DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2004

Company Number: 1678961

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

M A Fallman

D P Levy

Secretary

M A Fallman

Company Number

1678961

Registered Office

25 Manchester Square

London W1U3PY

Auditors

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Reading

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DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 December 2004

The directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2004.

FINANCIAL RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

£
479,285
279,219
(250,000)
508,504

The directors propose a dividend of £250,000 (2003: £200,000).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activities of the company remained that of wholesale suppliers, importers and exporters in the clothing and fashion trade.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors have continued to develop the business of the company in the light of prevailing trading conditions and the position as at 31 December 2004 is reflected in the audited financial statements for the year ended on that date. The company has made a positive start to 2005 and this is expected to continue into the foreseeable future.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served throughout the year except as noted were as follows:

D P Levy M A Fallman

None of the directors held shares in the company at any time during the current or preceding year.

Mr D P Levy was also director of the holding company, Rapallo Limited, and his interest in that company is disclosed in the Director's Report of the consolidated Group accounts (see note 15).

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DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 December 2004 (continued)

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- * select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- * make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- * state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- * prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any one time the financial position of the company and comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

A resolution proposing that Deloitte & Touche LLP be reappointed as auditors of the company will be submitted at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report was approved by the Board and signed on behalf of the Board by:

D P LEVY Director

27 October 2005

Registered office:

25 Manchester Square, London WIU 3PY

We have audited the financial statements of Condici Limited for the year ended 31 December 2004 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 15. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with the relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company and other members of the group is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the company, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Delotte e losde CIP

Reading

28 October 2005

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 31 December 2004

of sales (1,208,494) (1,390,589) s profit 1,574,639 1,453,727 ribution costs (539,100) (494,404) inistrative expenses (677,851) (681,159) r operating income 11,466 - rating profit 3 369,154 278,164 est receivable and similar income 29,514 29,341 it on ordinary 398,668 307,505 on profit (119,449) (92,842) it on ordinary (119,449) (92,842) it on ordinary (119,463) 279,219 214,663 dends 7 (250,000) (200,000)		Notes		
of sales (1,208,494) (1,390,589) s profit 1,574,639 1,453,727 ribution costs (539,100) (494,404) inistrative expenses (677,851) (681,159) r operating income 11,466 - rating profit 3 369,154 278,164 rest receivable and similar income 29,514 29,341 it on ordinary 398,668 307,505 on profit (119,449) (92,842) it on ordinary 279,219 214,663 dends 7 (250,000) (200,000)			_	
1,574,639 1,453,727 1,574,639 1,453,727 1,574,639 1,453,727 1,574,639 1,453,727 1,574,639 1,453,727 1,574,639 1,453,727 1,404 (681,159) 1,466 -	Turnover	1,2	2,783,133	2,844,316
inistrative expenses (539,100) (494,404) (inistrative expenses (677,851) (681,159) roperating income 11,466 - arting profit 3 369,154 278,164 est receivable and similar income 29,514 29,341 arting before taxation 398,668 307,505 con profit redinary activities 6 (119,449) (92,842) arting profit or ordinary fittes after taxation 279,219 214,663 dends 7 (250,000) (200,000)	Cost of sales		(1,208,494)	(1,390,589)
inistrative expenses (677,851) (681,159) r operating income 11,466 - rating profit 3 369,154 278,164 rest receivable and similar income 29,514 29,341 rit on ordinary rities before taxation 398,668 307,505 ron profit redinary activities 6 (119,449) (92,842) rities after taxation 279,219 214,663 dends 7 (250,000) (200,000)	Gross profit		1,574,639	1,453,727
rest receivable and similar income 29,514 29,341 20,341 2	Distribution costs Administrative expenses Other operating income		(677,851)	
it on ordinary ities before taxation 398,668 307,505 on profit redinary activities 6 (119,449) (92,842) it on ordinary rities after taxation 279,219 214,663 dends 7 (250,000) (200,000)	Operating profit	3	369,154	278,164
ities before taxation 398,668 307,505 on profit rdinary activities 6 (119,449) (92,842) it on ordinary rities after taxation 279,219 214,663 dends 7 (250,000) (200,000)	Interest receivable and similar income		29,514	29,341
ton ordinary activities 6 (119,449) (92,842) it on ordinary pities after taxation 279,219 214,663 dends 7 (250,000) (200,000)	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		398,668	307,505
dends 7 (250,000) (200,000)	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(119,449)	(92,842)
	Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		279,219	214,663
it for the year transferred to reserves 29,219 14,663	Dividends	7	(250,000)	(200,000)
	Profit for the year transferred to reserves		29,219	14,663
ined profits brought forward 479,285 464,622	Retained profits brought forward		479,285	464,622
ined profits carried forward 508,504 479,285	Retained profits carried forward		508,504	479,285

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There are no recognised gains or losses for the current and prior years other than as stated above and accordingly no statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2004

	Notes				
			2004		2003
		£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	8		8,314		13,705
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stock Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9 10	168,043 1,015,373 409,338		173,510 1,017,670 279,389	
		1,592,754		1,470,569	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	11	(1,087,562)		(999,987)	
Net current assets			505,192		470,582
Total assets less current liabilities			513,506		484,287
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12		5,002 508,504		5,002 479,285
Equity Shareholders' funds	13		513,506		484,287

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 October 2005. Signed on behalf of the Board by:

D P LEVY Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2004

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year is set out below.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 8 not to disclose transactions with other group companies, 90% or more of whose voting rights are controlled within the group. The company has also taken advantage of the exemption provided by FRS 1 (revised) not to produce a cash flow statement since it is included in the financial statements of Condici Holdings Limited which are publicly available..

