Registered number: 01676411

Group Strategic Report,
Report of the Directors and
Consolidated Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 23 March 2019
for

Canadian & Portland Estates PLC

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Contents of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

	Page
Company Information	1
Group Strategic Report	2
Report of the Directors	3
Report of the Independent Auditors	5
Consolidated Income Statement	7
Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income	8
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	9
Company Statement of Financial Position	10
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	11
Company Statement of Changes in Equity	12
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	13
Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	14
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	15

Company Information for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

DIRECTORS:

Mr J P Miles Mr D S Leigh Mr D Goldstein Mrs M K Miles Mrs S Clark

SECRETARIES:

Mrs S Clark Ms E Tiptaft

REGISTERED OFFICE:

76 New Bond Street

London W1S 1RX

REGISTERED NUMBER:

01676411 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

RSM UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants 25 Farringdon Street

London EC4A 4AB

Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

The directors present their strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 23 March 2019. The Group is an investor in commercial property, with occasional development and trading thereof.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The business continued to perform well with good levels of occupancy across the portfolio.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Given the relatively straightforward nature of the business, the directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators (KPIs) is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The directors monitor gross rentals as a key measure which were as follows:

2019: £601,187 2018: £538,500

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The main risks of which the group are aware are:

- Loss of tenants resulting in rental and other void costs;
- Potential increases in interest rates:
- Ensuring sufficient cashflow

The Group plans for the above by:

- Having high quality properties to minimise voids levels;
- Having a low loan to value ratio to minimise the impact of any voids or reductions in market values;
- Monitoring cashflow across the business on a quarterly basis and producing forecasts regularly.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The group will continue to explore opportunities to improve returns on existing property holdings and may make new acquisitions should unusually attractive opportunities arise.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mrs S Clark - Director

18 September 2019

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 23 March 2019.

DIVIDENDS

The company did not declare any dividends in the year (2018: £Nil).

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 24 March 2018 to the date of this report.

Mr J P Miles Mr D S Leigh Mr D Goldstein Mrs M K Miles Mrs S Clark

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The directors' financial risk management objective is to maximise financial assets and minimise financial liabilities whilst not engaging in speculation.

GOING CONCERN

The directors' assessment of going concern is set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

DISCLOSURE IN THE STRATEGIC REPORT

In accordance with S414C of the Companies Act; included in the Strategic Report is the review of the business and principal risks and uncertainties. This information would have otherwise been required by Schedule 7 of the Large and Medium size Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 to be contained in the Directors Report.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

AUDITORS

The auditors, RSM UK Audit LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mrs S Clark - Director

18 September 2019

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Canadian & Portland Estates PLC

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Canadian & Portland Estates PLC (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 23 March 2019 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, Company Statement of Financial Position, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 23 March 2019 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice:
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group and parent company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's or the parent company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Canadian & Portland Estates PLC

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
 or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

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This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's embers those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Fem We kndit ling

Nicholas Davies FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants 25 Farringdon Street London

Date: 2619 | 2619

Consolidated Income Statement for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
TURNOVER	3	601,187	538,500
Cost of sales		(143,788)	(88,018)
GROSS PROFIT		457,399	450,482
Administrative expenses		(7,000)	(38,713)
ı		450,399	411,769
Gain/loss on revaluation of inv	estments	850,000	
OPERATING PROFIT		1,300,399	411,769
Interest receivable and similar	income		22
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		1,300,399	411,791
Tax on profit	5	(180,606)	(55,598)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIA	L YEAR	1 <u>,119,793</u>	356,193
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests		810,579 309,214	246,064 110,129
		1 <u>,119,793</u>	356,193

Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		1,119,793	356,193
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCO	OME	-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCO FOR THE YEAR	ME	1,119,793	356,193
Total comprehensive income attrib Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	outable to:	810,579 309,214	246,064 110,129
		1,119,793	<u>356,193</u>

