Company Registration No. 01678239 (England and Wales)

WDMSP Limited

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017



Company information

Directors Nigel Cook

Russell Haywood

Secretary Olswang Cosec Limited

Company number 01678239

Registered office 3 Queen Caroline Street

Hammersmith

London W6 9PE

Independent auditors Saffery Champness LLP

71 Queen Victoria Street

London EC4V 4BE

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Directors' report

For the year ended 30 September 2017

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017.

Principal activities

The company continued to act as a collection agent on behalf of the parent company.

The directors have reviewed the risks and resultant uncertainties facing the company and consider the principal risks to be legislative changes to the national economy.

The directors consider the key performance indicator for the company to be gross profit/loss.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Nigel Cook

Russell Haywood

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £5,671 (2016: £5,004).

No ordinary dividends were paid and the directors do no recommend payment of a final dividend.

Auditors

Saffery Champness LLP were appointed as auditors to the company and in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put at a General Meeting.

Directors' report (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2017

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Nigel Cook

Director

Date: 08/05/18

Independent auditors' report To the member of WDMSP Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of WDMSP Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 30 September 2017 set out on pages 6 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2017 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
 may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Independent auditors' report (continued) To the member of WDMSP Limited

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' Report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Independent auditors' report (continued) To the member of WDMSP Limited

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 1 - 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Moses Nyachae (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Saffery Champness LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors 07/06/18

71 Queen Victoria Street London EC4V 4BE

Income statement For the year ended 30 September 2017

		2017	2016
Administrative expenses	Notes	£ (5,671)	£ (5,004)
Loss before taxation		(5,671)	(5,004)
Tax on loss	3		-
Loss for the financial year		(5,671)	(5,004)

Statement of financial position As at 30 September 2017

		•			
	Alakaa		2017		2016
	Notes	Ĺ	£	£ ·	£
Current assets		,		•	
Debtors	4	22,733			
Cash at bank and in hand		-		35,135	
		22,733	•	35,135	
Creditors: amounts falling due within			•		
one year	5	(4,500)		(11,231)	
Net current assets		•	18,233		23,904
	•	•	•		
Capital and reserves					•
Called up share capital	6		2	•	2
Profit and loss reserves			18,231		23,902
Total equity		•	18,233		23,904
	•		. ===		

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on .08/.05./18... and are signed on its behalf by:

Nigel Cook **Director**

Company Registration No. 01678239

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 September 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

WDMSP Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 3 Queen Caroline Street, Hammersmith, London, W6 9PE.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures' Compensation for key management personnel.

1.2 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.3 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2017

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.4 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.5 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently recoverable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently recoverable is based on relievable losses arising in the year as the result of film tax relief legislation. Relievable losses differ from net losses as reported in the profit and loss account because they include an additional deduction relating to qualifying film development expenditure and exclude items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years, as well as items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's tax position is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2017

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.6 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions where practicable, else at the average rate over the period in which the transactions were incurred. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

1.7 Exemptions

Under FRS 102 (section 1), the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the ground that its ultimate parent company, The Walt Disney Company includes the company's cash flows in its own published consolidated statements.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2017

2	Operating loss		
		2017	2016
	Operating loss for the year is stated after charging:	£	£
	Fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the company's	•	
•	financial statements	3,500	3,500
•	Fees payable to the company's auditors for non-audit services	2,012	2,055
			. =====
3 .	Taxation		
•	The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected credit for the	vear based on	the profit
	or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
•			
		2017	2016
		£	£
		•	
•	Loss before taxation	(5,671)	(5,004)
		,	
			•
	Expected tax credit based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.00% (2016: 20.00%)	(1,110)	(1,001)
•	Losses surrendered to group	1,110	1,001
	2033e3 surremacrea to group		
	Taxation charge for the year	· <u>-</u>	_
		· ·	
	The company has estimated losses of £139,340 (2016 - £139,340) available	to carry forwa	rd against
	future trading profits.	•	
4	Debtors		
		2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Amount due from group and established	21 619	
	Amounts due from group undertakings Other debtors	21,618 1,115	- · · · -
	Durer deptots		
		22,733	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2017

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	· ,· -	6,666
	Other taxation and social security		65
•	Other creditors	4,500	4,500
		4,500	11,231
			
6	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		
	2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
			. 2

7 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

Walt Disney Pictures and Television and Walt Disney International Financing LLC hold a fixed charge over the company on the collection account and all monies and interest therein. During the year monies were collected by the company and repaid on the same day. Therefore there are no outstanding monies due.

Walt Disney Pictures holds a fixed charge over WDMSP Limited on the collection account and all monies standing to the credit thereof.

Walt Disney Pictures and Television holds a fixed charge over WDMSP Limited in respect of the rights, title, interest and all monies standing to the credit thereof from time to time. The amount secured includes all monies due or to become due from the company and/or Eclipse Film Partners No.1, Eclipse Film Partners No.2, Eclipse Film Partners No.3, Eclipse Film Partners No.4, Eclipse Film Partners No.5, Eclipse Film Partners No.6, Eclipse Film Partners No.7, Eclipse Film Partners No.8, Eclipse Film Partners No.10, Eclipse Film Partners No.11, Eclipse Film Partners No.12, Eclipse Film Partners No.16, Eclipse Film Partners No.17, Eclipse Film Partners No.20, Eclipse Film Partners No.21, Eclipse Film Partners No.22, Eclipse Film Partners No.23, Eclipse Film Partners No.34, Eclipse Film Partners No.35, Eclipse Film Partners No.36, Eclipse Film Partners No.36, Eclipse Film Partners No.37, Eclipse Film Partners No.38 and Eclipse Film Partners No.39.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2017

8 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 33.1a of FRS 102 from disclosing transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, where any subsidiary undertaking which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by a member of that group.

9 Parent company

The company's immediate parent undertaking is WEDCO EMEA Ventures Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The directors regard The Walt Disney Company, a company registered in the United States of America, as the ultimate parent company.

The smallest and largest group for which accounts are prepared and in which the results of the company are consolidated is The Walt Disney Company. Copies of the group accounts for The Walt Disney Company can be obtained from 500 Buena Vista Street, Burbank, California, 91521, USA.

The directors are unable to identify the ultimate controlling party of The Walt Disney Company, if any.