Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year ended

30 September 2000





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BDO Stoy Hayward Chartered Accountants

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2000

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Directors

M A Cairns J O'Shea S Moatassem

Secretary and registered office

S Moatassem, 93 Park Lane, London, W1Y 3TA.

Company number

1698769

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward, 8 Baker Street, London, W1U 3LL.

Report of the directors for the year ended 30 September 2000

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2000.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company consists of the ownership of, and investment in the Churchill Inter-Continental Hotel, Portman Square, London.

Review of the business

During the year the company continued to receive rental income under the sub-lease with Churchill Group Limited and will do so during 2000-2001.

Results and dividends

The results of the company for the year are set out on page 5 and show profit for the year on ordinary activities after taxation of £579,000 (1999 - £4,642,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year.

Fixed assets

The directors have released part of the provision in the company's balance sheet against its investment in the subsidiary undertaking.

The directors are of the opinion that the market value of the fixed assets is not less than that shown in the financial statements.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were:

M A Cairns

J O'Shea

S Moatassem

No director had any beneficial interest in the shares of the company at any time during the year.

Report of the directors for the year ended 30 September 2000 (Continued)

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

S Moatassem

Director

Date 5 December 2001

Report of the independent auditors

To the shareholders of International Hoteliers (UK) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of International Hoteliers (UK) Limited on pages 5 to 13 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 8.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2000 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BDO STOY HAYWARD

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Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London

5 December 2001

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 September 2000

	Note	Year ended 30 September 2000 £'000	Period ended 30 September 1999 £'000
Turnover	2	463	347
Other operating charges		(2,155)	(5)
Operating profit	3	(1,692)	342
Income from shares in group undertakings		5,567	3,345
Exceptional release	5	2,271	4,300
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(5,567)	(3,345)
Retained profit on ordinary activities before and after taxation	7,15	579	4,642

All amounts relate to continuing activities.
All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements

Note of historical cost profits and losses for the year ended 30 September 2000

	Year ended 30 September 2000 £'000	Period ended 30 September 1999 £'000
Note of historical cost profits and losses		
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	579	4,642
Difference between actual and historical cost depreciation	1,706	-
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2,285	4,642

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements

Balance sheet at 30 September 2000

	Note	2000 £'000	2000 £'000	2000 £'000	1999 £'000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		105,350		107,500
Investments	9		22,810		18,539
			126,160		126,039
Current assets					
Debtors	10	11,091		5,066	
Net current assets			11,091		5,066
Total assets less current liabilities			137,251		131,105
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11		79,969		74,402
			57,282		56,703
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		2,000		2,000
Revaluation reserve	14		98,625		98,625
Profit and loss account	14		(43,343)		(43,922)
Shareholders' funds	15		57,282		56,703

All items within shareholders' funds are equity.

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The financial statements were approved by the board on	\supset	$\cup \epsilon$	ecember	2	اب		′ ¹

S Moatassem
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Directors

J O'Shea
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The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2000

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for long leasehold land and buildings which are stated at directors' valuation, and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following principal accounting policies have been applied.

Basis of consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the exemption not to submit group accounts as the company is itself a wholly owned subsidiary of an EC parent company incorporated in Great Britain (see note 16). The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Revaluation of land and buildings

FRS15 requires fixed assets which are carried at revalued amounts to be shown at their current value at the balance sheet date. To achieve this freehold and long leasehold land and buildings are subject to a full valuation every 5 years with an interim valuation carried out in the third year of this cycle.

The profit or loss on disposal of revalued properties is calculated by reference to net book value and any realised revaluation surplus is transferred to the profit and loss account through reserves.

Depreciation

Deprecation is provided to write off the cost or valuation of all tangible fixed assets evenly over their expected useful lives. The company's long leasehold land and buildings are being depreciated over 50 years.

Valuation of investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less any provision for diminution in value.

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise.

2 Turnover

Turnover represents rental income, exclusive of value added tax, under the sub-lease with the company's subsidiary undertaking, Churchill Group Limited.

All revenue is generated in the United Kingdom.

The directors consider the whole of the activities of the company to constitute a single class of business.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2000 (Continued)

3	Operating profit	Year ended 30 September 2000 £'000	Period ended 30 September 1999 £'000
	This is arrived at after charging:		
	Depreciation	2,150	-

Directors and employees 4

The average number of employees, including directors, during the year was 3 (1999 - 3).

No directors received any remuneration during the year.