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 23 March 2019

		20 ⁻	19	201	18
5W55 40055	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	7		4,000,000		3,150,000
			4,000,000		3,150,000
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	9	2,932,601 203,045		2,529,309 <u>307,005</u>	
		3,135,646		2,836,314	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	10	314,250		298,212	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,821,396		2,538,102
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			6,821,396		5,688,102
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	11		(306,539)		(186,984)
NET ASSETS			6,514,857		<u>5,501,118</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	12		50,040		50,040
Share premium	13		3,580		3,580
Fair value reserve	13		2,439,931		1,698,306
Retained earnings	13		3,541,003		3,472,049
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			6,034,554		5,223,975
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	14		480,303		277,143
TOTAL EQUITY			6,514,857		5,501,118

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 18 September 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs S Clark - Director

Company Statement of Financial Position 23 March 2019

		20	19	201	8
FIVED ACCETO	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Investments	8		963,348		963,348
			963,348		963,348
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors Cash at bank	9	3,267,212 159,779		2,881,520 245,437	
CREDITORS		3,426,991		3,126,957	
Amounts falling due within one year	10	63,989		67,905	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			3,363,002		3,059,052
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			4,326,350		4,022,400
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	12		50,040		50,040
Share premium Retained earnings	13 13		3,580 <u>4,272,730</u>		3,580 <u>3,968,780</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			4,326,350		4,022,400
Company's profit for the financial year			303,950		288,683

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 18 September 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs S Clark - Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

Share capital	Retained earnings	Share Premium	Fair value reserve	Non- Controlling interest	Total equity
£	£	£	£	£	£
50,040	3,239,960	3,580	1,687,126	267,339	5,248,045
-	246,064	-	-	110,129	356,193
-	(13,975)	-	11,180	2,795	-
-	-		-	(103,120)	(103,120)
50,040	3,472,049	3,580	1,698,306	277,143	5,501,118
-	810,579	-	-	309,214	1,119,793
-	(741,625)	-	741,625	-	-
	-	-	-	(106,054)	(106,054)
50,040	3,541,003	3,580	2,439,931	480,303	6,514,857
	50,040 50,040	capital earnings £ £ 50,040 3,239,960 - 246,064 - (13,975) 50,040 3,472,049 - 810,579 - (741,625)	capital earnings Premium £ £ £ 50,040 3,239,960 3,580 - 246,064 - - (13,975) - - - - 50,040 3,472,049 3,580 - 810,579 - - (741,625) - - - -	capital earnings Premium reserve £ £ £ £ 50,040 3,239,960 3,580 1,687,126 - 246,064 - - - (13,975) - 11,180 - - - - 50,040 3,472,049 3,580 1,698,306 - 810,579 - - - (741,625) - 741,625 - - - -	Share capital capital capital capital Retained earnings Share Premium Fair Value reserve Controlling interest £ £ £ £ £ £ 50,040 3,239,960 3,580 1,687,126 267,339 - 246,064 - - 110,129 - (13,975) - 11,180 2,795 - - (103,120) 50,040 3,472,049 3,580 1,698,306 277,143 - 810,579 - - 309,214 - (741,625) - 741,625 - - - (106,054)

Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Total equity £
Balance at 24 March 2017	50,040	3,680,097	3,580	3,733,717
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Balance at 23 March 2018	50,040	288,683 3,968,780	3,580	288,683 4,022,400
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		303,950		303,950
Balance at 23 March 2019	50,040	4,272,730	3,580	4,326,350

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities	S		
Cash generated from operations	i	72,409	158,273
Paid to minority interest		(106,054)	(103,120)
Tax paid		(70,315)	(70,569)
rax paid		<u> </u>	(70,000)
Net cash from operating activities		(103,960)	(15,416)
rect days from operating doubled			(10,110)
Cash flows from investing activities	•		
Interest received		_	22
1110100110001100		 .	
Net cash from investing activities		_	22
riot oden from frivodning dottvided			
(Decrease)/increase in cash and ca	sh equivalents	(103,960)	(15,394)
Cash and cash equivalents at		(,,	(,,,,,,,,
beginning of year	ii	307,005	322,399
		331,000	,
			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of	of		
year	ii	203,045	307,005
,	••		

Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

i. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

Profit before taxation Gain on revaluation of fixed assets Finance income	2019 £ 1,300,399 (850,000)	2018 £ 411,791 - (22)
Increase in trade and other debtors Increase in trade and other creditors	450,399 (403,292) 25,302	411,769 (261,399) 7,903
Cash generated from operations	72,409	158,273

ii. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts:

Year	ended	23 N	larch	2019

	23.3.19 £	24.3.18 £
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>203,045</u>	<u>307,005</u>
Year ended 23 March 2018		
	23.3.18	24.3.17
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>307,005</u>	<u>322,399</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Canadian & Portland Estates PLC is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value.

Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest whole £1.

The functional currency of the group and the company is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the group and company operates. The consolidated financial statements are also presented in pounds sterling.

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements to the company and all group undertakings. These are adjusted, where appropriate, to conform to group accounting policies. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method and goodwill on consolidation is capitalised and written off over its useful economic life. The results of companies acquired or disposed of are included in the profit and loss account after or up to the date that control passes respectively. As a consolidated profit and loss account is published, a separate profit and loss for the parent company is omitted from the group financial statements by virtue of s408 of the Companies Act 2006. The accounts can be obtained from 76 New Bond Street, London W1S 1RX.

Joint ventures

The company is involved in one joint venture. The full asset and income is brought into the accounts with a deduction for the JV partner shown as a Minority Interest charge.

Going concern

The group's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Strategic Report.

The directors have prepared detailed cash flow forecasts and valuation projections which they believe are based upon reasonable assumptions. These forecasts show that the group can meet its obligations as they fall due for at least 12 months and thus the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

Significant judgements and estimates

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (which are dealt with separately below), that the directors have made in the process of applying the company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Valuation of Investment Property

Investment property, which is freehold, was revalued to fair value at 23 March 2019, based on a valuation undertaken by Samantha Clark, director and a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyor, with recent experience in the location and class of the investment property being valued.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Turnover

Turnover represents net rents receivable from tenants. Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant leases.

Profit on the sale of properties is recognised on the exchange of contracts provided that, if the exchange is conditional, all material conditions have been satisfied by the date the financial statements are approved and there are no foreseeable circumstances which might prevent the completion of contracts and/or the physical handover of the properties concerned.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Deferred tax relating to investment property is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to sale of the asset.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Financial assets

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of an impairment is the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired financial assets to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to the revised carrying amount being higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial instruments are classified as liabilities and equity instruments according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Trade, group and other creditors (including accruals) payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Where the arrangement with a creditor constitutes a financing transaction, the creditor is initially measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar instrument and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and other similar charges.

Reduced disclosures

In accordance with FRS 102, the company has taken advantage of the exemptions from the following disclosure requirements as a qualifying entity:

- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' Presentation of a Statement of Cash Flow and related notes and disclosures.
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues' Carrying amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial instrument details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches, details of hedges, hedging fair value changes recognised in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income.
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures' Compensation for key management personnel. The financial statements of the company are included within these financial statements of Canadian & Portland Estates PLC.

3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the group.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

United Kingdom	2019 £ <u>601,187</u>	£ 538,500
	601,187	538,500

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

There were no staff costs for the year ended 23 March 2019 nor for the year ended 23 March 2018.

The average number of employees during the year was as follows:

Group and Company Directors	5	5
	2019 £	2018
Directors' remuneration		

2018

2010

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

5. TAXATION

Analy	ysis	of	the	tax	charg	дe
-------	------	----	-----	-----	-------	----

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

The tax only of the profit for the year was as follows.	2019 £	2018 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax	72,231	66,778
Deferred tax	108,375	_(11,180)
Tax on profit	180,606	55,598

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit before tax	2019 £ 1,300,399	2018 £ 411,880
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%)	247,076	78,257
Effects of: Group relief claim Deferred tax movement Timing differences	- 108,375 (13,345)	(17,238) (11,180) 5,759
Investment property revaluation Total tax charge	(161,500) 180,606	<u>55,598</u>

6. INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

	Long leasehold £
COST OR VALUATION At 24 March 2018	3 150 000
Revaluations	3,150,000 850,000
Revaluations	850,000
At 23 March 2019	4,000,000
7 (25 Marsh 25 15	
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 23 March 2019	4,000,000
	
At 23 March 2018	3,150,000

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS – continued

The valuations of the investment properties at the balance sheet date were valued by a director, who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors with recent experience in the location and class of the investment property being valued.

On a historical cost basis, the group's investment properties would be been included at an original cost of £1,264,710 (2018: £1,264,710).