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts receivable for goods invoiced during the year excluding VAT, trade discounts and similar charges.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation and any provision for impairment and all repairs are written off as incurred. Tangible fixed assets are written down evenly over their expected useful lives as follows:

Fixtures and fittings	10 years
Computers and equipment	5 years
Leasehold improvements	2 years

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost includes all direct expenditure incurred in bringing it to its present location and condition.

Taxation

UK corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those which are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term even if the payments are not made on such a basis.

Foreign currency

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction or, if hedged, at the forward contract rate. Monetary assets and liabilities are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date or, if appropriate, at the forward contract rate. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2004 (continued)

2. **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Business activity:

The company's turnover and profit before taxation arise from the design and distribution of ladies' occasionwear.

Geographical analysis of turnover by destination:

	2004	2003	
	£	£	
United Kingdom	2,588,280	2,672,199	
Other EC Countries	146,208	159,644	
Other	48,645	12,473	
	2,783,133	2,844,316	

All turnover originates in the United Kingdom.

3. OPERATING PROFIT

is stated after charging:

	2004	2003
	£	£
Depreciation	5,391	9,804
Auditors' remuneration – audit services	6,000	6,000
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	72,218	73,600
Loss on foreign exchange	18,428	32,932
Management charge to parent undertaking	200,000	200,000

4. STAFF COSTS

The monthly average number of employees including executive directors during the year was 19 (2003: 20), made up as follows:

	2004	2003
	Number	Number
Administration and management	5	5
Distribution and sales	1	2
Production	13	13
		20
Their aggregate remuneration comprised:		
	£	£
Salaries	346,000	418,035
Social security costs	8,638	8,224
	354,638	426,259

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2004 (continued)

5.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS		
		2004 £	2003 £
	Emoluments	106,391	119,510
6.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2004 £	2003 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	398,668	307,505
	UK Corporation Tax at 30% thereon (2003: 30%)	119,600	92,251
	Depreciation in (shortfall)/excess of capital allowances Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(172) 21	555 36
		119,449	92,842
7.	DIVIDENDS		
		2004 £	2003 £
	Interim dividend - paid	100,000	100,000
	Final dividend - paid	150,000	100,000
		250,000	200,000
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2004 (continued)

8.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Fixtures, fittings and	Leasehold improvements	Total
		equipment £	£	£
	Cost			
	At I January 2004	107,048	11,488	118,536
	Additions	-	-	~
	Disposals	(6,617)	-	(6,617)
	At 31 December 2004	100,431	11,488	111,919
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2004	93,343	11,488	104,831
	Charge for the year	5,391	· <u>-</u>	5,391
	Disposals	(6,617)	-	(6,617)
	At 31 December 2004	92,117	11,488	103,605
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2004	8,314	-	8,314
	At 31 December 2003	13,705		13,705
9.	STOCK		2004	2402
			2004 £	2003 £
	Raw materials and consumables		44,794	9,985
	Finished goods and goods for resale		123,249	163,525
			168,043	173,510

There is no material difference between the balance sheet value of stocks and their replacement value.

10.	DEBTORS		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Trade debtors	958,481	963,003
	Prepayments and accrued income	56,892	54,667
		1,015,373	1,017,670

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2004 (continued)

	CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one	year			
			2004	2003	
			£	£	
	Trade creditors		315,770	386,809	
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		150,000	100,000	
	Corporation tax payable		119,449	92,842	
	Other creditors		101,410	75,203	
	Accruals and deferred income		400,933	345,133	
			1,087,562	999,987	
2 .	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL			<u> </u>	
					Allotted, issued
			Authorised		and fully paid
		2004	2003	2004	2003
		£	£	£	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000	5,002	5,002
<i>3</i> .	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN E	QUITY SHAREH	HOLDERS' FUNDS		
	Equity Shareholders' funds			£	
	At 1 January 2004			484,287	
	At 1 January 2004 Profit after tax for the year			484,287 279,219	
	At 1 January 2004 Profit after tax for the year Dividends)

14. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

At 31 December 2004 the company was committed to make annual payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings as follows:

	2004 £	2003 £
Operating leases which expire within one year Operating leases which expire within two to five years	20,128 -	20,671
	20,128	20,671

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2004 (continued)

15. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors consider the ultimate parent company to be Rapallo Limited and the immediate parent company to be Condici Holdings Limited. Both companies are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. Condici Holdings Limited is the parent of the smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are prepared. Rapallo Limited is the parent of the largest group of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are prepared. Copies of the group accounts of Rapallo Limited are available from the Registrar of Companies, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF14 3UZ. The immediate parent company is Condici Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate controlling party is Kenwood International Inc., a company incorporated in the Bahamas, for which accounts are not publicly available. The directors consider Mr. J. Lewis to be the ultimate controlling party, by virtue of his holding in Kenwood International Inc.