5 **Exceptional item**

	Year ended 30 September 2000 £'000	Period ended 30 September 1999 £'000
Release of provision against the cost of investment in Churchill Group Limited	2,271	4,300

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nterest payable	Year ended 30 September 2000 £'000	Period ended 30 September 1999 £'000
Interest payable on loans repayable within five years:		
Loans from parent undertaking (note 10)	5,567	3,345

Taxation on ordinary activities

No taxation is payable due to the availability of tax losses (1999 - £Nil).

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2000 (Continued)

8	Tangible fixed assets	•
		Long leasehold
		land and
		buildings £'000
	Cost or valuation At 1 October 1999 and at 30 September 2000	107,500
	7tt 1 October 1999 and at 30 September 2000	
	Depreciation	
	At 1 October 1999 Provision for the year	2,150
	110 violon for the year	
	Net book value	105.250
	At 30 September 2000	105,350
	At 30 September 1999	107,500
	The long leasehold interest is stated at directors' valuation made on an open ma	rket value basis in 1988.
	The corresponding amount stated on a historical cost basis is as follows:	
	Cost	£'000
	At 30 September 2000	8,698
	At 1 October 1999	8,875
9	Fixed asset investments	
		£'000
	Cost	
	At 1 October 1999 and at 30 September 2000	46,661
	Amounts provided	
	At 1 October 1999	28,122
	Released during the year	(2,271)
	At 30 September 2000	25,851
		23,631
	Net book amount	40.040
	At 30 September 2000	20,810
	At 30 September 1999	18,539

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2000 (Continued)

9 Fixed asset investments (Continued)

Further details of the subsidiary undertaking are given below:

Name	Principal activity	Description and proportion of shares held	Country of registration
Churchill Group Limited	Hotelier	100% ordinary shares 100% deferred shares	England

The investment is unlisted and has been adjusted by the directors to the net asset value of Churchill Group Limited at 30 September 2000.

10	Debtors	2000 £'000	1999 £'000
	Amounts owed by subsidiary undertaking Amounts owed by parent undertakings	10,793 298	4,768 298
		11,091	5,066
11	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2000 £'000	1999 £'000
	Loans from parent undertaking	79,969	74,402

Interest of £4,134,000 (1999 - £3,345,000) was incurred in respect of these loans.

12 Provision for liabilities and charges

An analysis of the closing balance of deferred taxation is shown below:

	2000	2000	1999	1999
	Unprovided	Provided	Unprovided	Provided
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Unrelieved tax losses carried forward	(5,821)	_	(4,398)	-
Revaluation of fixed assets	26,746		26,888	-
	20,925		22,490	-

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2000 (Continued)

13	Share capital			_	
		Auth 2000 Number	orised, allotted 1999 Number	l, called up and f 2000 £'000	ully paid 1999 £'000
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000	2,000
14	Reserves				Profit
				Revaluation reserve	and loss account
	Revaluation reserve At 1 October 1999 Profit for the year			9 8,62 5	(43,922) 579
	At 30 September 2000			98,625	(43,343)
15	Reconciliation of movement in sharel	holders' funds		2000	1999
				£'000	£'000
	Profit for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds			579 56,703	4,642 52,061
	Closing shareholders' funds			57,282	56,703

16 Contingent liabilities

On the 5 May 1999, a debenture and mortgage of shares were created by the company for securing all present and future obligations and liabilities from the company, Churchill Group Limited, Primeairo Limited and Havana Holdings (UK) Limited to Deutsche Pfandbrief-und Hypothekenbank Aktiengesellschaft ("DePfa"). This was later amended by a supplemental debenture created on 10 August 1999.

Under the debenture, a charge was placed on the assets and leasehold property, The Churchill Hotel.

Under the mortgage, a charge was placed on the shares and securities of the company and any income derived therefrom.

At 30 September 2000, the balance due from Havana Holdings (UK) Limited to DePfa was £87,000,000.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2000 (Continued)

17 Ultimate parent company

At 30 September 2000, the company's ultimate parent company is Havana Investments Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of the state of Jersey. The parent company of the smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are prepared is Havana Holdings (UK) Limited, a company registered in the Channel Islands

Copies of the consolidated accounts may be obtained from Media House, 93 Park Lane, London, W1Y 3TA.

The ultimate controlling party is unknown.

18 Statement of cash flows

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 not to produce a statement of cash flows since its parent company publishes consolidated financial statements, including a statement of cash flows.

19 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8, Related Party Disclosures, not to disclose transactions with group companies, on the basis that it is 90% or more controlled within the group and its parent undertaking, Havana Holdings (UK) Limited, prepares consolidated financial statements which are publicly available.

There were no other related party transactions during the year.