8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Company

Company	Shares in group undertakings £
COST OR VALUATION At 24 March 2018 and 23 March 2019	963,348
NET BOOK VALUE At 23 March 2019	963,348
At 23 March 2018	<u>963,348</u>
Cost or valuation at 23 March 2019 is represented by:	Shares in group undertakings £
Valuation in 2019	963,348

The group or the company's investments at the Statement of Financial Position date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Subsidiaries

Canadian	&	Portland	Develo	pments	Limited
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Registered office: 76 New Bond Street, London, W1S 1RX

Nature of business: Dormant

O	%		
Class of shares:	holding		
Ordinary	100.00		
•		2019	2018
		£	£
Aggregate capital and reserves		ີ າ	~ 2
Aggregate capital and reserves			
Observat Description 1 to 14			
Chapel Properties Limited			,
Registered office: 76 New Bond Street, Lond Nature of business: dormant	lon, W1S 1RX		
	%		
Class of shares:			
	holding		
Ordinary	100.00		
		2019	2018
		£	£
Aggregate capital and reserves		2,178	2,178
		2,170	•
Loss for the year		· -	(28,733)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

8. **FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued**

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Registered office: 76 New Bond Street, London, W1S 1RX

Nature of business: Dormant

%

Class of shares:

holding

Ordinary

100.00

Aggregate capital and reserves

2019 £ (30,211)

2019 £

2018 £

(30,211)

Felixstowe Joint Venture

Registered office: 76 New Bond Street, London, W1S 1RX

Nature of business: Property

%

Class of shares:

holding 75.00

n/a

2018

Aggregate capital and reserves

£ 2,000,262 1,170,918 1,301,378 440,522

Profit for the year

9. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	222,223	192,337	-	-
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,583,502	2,210,007	2,594,809	2,209,224
Other debtors	-	-	672,296	672,296
VAT	-	-	107	-
Prepayments and accrued income	<u>126,876</u>	126,965		
	2,932,601	2,529,309	3,267,212	2,881,520

10. **CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Trade creditors	12,295	-	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	50,000	50,000	-	18,127
Tax	63,989	62,073	63,989	49,778
VAT	24,593	23,786	· -	· _
Accruals and deferred income	159,303	159,303	-	_
Accrued expenses	4,070	3,050		
	314,250	298,212	63,989	67,905

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

11. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	Gr	oup
	2019 £	2018 £
Deferred tax	306,539	186,984
	306,539	186,984
Group		Deferred tax

Balance at 24 March 2018
Provided during year

186,984
108,375

Balance at 23 March 2019 <u>306,539</u>

Deferred tax arises in respect of the revaluation of property after indexation.

12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

 Number:
 Class:
 Nominal value:
 2019
 2018

 50,040
 Ordinary
 £1
 50,040
 50,040

13. RESERVES

The Group's and Company's other reserves are as follows:

The retained earnings reserve represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

The share premium reserve contains the premium arising on issue of equity shares, net of issue expenses.

The fair value reserve represents the cumulative effect of revaluations of freehold land and buildings which are revalued to fair value at each reporting date.

14. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

The minority interest is a 25% interest in the long leasehold property. The 25% minority holding is held by CJ Bourne (Asset Management) Limited.

15. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate and ultimate parent company is Canadian & Portland Estates (Holdings) Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. Consolidated financial statements are prepared by this entity and copies can be obtained from the registered office at 76 New Bond Street, London, W1S 1RX.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 23 March 2019

16. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Transactions between group entities which have been eliminated on consolidation are not disclosed within the financial statements.

17. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

There is no individual controlling party.

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

, and the second se	2019	2018
	£	£
Financial Instruments		
Measured at fair value through profit or loss- Investment		
properties (see note 7)	4,000,000	3,150,000
Measured at undiscounted amount receivable- Trade and other	.,000,000	5,.00,000
debtors (see note 9)	222,223	192,337
	•	•
- Amounts due from group undertakings (see note 9)	2,583,502	2,210,007
•		
	6,805,725	5,552,344
Financial liabilities		
Measured at undiscounted amount payable- Trade and other		
creditors (see note 10)	100,877	85,859
	· ·	
- Amounts owed to group undertakings (see note 10)	50,000	50,000
	450.077	405.050
	150,877	135,859