The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments** Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use		

Company Number

01665606

Name of Company

TTG Europe Pic

Ŋ We Henry Anthony Shinners 25 Moorgate London EC2R 6AY

Panos Papas 25 Moorgate London EC2R 6AY

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Smith & Williamson LLP

25 Moorgate London EC2R 6AY

t Room

Ref TT006/PP3/AK/JP

QIQ

10/05/2012

COMPANIES HOUSE

Software Supplied by Turnkey Computer Technology Limited Glasgow

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

TTG Europe Plc

Company Registered Number

01665606

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

24 October 2006

Date to which this statement is

brought down

23 April 2012

Name and Address of Liquidator

Henry Anthony Shinners 25 Moorgate

London EC2R 6AY Panos Papas 25 Moorgate London EC2R 6AY

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	787,695 38
24/10/2011 24/10/2011 24/10/2011 25/10/2011 05/12/2011 05/03/2012 09/03/2012 09/03/2012 24/03/2012 01/04/2012	Nabarro LLP 24 4 10 Nabarro LLP 21 8 06 Dechert LLP 21 8 06 Rev Ent S&W Ltd 11 2 11 Barclays Bank Plc Barclays Bank Plc H M Revenue & Customs H M Revenue & Customs Dept of Trade Dept of Trade	Brought Forward Bank Interest Gross Bank Interest Gross Cash at Bank Liquidator's Fees Bank Interest Gross Bank Interest Gross Corporation Tax Interest from HMRC re CT DTI Interest Gross DTI Interest Gross	787,695 38 88,909 69 34,710 29 4,274 33 37,249 50 0 11 0 03 894 26 9 52 929 02 10 54
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Carried Forward	954,682 67

Disbursemer	nts		
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	681,802 16
24/10/2011 24/10/2011 24/10/2011 24/10/2011 25/10/2011 10/11/2011 10/11/2011 10/11/2012 16/01/2012 16/01/2012 23/01/2012 23/01/2012 23/02/2012 23/02/2012 23/02/2012 24/03/2012 01/04/2012	Rev Ent Nabarro LLP 24 4 10 Dechert LLP 21 8 06 Dechert LLP 21 8 06 Rev Ent Dechert LLP 24 11 06 Smith & Williamson Ltd 11 2 11 Smith & Williamson Ltd 11 2 11 Pitmans LLP DTI Payment Fee Dept of Trade Pitmans LLP DTI Payment Fee Courts Advertising Ltd Courts Advertising Ltd Courts Advertising Ltd DTI Payment Fee J G Collection Services J G Collection Services DTI Payment Fee Dept of Trade Dept of Trade Dept of Trade Dept of Trade	Brought Forward Pension Settlement Legal Fees Irrecoverable VAT Pension Settlement Liquidator's Fees Administrators Fees Legal Fees VAT Receivable DTI Cheque Fees DTI Banking Fees Legal Fees VAT Receivable DTI Cheque Fees Statutory Advertising VAT Receivable DTI Cheque Fees Storage Costs VAT Receivable DTI Cheque Fees Corporation Tax DTI Banking Fees Corporation Tax	681,802 16 88,909 69 10,000 00 1,750 00 27,234 62 13,093 52 24,155 98 4,152 00 830 40 1 00 23 00 2,429 00 485 80 1 00 675 50 135 10 1 00 1,224 00 244 80 2 13 2 11
		Carried Forward	857,360 48

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 954,682 67 857,360 48
	Balance £	97,322 19
This balance is made up as follows 1 Cash in hands of liquidator 2 Balance at bank 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 1,175 13 96,147 06
 Amounts invested by liquidator Less The cost of investments realised Balance Accrued Items 	£ 0 00 0 0 00	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		97,322 19

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

	<i>←</i>
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	
including the holders of floating charges)	1,809,317 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	0 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	0 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Intercompany debtors (value uncertain) and funds held in an escrow a/c £750K

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Realisation of the inter company debtors and funds held in the escrow account

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

One year