Company No: 1678234

NESSTRA SERVICES (UK) LIMITED

DIRECTORS REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

AT 31 DECEMBER 2004

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 DECEMBER 2004

The directors present their report with the accounts of the company for the year ended 31 December 2004.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is to act as Traders and Manufacturers Representatives with focus on West Africa.

TRADING RESULTS

The results of the period are shown on page 4.

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not propose to declare a dividend.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company in office during the year and their interests in the issued share capital were as follows:

·	2004 <u>Shares</u>	2003 <u>Shares</u>
Mr GEM Hermelin	108 000	108 000
Mr OE Hermelin	-	-

AUDITORS

Mr. S. S. Quadri FCCA of ADG Registered Auditors, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 384 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

On behalf of the Board

15 July 2005

MEA Bodilly

Company Secretary





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NESSTRA SERVICES (UK) LIMITED

We have audited the accounts set out on pages 4 to 8. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 6.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As described on page 6 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Director's Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

OPINION

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Registered Auditors .

15 July 2005

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR

ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

(Expressed in Pounds Sterling)

	2004 <u>£</u>	2003 <u>£</u>
Turnover	7 446 631	5 666 134
Cost of sales	<u>(6 782 011)</u>	<u>(5 041 863)</u>
Gross profit	664 620	626 271
Administrative expenses	(629 573)	(599 564)
Profit before taxation	35 047	26 707
Corporation tax	(6 254)	(5 052)
Profit after tax	28 793	21 655
Profit brought forward	<u>251 677</u>	<u>230 022</u>
Profit carried forward	<u>280 470</u>	<u>251 677</u>

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2004

(Expressed in Pounds Sterling)

	2004 <u>£</u>	2003 <u>£</u>
FIXED ASSETS	<u>641</u>	<u>2 566</u>
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Trade debtors Other debtors and prepayments	55 096 1 128 400 <u>181 811</u> 1 365 307	54 110 1 327 230 <u>94 140</u> 1 475 480
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade creditors Tax and Social Security Other creditors Banks	759 545 13 722 96 255 <u>15 956</u> 885 478	921 505 13 280 63 624 <u>27 960</u> 1 026 396
Net current assets	<u>479 829</u>	<u>449 111</u>
Net assets	<u>480 470</u>	<u>451 677</u>
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Profit and loss account	200 000 280 470 480 470	200 000 251 677 451 677

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities.

On behalf of the Board 15 July 2005

Mr GEM Hermelin

Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS AT 31 DECEMBER 2004

(Expressed in Pounds Sterling)

1. Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the company's state of affairs at the end of the year and profit or loss for the year then ended.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to select suitable accounting policies, as described below, and then apply them on a consistent basis, making judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable. The directors must also prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis it is not appropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

2. Accounting policies

a) Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities.

- b) The turnover represents the sales value of goods and services rendered during the year excluding value-added tax.
- c) Depreciation is provided on tangible assets to write off the cost, over their estimated useful lives, at the annual rate of 25% on a straight-line basis.

d) Translation of foreign currencies

All assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling at the end of the financial period. Income and expense transactions are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

3. Turnover.

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company, all of which arises in Africa.

4. Fixed assets

Furniture & Equipment		
	2004 <u>£</u>	2003 <u>£</u>
Cost	_	_
1.1.04	7 699	8 126
Additions	-	-
Retirements		<u>(427)</u>
31.12.04	<u>7 699</u>	<u>7 699</u>
Depreciation		
1.1.04	5 133	3 208
Charge for the period	1 925	2 352
Retirements	<u> </u>	-
31.12.04	<u>7 058</u>	<u>5 133</u>
Net book value 31.12.04	<u>641</u>	<u>2 566</u>

5. Directors' remuneration

Directors' remuneration of £ 55 608 (2003 £ 51 072) was paid during the period.

6. Auditors' remuneration

Audit fees amounted to £ 6 060 (2003 £ 5 775).

7. Share capital

	2004 <u>£</u>
Authorised: Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>500 000</u>
Allotted and fully paid: Ordinary shares of £1 each	200 000

8. Contingent liabilities

The directors confirm that there are no contingent liabilities which should be disclosed at the year-end.

9. Capital commitments

The directors confirm that there are no capital commitments at the year end.

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